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User manual

User Manual ComBricks

Monitoring, Networking and Control



PROFIBUS data hub for repeaters and fiber optic modules Transparent for all PROFIBUS DP protocols ProfiTrace for monitoring 4 networks Drives 32 modules (10 communication modules) Hot swap Powerful web server 100 Mbps Ethernet 12 Mbps PROFIBUS DIN-rail IP 20

Safety Guidelines

This manual contains notices which you should observe to ensure your own personal safety, as well as to protect the product and connected equipment. These notices are highlighted in the manual by a warning sign and are marked as follows according to the level of danger:



Draws your attention to important information on handling the product, a particular part of the documentation or the correct functioning of the product.

Warning

This device and its components may only be used for the applications described in this manual and only in connection with devices or components that comply with PROFIBUS and RS-485 interface. This product can only function correctly and safely if it is transported, stored, set up, installed, operated and maintained as recommended. ComBricks is a CE class A product. In a domestic environment it may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Warranty

Warranty is void if you open ComBricks.

Qualified Technicians

Only qualified technicians should be allowed to install and work with this equipment. Qualified technicians are defined as persons who are authorized to commission, to ground, to tag circuits and systems in accordance with established safety practices and standards. It is recommended that the technicians carry a Certified PROFIBUS Installer or Certified PROFIBUS Engineer certificate.

Disclaimer of Liability

We have checked the contents of this manual as much as possible. Since deviations cannot be precluded entirely, we cannot guarantee full agreement. However, the content in this manual is reviewed regularly and necessary corrections will be included in subsequent editions. Suggestions for improvements are welcome.

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Important information

Purpose of the Manual

This user manual provides information how to work with ComBricks.

Recycling and Disposal

The parts of the ComBricks can be recycled. For further information about environment-friendly recycling and the procedure for disposing of your old equipment, please contact:

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1 Product description

1.1 Introduction

ComBricks[™] - The first PROFIBUS and PROFINET-based automation system that unites network components, permanent monitoring with ProfiTrace and remote I/O.

ComBricks is a modular system that allows a mix of automation components on a backplane. Repeater modules can be inserted next to a PROFIBUS slave and at the same time, in a web browser over Ethernet, the condition of the installation can be remotely inspected with ProfiTrace OE.



1.2 Application areas

- Remote maintenance station with ProfiTrace OE
- Modular repeater backbone with hot swap
- Transparent data hub (repeaters, fiber optic, RS-485-IS, DP slave, PROFINET, etc.)



1.3 Product features

- Drives 32 modules (10 high-speed modules)
- Wide range of modules available
- Hot swap and extendible
- Powerful web server

- ProfiTrace OE for monitoring 4 networks
- Multi-language
- DIN-rail mounting
- IP 20

1.4 Modular PROFIBUS repeaters

The current trend in PROFIBUS projects is to use segmentation with repeaters, fiber optic and ProfiHubs to bridge the common faults of the end-user concerning his cabling difficulties. ComBricks adds another important element; the creation of modular and random repeater hubs which can be maintained remotely with a permanent internal ProfiTrace (see **Fig. 1**).

ComBricks is based on a backplane which can hold up to 10 hot swap repeater modules. Each module has one or two channels (so a total of max 20 galvanic isolated transparent segments). Every channel can handle 31 PROFIBUS stations and maximum 1200 m cable length (depends on the baudrate). **Fig. 2** illustrates some configurations.

Each channel has a fail-safe circuit which ensures that the remainder of the PROFIBUS network continues to operate correctly and that the availability of the installation remains optimal.

The connection of the bus cable allows for a high degree of flexibility as the repeater modules contain both a 9pin and screw connector.

It is possible to dynamically exchange equipment during operation. ComBricks is ideal for flow meters, pH analysers, actuators, drives and especially motor control centres that make use of drawer systems.



Fig. 1 - Latest trend in segmentation



Fig. 2 - Repeater configuration examples

1.4.1 Cable Redundancy

The bus redundancy technology of the repeater modules is very advanced. A redundant system can be built using 10 parallel cables. This architecture provides extremely high availability. Most suppliers only allow 2 cables (see **Fig. 3**).



Fig. 3 - Redundancy configuration example

1.4.2 Comparison between ProfiHub and ComBricks

•	One	•	Modular
	component	٠	Multi
•	PROFIBUS		interface
•	RS-485	•	Multi
	only		network
•	Easy	٠	ProfiTrace
	installation		OE
•	IP 65	٠	Asset
	version		management
•	Low cost	٠	Light weight

1.4.3 Typical applications

- Repeaters with permanent ProfiTrace
- Removable drives and motors
- Star, tree and bus structured networks
- Motor control centers (drawers)
- Redundancy for high availability
- EMC vulnerable applications
- Spur lines
- Isolator for sensitive devices

1.5 ProfiTrace OE - Remote monitoring in a web browser

Permanent and simultaneous monitoring of 4 PROFIBUS networks is a powerful feature of ComBricks. Global projects and a shortage of (qualified) technical staff members are causing significant capacity problems. ComBricks offers a solution by remotely monitoring PROFIBUS installations over the Internet and alerting the user by email.

The user can simply connect surrounding PROFIBUS networks and every network can be set to a unique baudrate. The modular technology of ComBricks enables the network to be monitored when multiple repeater modules are installed. All transparent messages from the backplane are constantly analysed.

Up to 10 Repeater modules with 2 channels each (20 galvanic isolated segments in total) can be inserted into the backplane. Using DIP switches or the web server, repeater modules can be assigned to a network group. This ensures isolated communication from the repeaters which are assigned to other network groups; the networks are not combined or connected in any way. Only the Head Station can see all networks groups.

1.5.1 Web server

A web server with a ProfiTrace shell visualizes the information in an understandable format (ProfiTrace OE). Because of the web browser, additional software is NOT required and a constant connection with a PC to the ComBricks is NOT necessary.



The monitoring and logging is performed by the repeater modules which are inserted in the backplane. ComBricks is the first system that has integrated a busmonitor in network components. Deploying ComBricks repeaters for regular automation means automatic availability of ProfiTrace OE.

1.5.2 Email

Email messages provide real-time alerts in the event of detected faults in the PROFIBUS communication. These email alerts are easy to set up in the web server.

1.5.3 Channel List

A brand new functionality within ProfiTrace OE is the Channel List. It gives a detailed overview of all repeater channels (segments) and all connected stations.

1.5.4 Comparison between ComBricks and ProfiTrace 2

The application area for ComBricks (ProfiTrace OE) compared to ProfiTrace 2 is completely different. ProfiTrace OE should be seen as a watchdog and ProfiTrace 2 as the mobile analyzer to do on-site work.

•	USB (power	•	Ethernet /
	supply)		Internet
•	Mobile	•	Permanent
•	Software		installation
		•	Web
•	C1 Master		server
•	Triggers and		
	filters	٠	Multi
•	Large file		network
	recording		monitor
•	Reporting	•	Multi
•	Fast		access
		•	Email and
			Log

1.5.5 Offshore applications

With satellite internet offshore PROFIBUS networks can be remotely monitored. Emails can inform the mainland about the status of the installation.

These applications simplify maintenance and eliminate the hassle to fly an expert over to fix a possible problem. On the LAN local technicians can also monitor the networks.



Fig. 4 - Offshore applications

1.5.6 Mining applications

Because of the depth, gasses and inaccessible areas, ComBricks is required to keep the control room and the experts on a distance to monitor the PROFIBUS installations.

Multiple WLAN routers can bring Ethernet up to the surface.

With DTM technology the devices can also be diagnosed and parameterized.



Fig. 5 - Mining applications

1.5.7 Robot cells

Robot cells are hazardous environments with many safety zones. Crossing a safety border can cause a machine shutdown and restarting can take a long time. Measuring PROFIBUS remotely decreases costs and improves human safety.



Fig. 6 - Robot cells

1.5.8 Logistics

In demanding high-speed applications, ComBricks is ideal. The technician does not have to touch the installation and can measure the network from a distance. This is also convenient if the installation is behind a high-security zone such as baggage handling systems at airports, or parcel handling systems.



Fig. 7 - Baggage handling or parcel systems

1.5.9 Traffic control

When distance and downtime are critical factors, ComBricks can be very helpful. Difficult to reach speed indicators above the highway can be monitored from the road-side control cabinet, or even from the control room.



Fig. 8 - Traffic control applications

1.5.10 Cranes

Many harbour cranes use PROFIBUS. There cranes are huge and sometimes hard to reach. The whole crane can be monitored remotely, which is especially useful if the crane is equipped with a WIFI connection.



Fig. 9 - Crane applications

1.5.11 Other applications

- Cross border installations
- Water treatment
- Long commissioning and test cycles
- 24-7 service contracts

1.6 Output control

Relay- and digital output modules can be configured to respond directly to bus problems, such as bus voltage too low, retries, syncs, master lost, diagnostics, etc.

This offers a multitude of applications to directly and independently act on the machinery when the bus communication becomes unreliable. Especially when safety, human lives or the environment are at stake.

Power switches, hold switches, indicators, backup systems and LED towers are a few examples of machine parts that can be hooked up to the relays. ComBricks is the only monitoring product that has the capability to respond directly on the hardware with multiple relays.



Fig. 10 - Output control

- The Head Station already contains 1 relay.
- The relays can also be configured to be switched manually or on time.

1.7 CommDTM

The FREE ComBricks CommDTM offers FDT 1.2 based asset management tools a powerful Ethernet passthrough to access PROFIBUS devices which are connected on ComBricks repeater modules.

Up to firmware version 1.301, the internal DP-V1 class 2 masters are able to drive 2 out of 4 networks. When a CommDTM connection is closed, the user can enter another network. The 2 active networks are managed by 1 or 2 PC Ethernet connections. Since version 1.301 this has changed to one master. The other master is used for the diagnostic slave Master (see 4.4 and 4.14).

The CommDTM provides the same auto baudrate detection facilities as the famous ProfiCaptain. It detects all busparameters before it goes online. An available master address is required.



Fig. 11 - CommDTM structure

2 Quick start

2.1 Quick start checklist

This checklist lists all the steps to a quick usage of ComBricks.

STEP 1:	Provide the Head Station with the latest firmware.	(7)	
STEP 2:	Prepare the backplane with the amount of required backplane units.	(2.2)	
STEP 3:	Click the assembled backplane on the DIN-rail.	(2.2)	
STEP 4:	Insert the Head Station in the most left slot.	(2.3)	
STEP 5:	Insert the other modules in the remaining slots.	(2.3)	
STEP 6:	Configure the repeater modules to their appropriate networks.	(2.4)	
STEP 7:	Wire the repeater modules with PROFIBUS cables.	(2.5)	
STEP 8:	Power the Head Station.	(2.6)	
ComBricks units with Head Stations type 1A are now operational and no further steps have to be taken. For type 1B and 1C Head Stations proceed with the next steps.			
STEP 9:	Insert an Ethernet cable in the Head Station.		
STEP 10:	Set the IP address to the required value.	(2.7 + 2.8)	
ComBrick autonom through	ks units with Head Stations type 1B and 1C are now operational, ProfiTrace OE is nously logging PROFIBUS events. After these basic steps ComBricks can be further the web server.	configured	
STEP 11:	Checking the modules and administrative info in the web server.	(2.9)	
STEP 12:	Testing ProfiTrace OE on the PROFIBUS installation.	(2.10)	

2.2 Prepare the backplane

Click the fixed backplane on the DIN-rail and add additional backplane units to the right side if required (see **Paragraph 3.3** and **3.4**).

2.3 Insert modules

Insert the required modules in the slots of the fixed backplane (see **Paragraph 3.6**). The Head Station with the red front plate should be placed in the most left slot (with the large connector). Place the other modules in the remaining slots. The slots have a polarity and can only be inserted one way.

2.4 Configure the repeater modules

Configure the repeater modules to their appropriate networks. This can be done with the dipswitches located at the front of the module (see **Paragraph 3.10.1**) or with the software settings in the web server (see **Paragraph 4.6**).

2.5 Wire the repeater modules

Connect the PROFIBUS cables to the repeater modules (see **Paragraph 3.11**).

2.6 Power the Head Station

Provide a 24 VDC power supply to the Head Station through one of its 2 power connectors (see **Paragraph 3.8**).

2.7 Customizing the IP number through the web server

The default IP address of the Head Station is **192.168.1.254**. Follow the steps below to customize the IP address of the Head Station:

- **STEP 1:** Insert an Ethernet cable in the Head Station which is connected to the enterprise LAN or directly to the PC.
- **STEP 2:** Make sure the IP address of your PC is on the same subnet as the switch (192.168.1.xxx)
- **STEP 3:** Open your web browser and enter 192.168.1.254 in the address field. This is default IP address of the ComBricks.
- **STEP 4:** The web server of the ComBricks will appear.
- **STEP 5:** Click in the menu on the left on "IP config".
- **STEP 6:** Update the IP settings and confirm it by clicking on "Save" (see Fig. 12).
- **STEP 7:** The web page will now reload with the new IP address.

COMbricks - Procentec - Windows Internet Explorer CUrrent IP address: 9C:B2:06:00:02:18 System uptime: 0 days, 0:45:31 Company: 0il and Gas Company Status System Log ProfiTrace OE: Live List Meddresses ProfiTrace OE: Live List Meddresses Profitrace OE: Live List Meddresses Profitrace OE: Live List Meddresse Profitrace OE: Meddresses Profitrace OE: Meddresse Profitrace OE: Meddresses Profitrace OE: Meddresse Profitrace Profit							
C C C A Market State Sta							
🔆 Favorites 🛛 🏭 COMbricks - Procente	c						
PROCENTEC	Current IP address	MAC address:	9C:B2:06	:00:02:18	System uptim	ne: 0 days, 0:45:31	
COUDRICKS	Company: Oil and Gas Con	npany	Tempe	rature: 39°C	System time:	31-Mar-2011 22:01:15	
• <u>Status</u>	IP configurati	ion		Tick this ch	eckbox	New IP address +	
• <u>System Loq</u>				II DHCP IS I	equireu	other settings	
ProfiTrace OE:	IP addresses						
• Live List	Enable DHCP:						
<u>Statistics</u>	IP address:				192.168.1.230		
Message recording Network event Log	Netmask:	Netmask:					
Configuration:	Default gateway:	Default gateway:					
<u>General config</u>	DNS server:					208.67.222.222	
<u>Device management</u>							
• IP config	Link						
<u>Password config</u> Network config	Notification link:					*	
<u>E-mail account config</u>	*) Please provide a hyperlink	(starting with http://) wh	ich direct	ly leads to this COM	Ibricks website.	It will be sent along with	
• <u>User message</u>	notifications to the user, such	as E-mails, and allows ea	asy acces	s to this device.			
• Event config	Save						
Update license							

Fig. 12 - Customizing the IP address in the web server

The Notification link name is included in the event emails so that the user can directly jump to the specific ComBricks unit without knowing its local IP number. An example is: www.boiler5.oag.com. The router of the network or the internet server has to reroute this name to an IP number.

2.8 Customizing the IP number through the Discovery Tool

The ComBricks Discovery Tool can be downloaded from www.ComBricks.com.

After start-up all the available ComBricks units can be discovered and directly customized with the required IP address (see **Fig. 13**).

The Discovery Tool works on an enterprise LAN, WLAN and with a direct cable between ComBricks and PC.

If you are not sure which ComBricks you are customizing, the LEDs can be flashed with a button in the Discovery tool (flashing). The LEDs will blink for 5 seconds to give the user a visual confirmation.



Fig. 13 - ComBricks Discovery Tool



It is recommended to have only one network interface connection active (only wireless or only wired). In some cases the Discovery tool does not list all the ComBricks units when multiple network interfaces are active.

2.9 Checking the modules and the administrative info in the web server

After customizing the IP address, the modules can be checked in the web server. Click on "Status" to see an overview of the available modules and their respective description + version numbers (see **Fig. 14**).

Modules can be inserted and removed during operation. A change in hardware should be directly visible in the Status screen.

On the top of the screen the administrative info is also visible (see **Fig. 14**). If the administrative information has to be altered, it can be done by clicking on "General config".

On the bottom of the screen the connected clients with this ComBricks are displayed.

All connections are listed here:

- Web connections
- FTP connections
- CommDTM connections
- Telnet connections
- ProfiTrace Streaming connections



Fig. 14 - Overview of the available modules

2.10 Testing ProfiTrace OE on the PROFIBUS installation

When the repeaters are wired to the PROFIBUS installation, ProfiTrace OE can be tested in the web server.

Click on "Live List" and the respective networks. A Live List with devices should appear (see Fig. 15).

COMbricks - Procentec - Windows	Internet I	Explorer									
🕞 💽 🗢 🌉 http://192.168.1.230/											
COMbricks - Procentec 🛛 🗙											
PROCENTEC	IP addr	ress: 192.1	58.1.230	MA				System up	time: 0 days	, 0:20:50	
COMPANY	Site: Boiler 5				Monitoring 4		c	System tin	ne: 1-Jul-20	11 13:26:26	,
	Compa	ny: Oil and	92.168.1.230 Ma Monitoring 4 networks System uptime: 0 days, 0:20:50 5 System time: 1-Jul-2011 13:26:26 System time: 1-Jul-2011 13:26:26 I and Gas Company b Alaska st b Alaska st b Alaska st b Alaska st b Reserve Tank 1 Reserve Tank 2 S Mbps S S 6 7 8 9 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 12 Heitdennäin Encoder 14 NORGREN 16 17 18 19 1 1 2 23 34 35 FIZ003 3 38 39 1 1 2 23 54 BPS34 38 39 38 39 34								
<u>Status</u>	Live	list									
<u>System loq</u>		- 1130	-1	T 1.0			TIA				0
ProfiTrace OE:		Tank 1		Tank 2		Reserv	e Tank 1		Res	erve Tank	2
• Live list	Baud r	ate: 1.5 Mb	ps								
<u>Statistics</u>	Model	Name	-	Reset Live list	t						
Message recording		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<u>Network event Log</u>	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	0
Event config		0		- L	Heidenhain	•	VM10	0	,		
Special modules:	10	10	11	12	Encoder	14	NORGREN	16	17.	18	19
Oscilloscope images	20	20	21	22	23	750-333 WAGO	25	26	GPL-DT4 LGIS	28	29
<u>Bargraph images</u>	30	30	31	750-333 WAGO	33	34	35	ET200S SIEMENS	3	38	39
Oscilloscope config	40	40	41	42	43	- 44	45	46	47	48	49
Configuration:	50	50	51	52	53	54	BPS34	56			
<u>General contig</u>							LEUZE		Sim	ilar Live L	ist as
<u>Network config</u>	60	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	F	rofilrace	2
• IP config	70	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
Password config	80	80	81	82	ILBPBAI4AO	84	85	86	87	88	89

Fig. 15 - ProfiTrace OE Live List

See **Chapter 5** for more information on how to use ProfiTrace OE.

2.11 Resetting the Head Station

By means of the "Menu Nav" switch on the front of the Head Station (see **Fig. 16**), ComBricks can be reset, warm started or loaded with configuration data. Please follow the procedure described in **Paragraph 6.5**.

The following selections are possible:

- Read settings from SD card
- Save settings on SD card
- Clear password
- Reset to factory defaults
- Warm start



Fig. 16 - Menu-switch

3 Installation instructions

3.1 Location

ComBricks can be installed everywhere in a non-hazardous area that complies with IP 20 (DIN 40 050) and a specified maximum operating temperature of +60° Celsius. Avoid placing two ComBricks sets above each other; the generated heat of the lower set will add to the ambient temperature for the upper set. Furthermore, make sure the generated heat can disperse by using forced ventilation or active cabinet cooling.

ress: 9	C:B2+06+00+09+DE	
	Temperature: 39°C	
	Country:	Th

Please note: the temperature displayed in the webserver is the temperature *inside* the Head Station, not the ambient temperature.

3.2 Position

ComBricks can only be installed horizontally, with the cables pointing down. In this position the generated heat of the modules can escape through the grid in the top of the housing. It is also easier to read the status LEDs in the horizontal position.

3.3 Mounting and un-mounting backplane units

The backplane of the ComBricks has to be mounted on 35 mm DIN-rail with a minimum width of 50 mm to fit a fixed backplane for 2 modules.

Fig. 17 illustrates how to mount and dismount the backplane on and from the DIN-rail. For the un-mounting an appropriate screwdriver is required.



Fig. 17 - Mounting (pull-down + push)

Un-mounting (click tap + pull)

3.4 Adding backplane units

The additional backplane units as described in **Paragraph 3.3**. To merge them remove the plastic covers on the side of the backplane units that have to be merged. Push both backplane units together until no more movement is possible (see **Fig. 18**).



Do not add or remove backplane units while the backplane is powered! This can cause serious damage to the ComBricks set.



Fig. 18 - Adding backplane units

3.5 Detaching backplane units



Detaching backplane units is a delicate procedure that should be done according the description below and **Fig. 19** in order to prevent damages.



Do not add or remove backplane units while the backplane is powered! This can cause serious damage to the ComBricks set.

- **STEP 1:** Push the top arm down with a screwdriver and delicately pull the top of the backplane unit that has to be removed. The arm should now be unlocked.
- **STEP 2:** Push the bottom arm down with a screwdriver and delicately slide the bottom of the backplane that has to be removed. The arm should now be unlocked.
- **STEP 3:** Slide the backplane unit away from the section that remains.



Fig. 19 - Detaching backplane units

3.6 Inserting modules

Push and click the modules in the slots of the backplane (see Fig. 20).

The Head Station (with the red front plate) should be placed in the most left slot (with the largest connector) and the other modules in the remaining slots.

When the modules are inserted the correct way, a sharp clicking sound should be heard during the push.



Modules can be inserted during operation.



The slots have a polarity and fit only one way.



Fig. 20 - Inserting modules

3.7 Removing modules

To remove a module press the keys on both sides of the module (this has to be done with 2 hands). When both keys are pressed, pull the module out of the slot (see **Fig. 21**).

Modules can be removed during operation.



1 Slot between 2 modules can remain empty when modules are removed during operation. Modules at the end of the backplane can always be removed (1-by-1).



Fig. 21 - Removing modules

3.8 Wiring Ethernet

The Ethernet connector is located on the top-side of the Head Station. The connector contains LEDs that indicate linkup (green) and reception of data (orange).

It is recommended to use a cable/RJ45 plug with grounding/foil due to the nature of industrial applications.

The Ethernet interface complies with standard Ethernet guidelines. The maximum cable length from ComBricks to switch/device is 100 meter.



The MAC address is printed on the side of the Head Station.

Fig. 22 - Wiring Ethernet

3.9 Power Supply

The Head Station contains two 3-pin screw type power connectors on the bottom. If power redundancy is NOT required, either one can be used.

The layout is as follows (when the wires are pointing down):

1 = - (left)

```
2 = + (middle)
```

3 = **SH** (right)

The power supply must comply with the following specifications:

- Voltage: 10.8 .. 26.4 VDC
- Current: Min. 800 mA
- Wire diameter: < 2.5 mm²

3.9.1 Procedure

To connect the 24 VDC supply to the 3-pin screw-type terminal, proceed as follows:

STEP 1: Strip the insulation of the conductors of the 24 VDC power supply.

STEP 2: Secure the conductors in the screw-type terminal.

STEP 3: Insert the entire connector block in the power socket (see Fig. 23).

To connect the power supply a 3 mm screwdriver is required.

3.9.2 Testing and commissioning

If the power is switched ON it can be diagnosed by the following indicator procedure:

- All LEDs on the Head Station should be shortly ON.
- The RDY LED should be shortly Blinking.
- The SD LED should be ON (if an SD card is inserted).
- The RDY LED should be ON (also on other inserted Modules).



Fig. 23 - Head Station power supply

3.10 Configuring repeater modules

The repeaters can be configured using the dipswitches located at the front of the module or the web server.

3.10.1 Customizing the PROFIBUS network (NW0/NW1)

Set these dipswitches to the following positions to customize a network number for a specific PROFIBUS network.

NW0	NW1	Network
LEFT	LEFT	1
RIGHT	LEFT	2
LEFT	RIGHT	3
RIGHT	RIGHT	4



When software settings are preferred these dipswitches do not have to be set.

3.10.2 Redundancy (RED)

Set this dipswitch to enable the redundancy group for the channel.

RED	Redundancy
LEFT	OFF
RIGHT	ON



When software settings are preferred this dipswitch does not have to be set.
3.10.3 Hardware or software settings (H/S)

Set this switch to enable hardware (dipswitches) or software settings.

H/S	Settings
LEFT	Hardware
RIGHT	Software



When software is enabled, all switch settings are overruled. The settings are saved in the internal memory of the Head Station.



Fig. 24 - Dipswitches and LEDs of the repeaters

3.11 Wiring repeater modules

The PROFIBUS cable should be wired to the repeaters according to the PROFIBUS guidelines with suitable cable for the application you are using.

Regular and SCOPE repeater modules are equipped with screw terminals and a DB9 connector for the bus connection. Both are linked with each other, but it is not recommended to use them both¹.

Fig. 25 illustrates 4 recommended connection topologies for the repeater modules.



Fig. 25 - Repeater connection topologies (old modules only)

¹ Because of the PROFIBUS spur lines limitations it is not recommended to use the screw terminal simultaneously with the DB9 connector.

3.11.1 Screw terminals

- With a 1 channel repeater module, the channel is marked CH1.
- With a 2 channel repeater module, the channels are marked CH1 and CH2.



Since March 2014 the **1 Channel**, **2 Channel** and **Scope Repeater** modules are fitted with new, more robust screw terminals.

Old modules: The channels (CHx) have 2 screw terminals (IN and OUT, for the bus connection) and a termination switch.

Always use the 'IN' connector when the repeater module is the first or last on the segment. The termination should be set to ON (see **Fig. 25 - configuration A**).

New modules: The channels have 1 screw terminal and a termination switch. In most cases, the channel starts here so the termination must be set to 'ON'. If the channel is not the beginning, use the DB9 connector, see **paragraph 3.11.2**. Alternatively, use the dual ground clip (supplied with the new models) to install two cables in one screw terminal, see **Fig. 26**.

Only in configuration A of **Fig. 25** the on-board termination should be set to ON. In configurations B and D the repeater module is in the middle of the segment (OFF).

Pin layout of the screw terminals

Pin "A":Green wirePin "B":Red wirePin "SH":Cable shielding ORPin "I":Cable shielding



Fig. 26 - Use the Dual Ground Clip to connect two PROFIBUS cables in one screw terminal

3.11.2 DB9 connector

The bottom channel (CH1) is additionally equipped with a DB9 connector to offer an alternative connector for standard 9-pin PROFIBUS plugs (1-on-1 with the screw terminals).

When the DB9 connector is utilized and located at the end of the segment, it is recommended to use the termination on the DB9 connector and NOT on the repeater module (see **Fig. 25 - configuration C**)²



To connect the PROFIBUS cable to the repeater modules (screw terminals) a 2.5 mm screwdriver (max. 0.4 mm) is required.

3.11.3 Testing and commissioning

If the channel recognizes valid PROFIBUS messages from 1 or more connected devices, the RX LED of this channel should be blinking and ER should be OFF.

When the termination of a specific channels is set to ON, the SWx LED should be ON.

² The plug is the best place to activate the termination! When you remove the connector from the module you still have the termination in the plug which is attached to the bus cable. It is true that the termination is not powered by 5V (which is always required), but better an unpowered termination than nothing at all.

4 Web server

To access the web server of ComBricks, open your web browser and enter the IP address that has been setup (after purchase or reset the default IP address is <u>192.168.1.254</u>). In the Discovery Tool you can find a button to access the web server with the default Windows browser.



If a User password has been setup a screen will appear to login first in order to access the web server. If only the Administrator password has been setup it is not necessary to login to directly, but when settings are altered you must be logged in (See **Paragraph 4.9**).



Some web pages described in this manual are only accessible with certain Head Station types, licenses or firmware versions.

After the web page has been loaded, the pages of the web server can be browsed by clicking on the items in the menu on the left side of the screen. The next paragraphs will explain the primary web server pages.



The web server can handle 20 simultaneous client connections. When all 20 are utilized, the connection with the ComBricks could become relatively slow.

The minimum version requirements for Web browsers are:

- Firefox 2.0 (24 October 2006)
- Internet Explorer 6.0 (27 Augustus 2001)
- Google Chrome 1.0 (24 April 2009)

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4.1 Status

Head Stations:	1A, 1B, 1C
Firmware:	V1.140 and higher
Login:	User or Administrator

The 'Status' screen is the first web page that appears when the web server is accessed. This page gives an overview of the available modules and their respective description + version numbers (see **Fig. 27**).

Modules can be inserted and removed during operation. Changes in hardware should be directly visible in the Status screen.

The 'User message' with custom messages/info is also displayed here (see Fig. 27).

The "Measuring since …" time shows how long the unit has been recording data. It can be reset in the 'Device Management' menu (see paragraph **4.13.4**) with the 'Clear all data' function. This feature is available since Head Station version 1.302.

On the top of the screen the network and site info can be inspected (see Fig. 27).

On the bottom of the screen the connected clients with this ComBricks are visible (see Fig. 27).



Fig. 27 - Status screen

Most of the module types offer an individual status screen. Click on the link (name in the module column) and the respective web page will be displayed (see **Fig. 28**).

PROCENTEC	IP address: 192.168.1.250 MAC	address: 9C:B2:06:00:04	4:6A	System uptime: 0 d	ays, 1:25:49	
CObcicius	Site: PTK-J	Temperature	: 42°C	System time: 21-Mar-2013 15:20:29		
	Company: PROCENTEC		Country: T	he Netherlands		
• <u>Status</u> • <u>System log</u>	Head station status					
ProfiTrace OE:	Head station info					
• <u>Live list</u>	Vendor:	PROCENTEC				
• <u>Statistics</u>	Module type:	Head Station Type 1C				
• <u>Channel list</u>	Serial number:	001130				
• Message recording	Software revision:	V1.274				
• <u>Network event log</u>	Hardware revision:	V1.9				
• Event config	MAC address:	9C:B2:06:00:04:6A				
• <u>Tag-name config</u>	IP address:	192.168.1.250				
Special modules:	Device name:	Demo-COMbricks	Power re	edundancy status		
• Oscilloscope images	Power supply 1:	Connected				
Oscilloscope errors	Power supply 2:	Not connected		(
• <u>Bargraph images</u>	Micro SD-card present:	Yes			SD card status	
PA measurements	Micro SD-card capacity:	Total: 1.84 GB (free: 1.7	7 GB, used: 7	76.03 MB)	SD card status	
 Oscilloscope config 	Current consumption (ref: 5.75V):	1.74A @ 5.67V				
Configuration:	Temperature:	42°C				
• <u>General config</u>	Uptime:	0 days, 1:25:49				
<u>Network config</u>	Attached modules:	6	Current co	onsumed		
• <u>IP confiq</u>	System status:	ок	by the m	nodules		
• Password config	I/O status:	ок				
• E-mail account config						
• Device menses						

Fig. 28 - Example of a module status

4.2 Channel list

Head Stations:	1A, 1B, 1C
Firmware:	V1.152 and higher
Login:	User or Administrator

A helpful utility is the Channel list. This page visualizes a graphical overview of all stations in the network and to which network module they are connected. It is almost comparable with a logical topology scan (see **Fig. 29**).



Fig. 29 - Channel list

4.3 System log

Head Stations:	1A, 1B, 1C
Firmware:	V1.140 and higher
Login:	User or Administrator

The system log saves ComBricks events. When this page is accessed all the ComBricks events are displayed. It can be downloaded as text file and cleared/deleted (see **Fig. 30**). You cannot change the system log in the web server.

The 'System log' is;

- kept intact after a power down and continues its logs after a power-up.
- auto/live updating when this screen is accessed.
- **saved** on the SD card, every 15 minutes (since version 1.903. Version 1.902 and lower will save the System log every 2 hours).



Fig. 30 - System log

4.4 Diagnostic slave info

ComBricks can retrieve information from compatible ProfiHub Diagnostic slaves in the field. This is achieved by an internal master in the ComBricks Head Station. If this feature is set up correctly (see paragraph 4.14) and if a compatible ProfiHub has been automatically detected, the information of this ProfiHub Diagnostics slave is displayed as follows:

PROCENTEC ComBricks	ProfiHub d	iagnos	stic sla	ave inf	fo				
• <u>Status</u>	ProfiHub B5+RD (Ad	dress: 5, Ser	ial#: 2933)	 Clear 	selected dev	vice			Show overview
• <u>System log</u>	Diagnostic slave info								
• <u>Channel list</u>	Last undate:					24-1;	an-2019 12:4	8.52	
• <u>Diagnostic slave info</u>	Profibub type and serie	al number:				ProfiHub F	B5+RD (Seria	(#: 2933)	
ProfiTrace OE:	Profibub firmware vers	ion:					V2.0		
• <u>Live list</u>	Profihub diagnostic sla	ve address:					5		
<u>Statistics</u>	Connected to this Com	Bricks:				Network 1	(Module 1, C	(hannel 1)	
 <u>Message recording</u> 	Redundancy status:					Red	undancy not u	used	
<u>Network event log</u>	Power 1 connected:						Yes		
• E-mail & Log_event_config	Power 2 connected:						No		
<u>Output event config</u>									
<u>SNMP event config</u>	Alarm status:				Active due	e to the follo Power en	wing reason	n(s):	Reset alarm
• <u>Tag-name config</u>									
Special modules:									
<u>Oscilloscope images</u>									
Oscilloscope errors	POWER 1	O RACK O ERROR	O RACK O ERROR	O RACK O EPROR	O RROK O ERROR	O RXOK O ERROR	O RXOK O ERROR		
• Bargraph images	C HEADY	O INT.TERM	O INT.TERM	6 INT.TEAM	Ø INT.TERM	O INT.TERM	O INT.TERM		
Oscilloscope config									
Configuration:	ProfiHub								
• <u>General config</u>		•	•		•	•			
<u>Network config</u>	12:24VDC	TERIM.	TERM.	TERM.	TERM.	TERM. ON OFF	TERM.		
• <u>IP config</u>	$\overline{00000}$								
Password & user config	* * * * POW.1 POW.2	ABI	ABI	ABI	ABI	ABI	ABI		
• E-mail account config	* *	8 9	88	88	88	88	88		
Device management									
• <u>User message</u>	Termination:	Off	Off	On	On	On	On		7
 <u>Diagnostic slave config</u> 	Illegals:	1	0	6	0		0	Reset illegals	
<u>Update license</u>	Internal Diag slave	Main	Ch 1	Ch 2	Ch 3	Ch 4	Ch 5		
Not logged in.	5	1		0					
Login				4					
				14					
				24					
				34					
				44					
				- 34					

Fig. 31 - Information window of the Diagnostic slave

It displays the following information:

- Address of the Diagnostic slave
- Type and serial number of the Diagnostic slave
- Firmware version of the ProfiHub
- Connection to the channel and network number of the ComBricks
- Redundancy status of the ProfiHub
- Power status of the ProfiHub
- Alarm status (of the relay)
- Termination status of all channels
- Illegal count for all channels
- A live list of all channels

4.4.1 ProfiHub diagnostic slave overview

BBBBBBNTED								-				
CamBricko	IP address: 1	192.168.13.	237	MAC address: 9C:B2:06:0	0:06:D8	System uptime: 7 days, 18:55:24						
COMBRICKS	Site:	Site: Temperature: 44°C			ure: 44°C	System time: 21-Nov-2018 10:43:15						
<u>Status</u>	Company:				Country:							
• System log	ProfiH	uh dia	anosti	c slave info								
<u>Channel list</u>			g									
Diagnostic slave info								_				
ProfiTrace OF:							Show details	5				
Live list	Network	1										
Statistics	Report all als	arms of this r	atwork	Reset all ilegals of this net	work						Clear det	cted devices
Message recording	iteset al ac		ICUVOIR	Reset all llegals of this field	WORK						Cical dett	cied devices
Network event log	B5+RD devi	ces:							Ille	gals		
Email & Log event config	Address	Serial#	Firmware version	Tag-name	Alarm stat	us Timestamp	Main	Ch 1	Ch 2	Ch 3	Ch 4	Ch 5
Output event config	5	8270	V2.0		Inactive	21-Nov-2018 10:43:1	0 0	0	0	0	0	0
SNMP event config	20	13207	V2.0		Inactive	21-Nov-2018 10:43:1	2 0	0	0	0	0	0
• Tag-name config												
Constal and datase	B2+RD devi	ces:							Ille	gals		
Oscilloscono imagos	Address	Serial#	Firmware version	Tag-name	Alarm stat	us Timestamp	м	ain	C	11	c	h 2
Oscilloscope intages	22	2718	V2.0		Inactive	21-Nov-2018 10:43:1	4	0		0		0
Oschoscope errors												
Oscillassona config	B2FO2+RD	devices:							Ille	gals		
• Oschoscope coning	Address	Serial#	Firmware version	Tag-name	Alarm stat	ıs Timestamp	FO Ch	1	FO Ch 2	Ch 1		Ch 2
Configuration:	23	406	V2.0		Inactive	21-Nov-2018 10:43:0	в О		0	0		0
<u>General config</u>												
• Network config	D1+D device	25:							Ille	gals		
• <u>IP config</u>	Address	Serial#	Firmware	Tag-name	Alarm stat	ıs Timestamp		Ch 1			Ch 2	
Password & user config	21	1599	Version V2.0		Inactive	21-Nov-2018 10:43:1	2	0			0	
E-mail account config												
Device management												
• <u>User message</u>												
<u>Diagnostic slave config</u>												
<u>Update license</u>												
Not logged in.												
Login												

Fig. 32 - ProfiHub slave overview

A ProfiHub Diagnostic slave address is a clickable link in the overview (displayed above) to conveniently jump to the details of that Diagnostic slave. It can be used to determine on what channel a Diagnostic slave is connected if more Diagnostic slaves are installed in the network.

You can perform the following reset functions:

- Reset all alarms of all Diagnostic ProfiHubs in the network.
- Reset the illegals of all channels of all Diagnostic ProfiHubs in the network
- Clear all detected Diagnostic ProfiHubs, so that the list of Diagnostic ProfiHubs is repopulated.

4.5 General configuration

Head Stations:	1A, 1B, 1C
Firmware:	V1.140 and higher
Login:	Administrator

The basic settings of the ComBricks are customized on the 'General configuration' page. For optimal use of ProfiTrace OE, it is important that the time is synchronized and the site info is sufficiently filled in (see **Fig. 33**). If your ComBricks is connected to Internet or a local NTP server, use the NTP server synchronization for automatic date & time update. This keeps your ComBricks always set to the right time (this option is available in Head Station firmware v1.278 and up). If the ComBricks clock differs more than 10 seconds from the NTP clock, a line in the system log is added.

The automatic time update occurs when the set interval has passed. The maximum interval that can be set is 1440 minutes, which corresponds to 24 hours. Please note that there is no option for auto-updating to Daylight

Saving Time (DST). This is because this is not used in Factory Automation. When an NTP server is used, the time is always assumed to be winter time.

PROCENTEC	General confi	guration					
COUCTICKS	Date & time synchronizat	lion					
• <u>Status</u> • System log	Synchronize time:	PC time: 1-Nov-2013 13:05:20 CC	OMbricks time: 1-Nov-2013 13:05:20	Sync now			
ProfiTrace OE:	Set time manually:	date: 1 - 11 - 2013 ti	ime: 12 : 49 : 5	Set now			
• <u>Live list</u>	Use NTP Server:	Interval (min): 60 Serve	r: 0.europe.pool.ntp.org	V			
<u>Statistics</u>							
<u>Channel list</u> Mossage recording	Date & time settings	Time synchronization					
• <u>Network event log</u>	Time zone:	options. Use NTP for	GMT +1	•			
• Event config	Time display format:	automatic synchronization.	24H	•			
 <u>Tag-name config</u> 							
Special modules:	Site info						
Oscilloscope images Oscilloscope errors	Company:	Remote info which is	PROCENTEC				
<u>Bargraph images</u>	Country:	displayed on every web	The Netherlands				
PA measurements		page					
Oscilloscope config	Site name:		PTK-J				
Configuration:	Device name:		COMbricks Joost				
<u>General config</u> Network config	Contact:		Joost				
• IP config	L						
Password config	Display	Settings related to the Ethernet bandwidth and					
 <u>E-mail account config</u> 	Automatic refresh:	start page					
<u>Device management</u>	Update interval (seconds):		1				
• <u>User message</u>	Website start page:		Channel list	•			
• <u>Update license</u>	Website and and actional		(A (Maturali 4)				
<u>Downloads</u>	website preferred network:		I (Network T)				
Not logged in.							
Login	Language						
	Preferred language:	Language selection	English	Info			
	Language status:		Current language is English.				

Fig. 33 - General configuration

The display refresh rate has to be tuned to the bandwidth of the Ethernet connection. By default it is set to a 1 second automatic refresh. If the bandwidth is limited, it is recommended to increase this time or to switch the automatic refresh OFF (see **Fig. 33**).

It is possible to select the start page which is first displayed when browsing to the Head Station IP address. You can select the Main Status page, System Log page, Live List, Statistics, Channel list Message Recording or Network Event log. You can also select for which network this should apply.

The interface language can be changed in the Preferred Language drop-down box. More languages will be added in the future, which will become available in new firmware updates.

4.6 Network configuration

Head Stations:	1A, 1B, 1C
Firmware:	V1.252 and higher
Login:	Administrator

The network names and the assignment of the repeater modules are customized here. For optimal use of ProfiTrace OE, it is important that correct and understandable network names are defined (see **Fig. 34**). The network names are used in multiple components: ProfiTrace Live List, event emails, message recording, etc.

Each of the 4 Live Lists can be individually setup to a different time-out. The default value is 5 seconds. The time indicates how long a slave will be displayed as green when it has lost communication to the master. After the set time it will turn yellow if it has no communication anymore.

The network assignment of the repeater modules is also displayed and can be adjusted if software settings are enabled (see **Fig. 34**). It is possible to assign a module to Network 1 to 4, or to disconnect it from the backplanes. This makes it possible to create a multiplexed system, or temporarily remove certain slaves from the PROFIBUS network.

PROCENTEC	IP ac	ddress: 192.168.1.250 MAC a	ddress: 9	dress: 9C:B2:06:00:04:6A System uptime: 0 days, 1:01:59						
COMPICINE	Site: PTK-J			Temperature: 38°C System time: 2			1-Mar-2013 14:56:39			
	Com	pany: PROCENTEC			Count	ry: The Ne	therlands	;		
• <u>Status</u> • System log	Ne	twork configuratio	n							
ProfiTrace OE:	Netv	vork #	Name	Name			nizable k names	Livelist tim	Livelist timeout (sec)	
• <u>Live list</u>	Netw	ork name 1:	Networ	k 1				3		
<u>Statistics</u>	Notu	ork name 2	Networ	k 2				3		
• <u>Channel list</u>	Netw	ork name 2:	Networ	K Z						
• Message recording	Netw	rork name 3:	Networ	k 3				3		
• <u>Network event log</u>	Netw	rork name 4:	Networ	k 4				3		
• Event config										
• <u>Tag-name config</u>						Current	Current	Set Network	Set Redund.	
Special modules:	Slot	Module		Channel	Set by	Network	Redund.	(if Software)	(if Software)	
• Oscilloscope images		2 Channel RS485 Repeater Type 1		Ch 1	Software	1	Off	1 •		
Oscilloscope errors	1	slot1		Ch 2	Software	1	Off	1 🔹		
• Bargraph images		1 Channel RS485 SCOPE Repeater Typ	e 1	-				1		
• PA measurements	2	slot2		Ch	Dipswitch	1	Off	3		
• Oscilloscope config	3	PROFIBUS DP Slave Type 1 slot3		61	Dipswitch	1	Off	4 N/C		
Configuration:	4	4 Channel REL module Type	ardware o vare setti	or ings						
• <u>General config</u>	5	8 Channel DIG I/O module Type 1								
• <u>Network config</u>	6			Ch 1	Disquitab			1 2 3 4 or	ion:	
• <u>IP contig</u>	0	I Channel PA-coupler 500mA Type 1		Chi	Dipswitch	1	<u>ـ</u>	Not Connecte	d	
• <u>Password config</u>	7	Empty							_	
<u>E-mail account config</u>	8	Empty								
<u>Device management</u>	9	Empty								
• Output control config	10	Empty								

Dipswitch settings are always primary to software settings.

Fig. 34 - Network configuration

4.7 IP Configuration

Head Stations:	1A, 1B, 1C
Firmware:	V1.252 and higher
Login:	Administrator

The IP Configuration screen offers some basic IP settings.

The DHCP functionality can be enabled. If the ComBricks will be connected to a network where a DHCP server is active, the settings can be automatically set into the ComBricks by enabling this feature. The IP address will be set by the DHCP server.

If a fixed IP address is needed, enter it manually in the 'IP address' box. By default the IP address is 192.168.1.254. Next, enter the subnet mask, default gateway and DNS server according to the settings of the network. For more information, contact the network administrator.

Please note that changing the DNS server address requires a soft-reboot of the Head Station before the new setting becomes active. Soft-resetting the Head Station does not affect repeater modules; this is a separate process. You can safely soft-reset the Head Station without disrupting the repeater-functionality.

4.7.1 Server port configuration

The ports of the following internal servers of the ComBricks can be changed:

- Web server (default port is 80)
- Streaming server (default port is 38888)
- CommDTM server (default port is 38890)

You can enter any port number between 1024 and 65535. Simply enter a valid port number and press 'Apply'. Changes will be effective immediately; no reboot is required.

Note about the Web server port: if you change the default port of the web server, you will lose the current connection to the ComBricks. When the port is changed, the ComBricks will ask you if you want to connect to the new port. If the Streaming or CommDTM server ports are changed, also change this on the client side and (if applicable) update firewall rules and/or router setup. Contact your system administrator for this.

4.8 Output Control

Head Stations:	1A, 1B, 1C
Firmware:	V1.254 and higher
Login:	User

With the Output Control feature the user can directly respond to an event with the onboard relay in the Head Station or the channels from output modules in the backplane. The web server offers 10 customizable controls that can be set to the following behavior:

- Not active
- Manual ON/OFF Live toggle of the output channels
- Time Time ON and Time OFF
- PROFIBUS event Syncs, retries, bus voltage too low, redundancy failure, PA failure,
 - fiber optic failure etc.
- System event Redundant power change or ComBricks failures

PROCENTEC Output control								
COBricks	L	Control	Slot/module	I/O Point	Current state	Action		
• <u>Status</u> • <u>System log</u> ProfiTrace OE: • <u>Live list</u> • <u>Statistics</u> • <u>Channel list</u>		1	Headstation relay 24V/0.25A (🔻	Rel 0 🔻	• off	Profibus event 🔻	Low/High signal (bargraph) • Network 1 (Network 1) • Active high pulse • Pulse hold time (sec): 1	
• <u>Message recording</u>	L	2	Slot 6 / 4 Channel REL module -	Rel 0 🔻	• On	Manually 🔻	On Off	
Network event log Event config Tag-name config Consciol modulos:		3	Slot 6 / 4 Channel REL module -	Rel 1 🔻	• On	Time (24h) 👻	On time (h,m,s): 8 0 0 Off time (h,m,s): 20 0 0	
Oscilloscope images Oscilloscope errors Bargraph images PA measurements	=	4	Slot 6 / 4 Channel REL module 🔻	Rel 2 🔻	• off	System event 👻	Redundant power change	
Oscilloscope config Configuration: General config Network config IP config Password config		5	Slot 6 / 4 Channel REL module 🔻	Rel 3 🔻	• Off	Profibus event 🔻	Station lost Network 1 (Network 1) Active high pulse Pulse hold time (sec): 1 I <lii< li=""> I <lii< li=""> I<!--</th--></lii<></lii<>	
• E-mail account config	L	6	None -	None •	Unknown	None -		
Device management Output control config		7	None -	None -	Unknown	None 👻		
• User message		8	None -	None -	Unknown	None -		
Update license Downloads		9	None -	None 👻	Unknown	None -		

Fig. 35 - Output Control

(i) (i)

After power down/up, the ComBricks loads and restores these settings.

It is recommended to have a security policy concerning passwords with this feature, because the user is able to control REAL output points.

4.9 Password setup and login

Head Stations:	1A, 1B, 1C
Firmware:	V1.100 and higher
Login:	Administrator



Passwords are NOT activated when the product is purchased or reset and all menu items are accessible and adjustable.

ComBricks supports 2 types of passwords;

User:Is limited to read informationAdministrator:Has access to the full web server and can adjust settings

- The Administrator password has to be set first.
- The passwords can have a length between 1 and 16 characters.

Fig. 36 illustrates the password setup web page.

4.9.1 Access rights

After a password(s) has been setup, it complies with the access rights from **Table 1**.

Table 1 - Access rights after password setup

Login required at web server access	NO	NO ³	YES
Visiting web pages	YES	YES	YES
Clear "System log"	YES	YES	YES
Restart the device in the "Device management"	YES	YES	YES
Output Control	YES	YES	YES
Changing passwords	YES	YES	NO
Adjusting all other settings	YES	YES	NO

³ When only the Administrator login has been activated, the user can always enter the web server without a valid login. When settings need to be altered, the administrator is required to login.

• <u>Status</u> • System log	Change password			
ProfiTrace OF:	Passwords	New password	Re-enter new password	Save
Live list	User password:			Save
<u>Statistics</u>				
• <u>Channel list</u>	Admin password:			Save
 Message recording 	Please note: These passwords apply to the WEE	3, FTP, TELNET, STREAMING, FD	L-MASTERS and DISCOVERY-TOO	L interfaces.
• <u>Network event log</u>				
Event config Tag name config				
Special modules:				
Oscilloscope errors				
• Bargraph images				
• <u>PA measurements</u>				
<u>Oscilloscope confiq</u>				
Configuration:				
<u>General config</u>				
<u>Network config</u>				
Password config				
E-mail account config				
Device management				
Output control config				
• <u>User message</u>				
• Undate license				

Fig. 36 - Password setup

4.9.2 Password best practice

We encourage you to at least setup the Administrator password if more than 1 person has access to the network.

- Activate the password(s) immediately after installation or at the office before it is transported to the final destination.
- Use different passwords for the Administrator and User.
- Never share passwords with anyone.
- Always use strong passwords. Avoid: *test, 123456, <your company name>, <your first name>, ComBricks, PROCENTEC, etc.*
- Change passwords immediately if they may have been compromised.
- If passwords must be written down, store it in a secure place and destroy it when it is no longer needed.
- Be careful about where passwords are saved on computers. Some dialog boxes, such as those for remote access, present an option to save or remember passwords. Selecting this option poses a potential security threat.

4.9.3 External protocols

The following login information is required for external protocols, for example for FTP and TELNET.

User: user or admin Administrator: <your password>

Any FTP client can be used to setup the FTP connection. ComBricks uses port 21.

If you have not set a password, ComBricks will accept any password during the connection phase. Some FTP clients require a password, so you can provide any password.

4.9.4 Clearing password(s)

There are 3 ways to restore the password(s) to their default setting:

- Change the passwords with no text written in the text field (Administrator login required).
- Restore to factory default settings in the "Device management" page (Administrator login required).
- Restore to factory default settings with the switch on the front of the Head Station (see Paragraph 6.5).

4.10 License update

Head Stations:	1A, 1B, 1C
Firmware:	V1.254 and higher
Login:	Administrator

In case the user wants to update the license of the Head Station, it can be done here via an internet connection or copy the content of a license file.



Fig. 37 - License update

4.11 Document download page

Head Stations:	1A, 1B, 1C
Firmware:	V1.254 and higher
Login:	User or administrator

To provide the user with documentation, firmware and software, the SD card has been provided with a document download page (see **Fig. 38**).

- Download the latest version of the document download page from www.procentec.com
- The content of the .*ZIP* file has to be copied to a directory *DOC* on the SD card.
- If the directory does NOT exist, create it and copy the content of the .ZIP file to it.
- Reload the web server to update the information.
- There should be an item called "Downloads" on the bottom of the left menu

It is possible to replace the PROCENTEC download page with a customized version. Replace *index.html* with your own version and you can point to directories/files which are located on the SD card. If you are interested in such activities, we recommend you to inspect the structure of the PROCENTEC index.html first.



Fig. 38 - Software and document downloads

4.12 Email account config

Head Stations:1A, 1B, 1CFirmware:V1.253 and higher (email groups since v1.293)Login:Administrator

The email account information has to be entered if the user wants to have ComBricks signal events by email. The required information is generally the same as any other email related setup (see **Fig. 39**).

 (\mathbf{i})

Setting up the email server parameters is not enough. The events that generate the emails have to be setup in the 'Event config' menu (see **Paragraph 5.4**).

 (\mathbf{i})

The SMTP server has to support **unencrypted** connections, because the current ComBricks firmware does NOT support encrypted connections such as SSL/TLS. The DNS address (IP config menu) has to be modified according to the DNS addresses of your internet provider.

Since Head Station version v1.293 you can setup multiple email groups. Each group can receive emails triggered by different events, which can be set up in 'Event config' in **paragraph 5.4**.

PROCENTEC	IP address: 192.168.11.20 MAC address: 9C:B2:06:00:09:DE System uptime: 14 days, 0:05:24						s, 0:05:24	
ComBricks	Site: Support		Temperature:	38°C	016 9:25:30			
Status	Company: PROCENTEC		Country: The Netherlands					
<u>System log</u>	E-mail account co	nfigurat	ion					
Channel list	Account cottings							
ProfiTrace OE:								
Live list	Group 1 recipient E-mail address:	Instru	mentation@com	pany.com			*	
<u>Statistics</u>	Group 2 recipient E-mail address:	electr	ical@company.c	om			*	
Message recording	Group 3 recipient E-mail address:	fibero	ptics@company.	com			E-mail server	
Network event log	Group 4 recipient E-mail address:	super	visor@company.	com;manager	ment@con	npany.com	parameters	
Event config	CC mainiant E mail address	liohnd					*	
Tag-name config	co reopient c-mail autress:	Johno	oe@company.co				T	
pecial modules:	From E-mail address:	comb	ricks@company.	com				
Oscilloscope images	E-mail subject:	Com	Bricks event alert					
Oscilloscope errors	SMTP-Server address:	smtp	company.com					
Bargraph images	SMTB-Server ports	25						
PA/FF measurements	SMIP-Server port.	25						
Oscilloscope contig	SMTP-Username and password:							
onfiguration:	SMTP-Username:							
General config	SMTP-Password:	•••••						
Network config							Daily test emai	
Password & user config	*) Can contain up to 3 E-mail addresse	es, separated by	a semicolon (;)	or a comma (,).		enabled	
E-mail account config								
Device management	Alive e-mail		Group 1	Group	2	Group 3	Group 4	
Output control config	Enable alive e-mail:						Image: A start and a start	
<u>User message</u>	Alive interval (days, hours):			1	0			
Update license								
Downloads	Save		Direct	testing of	server			
ot logged in.			setti	ngs, per g	roup			
Login	Test e-mail				Send to g	roup		
	Send test E-mail with saved settings:		Group 1	Group	2	Group 3	Group 4	

Fig. 39 - Email configuration

The server parameters have to comply with the email server parameters listed in Table 2.

Table 2 - Email server parameters

Groups 1 - 4	At least one group	If you enter multiple addresses (max. 3) separate them with the ; character.	200
Cc	Optional	If you enter multiple addresses (max. 3) separate them with the ; character.	200
From	Yes	Depending on the email server you are using, this has to be an existing email address.	100
Subject	Optional	Can be anything you want it to be.	100
SMTP server	Yes	Has to be setup according to the requirements of the email server.	100
SMTP server port	Yes	Standard value for most servers has already been entered, but has to be setup according to the requirements of the email server.	
User name	Optional	A User name can be entered if the SMTP server requires it. Click on "SMTP-Username and password" first.	50
Password	Optional	A password can be entered if the SMTP server requires it. Click on "SMTP-Username and password" first.	50

When you have filled in all server parameters, click on "Save". The settings can be tested by clicking on "Send test email with saved settings".



Save the settings first before sending the test email!

It might take a couple of minutes before the test email has been received by the recipient. If the test-email has not been received, please check if it has been blocked by a Spam filter.

4.12.1 Alive email

ComBricks can send a periodic alive-email to the recipient group(s) entered in the Group: field. If no events are triggered for a longer period, ComBricks will not send emails. This also happens when ComBricks has no connection to the mail server for some reason. The alive email is an automated check to see that the connection is still active.

ComBricks can auto-send an email with adjustable interval of anything between one hour and 365 days.

4.12.2 Email Troubleshooting

- Check if ComBricks has access to the internet. You can easily test this by going to the Download page in the ComBricks menu and download a datasheet from the web.
- Compare the DNS settings with the requirements of the email server you are using.
- Make sure your email server supports <u>unsecured</u> connections (secured connections are <u>not</u> possible).
- Check the email settings and generate the test email. Start with only 1 email address.
- If the test email works, please check that your events have been correctly enabled and an event is really triggered.

4.13 Device Management

Head Stations:	1A, 1B, 1C
Firmware:	V1.253 and higher
Login:	Administrator

The Device Management page allows the user to perform backup, restore and restart actions for the ComBricks. When maintenance is being performed to a network, the ComBricks systems of the relevant network can be put into a Maintenance Mode. For some actions Administrator login is required.

PROCENTEC	IP address: 192.168.1.254	MAC address: 90	:B2:06:00:05:	8A	System uptime: 0 days, 0:42:08			
ComBricks	Site: PTK K		Temperature: 45°C		System time: 24-Oct-2018 10:25:07			
• <u>Status</u>	Company: PROCENTEC			Country: Th	e Netherlands			
• <u>System log</u>	Device managem	ent						
• Channel list								
ProfiTrace OF:	Backup or restore settings							
Live list	Backup settings from internal memory	y to SD-card			Backup settings to SD-Card			
• <u>Statistics</u>	Restore settings from SD-card to inter	rnal memory			Restore settings from SD-Card			
• Message recording								
• <u>Network event log</u>	Reset to defaults							
Email & Log event config	Restore settings to factory defaults:				Restore settings to factory defaults			
<u>Output event config</u>	Class all anthrond informations				Clear all data			
<u>SNMP event config</u>	Clear all gathered information:							
• <u>Tag-name config</u>	Destant device							
Special modules:								
• Oscilloscope images	Restart the device (soft-reset): Restart the device							
<u>Oscilloscope errors</u>								
• Bargraph images	Maintenance mode							
PA/FF measurements	Enable maintenance mode:				Enable maintenance mode			
Oscilloscope config								
Configuration:								
<u>General config</u>								
<u>Network config</u>								
• <u>IP config</u>								
• Password & user config								
• E-mail account config								
• <u>Device management</u>								
• <u>User message</u>								
<u>Update license</u>								
• <u>Downloads</u>								

Not logged in. Login

4.13.1 Backup settings to SD-Card

When this button is clicked, all customizable settings of each individual network and of the Head Station are saved to SD-Card. These settings include Message recording settings, name and identification tags, scope settings and IP and email settings.

This feature allows a quick and easy replacement of a defective Head Station. If a Head Station needs to be replaced, and settings have been backed up on SD card, remove the SD card from the slot and place it in the new Head Station. Then continue with **paragraph 4.13.2**.

4.13.2 Restore settings from SD-Card

When you replaced the SD card with information from another Head Station, click 'Restore settings from SD Card' to load all information into the new Head Station. Then click 'OK' on the confirmation window. Settings are loaded and activated instantly; no restart is required.

4.13.3 Restore settings to factory defaults

This button clears all entered information and restores the ComBricks Head Station to the default factory values. The new IP address is 192.168.1.254

4.13.4 Clear all data

When a ComBricks set has been installed and is ready for normal operation, it may have recorded several events which are not 'real' faults. This can happen during wiring or commissioning phase. Press 'Clear all data' to start the ComBricks logging and recording functions with a clear memory. Then click 'OK' on the confirmation window.

IMPORTANT NOTE: This will clear all Message Recording files, oscilloscope / bargraph images and log files, and will reset the 'Measuring since ...' time in the top of the screen!

4.13.5 Restart the device

To restart the device, for example to let it read new dipswitch settings or DNS server settings, click the 'Restart the device' button. Then click 'OK' on the confirmation window.

This 'soft'-reset will not affect PROFIBUS communication on the repeater modules; the repeater functionality will continue during reset.

4.13.6 Maintenance mode

The Maintenance Mode allows you to suspend all alerts and logs of the ComBricks. It still displays the current state of the Live List, Channel list, Oscilloscope signals and Bargraph values, but no changes will be recorded. The current state of the channel list, illegals and Alarms of the Diagnostic Hubs is also displayed in the Maintenance Mode.

After enabling the Maintenance Mode, a large red window will be visible on all pages as a reminder. It also has a 'Disable' button to deactivate Maintenance Mode.

In Maintenance mode:

- Statistics will keep the same value.
- Bargraph Min/Max will keep the same value.
- Message recording will be temporarily stopped.
- Oscilloscope images Min/Max will be reset as soon as maintenance mode is disabled.

- Oscilloscope error images will be discarded as soon as maintenance mode is disabled.
- All network related Email, Log, SNMP Trap and Output events are blocked.

The Maintenance Mode can be individually enabled or disabled on each of the 4 networks.

4.14 Diagnostic Slave configuration

This feature enables the use of an internal master in the Head Station, that retrieves diagnostic information from a ProfiHub in the field. This is done automatically; only the master settings need to be adjusted.

All four networks can be scanned for diagnostic slaves. The internal master will retrieve the data one-by-one, not simultaneously. When the data is transferred from the first Diagnostic slave, the ComBricks master will stop and continue its operation on the next network.

Before setting up this feature, make sure to get all the requested busparameter information from the PLC/DCS. All busparameters can be found in the configuration tool of that master. Most of the busparameters can also be auto-detected by clicking on 'Auto detect', but this does not guarantee correct values.

Warning:



Using incorrect master settings may disrupt PROFIBUS communication between other masters and slaves on the network.

PROCENTEC	IP address: 192.168.1.254	32:06:00:05:8/	A	System upt	System uptime: 0 days, 1:42:07						
ComBricks	Site: PTK K Ten			perature: 46°C System time: 24-Oct-2018 16:11:21							
• <u>Status</u>	Company: PROCENTEC			Country: The Netherlands							
• <u>System log</u>	Diagnostic slave configuration										
<u>Channel list</u>											
Diagnostic slave info	With this feature the Diagnostic slaves of the ProfiHub family can be read out using the internal Profibus master of the Head Station.										
DrofiTraco OE	Configure the internal Profibus master	onfigure the internal Profibus master to operate on the connected Profibus networks.									
PTOTTTACE OE:	Current status										
Chatistics	Master state:		Master is so	anning r	etwork 1						
Massage recording											
<u>Message recording</u>	Master configuration		Network	(1	Network 2	Network 3	Network 4				
• <u>Network event rog</u>	Scanning of Diagnostic slaves enabled	:									
Output event config	Baud rate * :		1.5 Mbns	•	15 Mbns ▼	15 Mbps V	15 Mbps 🔻				
SNMP event config		r.o mopo		no mopo		1.0 11000					
• Tag-name config	Master address * :	0)	0	0					
- <u>rag name comp</u>	Slot time (tBit) * :	300	300		300	300					
Special modules:	Min. station delay (tBit):		11		11	11	11				
<u>Oscilloscope images</u>	Finn station delay (tote):										
Oscilloscope errors	Max. station delay (tBit) * :	150	150		150	150					
<u>Bargraph images</u>	Setup time (tBit) * :	1	1 1		1	1					
<u>PA/FF measurements</u>	Quiet time (tRit) * :		0		1	0	0				
 Oscilloscope config 	Quiet time (tbit)		0				0				
Configuration:	Highest station address (HSA) * :		126		126	126	126				
<u>General config</u>	Retry limit:		5		5	5	5				
<u>Network config</u>	Transferration lines (1011)		20000			20000	20000				
• <u>IP config</u>	larget rotation time (tBit):		20000	20000		20000	20000				
Password & user config	Gap update factor:	1	1 1		1	1					
 <u>E-mail account config</u> 	Autodetect bus parameters:	Auto det	ect	Auto detect	Auto detect	Auto detect					
Device management	(Bus parameters with an asterisk (*) a	are auto detectable)									
• <u>User message</u>	Save										
Diagnostic slave config											
<u>Update license</u>											
<u>Downloads</u>											

Fig. 40 - Master settings for the Diagnostic slave

When you have set the correct busparameters and click 'Save', a pup-up screen will appear asking you to confirm the warnings. After you checked the confirmation checkbox and click save, the information will become available in the Diagnostic Slave info (see paragraph 4.4).

5 ProfiTrace OE

ProfiTrace OE (Over Ethernet) is a web based version of ProfiTrace. It offers the basic functionality of regular ProfiTrace, like; Live List, Statistics and Message recording. ProfiTrace OE is available on the Head Stations 1B and 1C.

5.1 Live List

The Live List is a matrix that continuously lists all the available devices. It is directly visible which devices are 'troublemakers'. With different background colors, the status of the devices is displayed (see **Fig. 41**):

- Green: Device is in Data Exchange
- Yellow: Device is lost (the time-out is adjustable, see paragraph 4.6)
- Red: Parameter fault
- Purple: Configuration fault
- No color: On the bus but not in Data Exchange

The Live List can also generate the product name of the devices when a diagnostic message is captured (synchronized with the GSD library).

The button 'Display Legend' pops up a window explaining all colours in more detail.

The button 'Reset Live List' will clear the current state of the Live List and rebuild it according to the nodes that are currently active on the network. You have the option of resetting or keeping the discovered Ident numbers, after you have pressed the button.

COMbricks - Procentec - Windows	Internet E	xplorer										
🔆 🔿 🗢 🌆 http://192.168.1.230/												
COMbricks - Procentec X												
PROCENTEC	IP addr	ess: 192.1	58.1.230	MA	D.4 e mi	to vizo a A		System uptime: 0 days, 0:20:50				
CONCICLE	Site: B	oiler 5			IVIONI noti	toring 4	c	System tin	ne: 1-Jul-20	11 13:26:26	,	
	Company: Oil and Gas Com			pany	net	HELWOIKS		laska				
• <u>Status</u>	Live	list										
• <u>System log</u>		Tank 4	-	Tank 2	-	Dosonu	Tank 1		Pos	onyo Tank	2	
ProfiTrace OE:		тапк т		I GITIK Z		Reserve			Res	erve rank	2	
• Live list	Baud ra	ate: 1.5 Mb	ps									
<u>Statistics</u>	Model	Name	-	Reset Live lis	t							
Message recording		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Network event Log	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Event config				-	Heidenhain		VM10	-				
Special modules:	10	10	11	12	Encoder	14	NORGREN	16	17.	18	19	
Oscilloscope images	20	20	21	22	23	750-333 WAGO	25	26	GPL-DT4 LGIS	28	29	
Bargraph images	30	30	31	750-333 WAGO	33	34	35	ET200S SIEMENS	3	38	39	
Oscilloscope config	40	40	41	42	43	- 44	45	46	47	48	49	
Configuration:	50	50	51		50	54	BPS34	50				
<u>General config</u>	50	UC	21	92	03	54	LEUZE	00	Sim	ilar Live L	ist as	
Network config	60	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	F	ProfiTrace	2	
• IP config	70	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	
Password config	80	80	81	82	ILBPBAI4AO	84	85	86	87	88	89	

Fig. 41 - ProfiTrace Live List

5.1.1 Updating the GSD file library

The procedure below describes how to update the GSD file information in ComBricks so that all devices in the Live List have a full model name.

STEP 1:	Start regular ProfiTrace (2.6 or higher, no license required).
STEP 2:	Copy all GSD files you require into the ProfiTrace GSD directory. This is usually "\ProfiTrace_Vx_x_x\GSD".
STEP 3:	Create a ComBricks GSD library (Settings > Create ComBricks GSD library). A question is asked if you want to re-scan the GSD files. Select YES followed by (re)Scan GSDs. Click 'Close' when the process has been finalized.
STEP 4:	A pop-up box allows us to select the destination folder. Select a (temporary) destination folder for the file <i>GSD.BIN</i> , for example the Windows desktop.)
STEP 5:	GSD.BIN has to be copied to the SD card of the ComBricks. You can do this by inserting it in your PC or FTP (admin account).
STEP 6:	After inserting the SD card back into the Head Station or closing the FTP session, the GSD information is directly available in the Live List. Paragraph 18.1 describes a method of testing the updated GSD.BIN.

5.2 Statistics



The statistics matrix is a powerful feature of the analyzer. This field can really indicate what the condition of the installation is. It displays all the important information that a user, especially a maintenance technician, is really interested in (see **Fig. 42**):

- Retry messages
- Fall-outs (losts)
- Diagnostic messages
- Location of the connected devices, etc.

Paragraph 5.10 describes the statistics and when they occur.

Because of this feature, the user does not have to inspect messages or do difficult operations to ensure the quality of the installation.

If the statistics do NOT show deviations, the installation appears to be running correctly.

Here it stops for the technician who is only interested in a quick feedback. The advanced technician can proceed with a message recording and an inspection of the signal quality.

COMbricks - Procentec - Windows	Internet B	xplorer											
🚱 💿 🗢 🌆 http://192.168.1.230/													
COMbricks - Procentec 🗙													
PROCENTEC	IP addr	IP address: 192.168.1.230 MA				toring 4		System uptime: 0 days, 0:25:01					
COMPANY	Site: B	oiler 5			NOT not	toring 4	c	C System time: 1-Jul-2011 13:30:37					
	Company: Oil and Gas Com			npany	THELWOIKS		Jon .	Alaska					
<u>Status</u>	Ch-1												
<u>System log</u>	Sta	listics	/										
ProfiTrace OE:		Tank 1		Tank 2		Reserve	e Tank 1		Res	erve Tank	2		
Live list	Baud ra	ate: 1.5 Mbp	s										
• <u>Statistics</u>	Syncs	-	Res	set this statistic	Reset all	statistics							
Message recording	Syncs:	The number	of mess	ages sent to a sla	ve, which wa	s not availabl	e in the prev	ious cycle.					
Network event Log		0	4	2	2	4	5	G	7	0	0		
Event config		U	1	2	3	4	5	0	1	0	9		
Special modules:	0			_									
Oscilloscope images	10				4378		5452						
Bargraph images	20												
Oscilloscope config	30												
Configuration:	40							Sim	nilar Statis	tics as			
General config	40								ProfiTrac	e2			
Network config	50												
• IP config	60												
Password config	70												

Fig. 42 - ProfiTrace OE Statistics

5.3 Message recording

"Catch it all..."

The message recording in ProfiTrace OE follows a different strategy than ProfiTrace 2. Within ProfiTrace 2, the user needs to setup the message recording first and is he responsible to start it himself.

Because ComBricks is a unit for permanent monitoring, it automatically starts a message recording when an event has been detected. The following event automatically starts a message recording again.

<u>On firmware version 1.902 and lower</u>: When the unit is purchased or reset, it is automatically triggered on the statistic "Lost". This works directly after startup. The user can change the settings during operation (see **Fig. 43**), and a triggered event will record 4000 messages before and after.

On firmware version 1.903 and higher: : When the unit is purchased or reset, it is automatically triggered on the statistics "Lost", "Repeats" and "Illegals". This works directly after startup. The user can change the settings during operation (see Fig. 43), and a triggered event will record 1000 messages before and after. If you upgrade from a lower version, this has the following implications:

- 1. If you did not change the old default values, you will keep those values if you update the firmware.
- 2. If you changed the values before updating, you will keep those values if you update the firmware.
- 3. If you reset the device using 'Factory reset', the new default values will be used.

The recorded files can be opened with an offline ProfiTrace 2 (no license required). The file name contains the MAC address of the Head Station, the network number and the file number (0-999).

ProfiTrace OE:	Tank 1	ank 2 Res	serve Trigger se	ttings. Rese	gs. Reserve Tank 2		
Live list	Trigger settings		Lost is de	efault			
Message recording	Lost:	* 🔽	Int. diag:				
Network event Log	Syncs:		Ext. diag:				
• Event config	Repeats:	□ *	Diag while in Dx:				
Special modules:	Illegals:						
Oscilloscope images Bargraph images	Message count before trigger:	10	Message count after	trigger:	10		
Oscilloscope config	*) At least 2 messages before the trig	gger are requered for this trig	ger type. Rec	ording range			
Configuration:							
<u>General config</u>	Capture status						
<u>Network config</u>	Start capturing:		start message recordin	g 🗹 Auto re-trigge	r		
IP config Password config	Stop capturing:		stop message recording	9			
<u>E-mail account config</u>	Capture status:	W	aiting for trigger	d successfully	Automatic		
Device management	Alread	dy recorded files			re-triggering		
• <u>User message</u>	Refresh file list Lat fro	m network 1					
Update license							
Downloads	Recorded files	Message count (before/after trigger)	Triggered event	File date & tin	ne Delete file		
Logged in as: Administrator	000203 Nw1 2.ptc	10/10	Lost	1-Jul-2011 13:30	Delete		
Logour	000203 Nw1 1.ptc	10/10	Lost	1-Jul-2011 13:30	:22 Delete		

Fig. 43 - Setup recording trigger



The automatic triggering can generate 1000 *.PTC* files per network⁴. After 1000 files have been generated, the follow-up event will delete the oldest file and replace it with the latest event. This system ensures there is enough storage space on the SD card.

.PTC files can be opened with ProfiTrace 2.5.3 and higher (offline and no licenses required).

5.4 Email & Log event configuration

For generating emails and entries in the network log, the event configuration has to be set for each network. **Fig. 44** shows an example with multiple event options. Since Head Station version v1.293 it is possible to send emails of individual events to specific email groups (see also **paragraph 4.12**). This is useful for large organizations with different maintenance teams or user groups.

Paragraph 5.10 describes the events and when they occur.

PROCENTEC	E-mail & Log event configuration										
ComBricks	System events		E-	mail	E	-mail recip	grou ients	р	Log		
• <u>Status</u>	Enable:			2	1	2	3 4				
• <u>System log</u>				-	2	5	7				
• <u>Channel list</u>	Head Station redundant change:	t power	Interv	al 🔻 🔲	1				Interval 🔻		
 <u>Diagnostic slave info</u> 	Power module events (F	Hardware	Interv	al 🔻 🔲					Interval 🔻		
ProfiTrace OE:	revision V1.4 and newe	ir):									
• <u>Live list</u>	ComBricks system error	r:	Interv	al 🔻 📃	1		1	1	Interval 🔻		
<u>Statistics</u>	All to:		Off Onc	e Interval		2	2	A	Off Once Interval		
 <u>Message recording</u> 	Notification interval (da	iys, hours,	0 0	1	Eve	ent r	otif	icati	on: by		
<u>Network event log</u>	minutes):				e	emai	il an	d/o	rlog		
• <u>E-mail & Log event confi</u> g	Save	Every net	work can be	2		/					
<u>Output event config</u>		configured	d individuall	Y 🚽							
<u>SNMP event config</u>											
<u>Tag-name config</u>	Network 1 events		E-	mail		recipients			Log		
Special modules:	Enable:			•	1	2	3	4			
 Oscilloscope images 	Station lost:		Interv					Interval T			
Oscilloscope errors	Station lost.						٣	۷			
 <u>Bargraph images</u> 	Syncs:		Off 🔻						Off 🔻		
<u>PA/FF measurements</u>	Repeats:		Intervierv.	al 🔻 🔲					Interval 🔻		
 Oscilloscope config 	Illegals:							En	able email for each		
 Fiber optic config 	Inegular	Multip	e options		-	-			event per group		
Configuration:	Internal Diagnostics:	for an e	event:					Y	Interval 🔻 🗆		
<u>General config</u>	External Diagnostics:	- Off		•				-	Interval 🔻		
<u>Network config</u>	Diagnostics while in D	- Ond	ce	•					Interval 🔻		
• <u>IP config</u>		- Inte	erval								
Password & user config	Master lost:			<u>. </u>	•			•	Interval V		
<u>E-mail account config</u>	Baudrate change:		Interv	al 🔻 📃	√			1	Interval 🔻		
Device management	High/low signal (bargra	ph):	Interv	al 🔻 🔲				√	Interval 🔻		
• <u>User message</u>	High/Jow DB Idle voltag		Interv								
Undate license	Thigh/low DF Idle Voltag		Interv					•			
- opusce incense	Redundancy fail:		Interv	al 🔻 📃	1	1			Interval 🔻		
Not logged in.	PA/FF Events:		Interv	al 🔻 🔲					Interval 🔻		
Login	High/low signal (fiber o	ptic):	Interv	al 🔻 🔲					Interval 🔻		
	Ring failure (fiber optic):	Interv	al 🔻 🔲					Interval 🔻		

Fig. 44 - Event configuration

⁴ This feature is available in firmware version 1.264 and higher.

To reduce an unwanted overload of emails or log entries, the events can be set to Off, Once or Interval.

Off	No event generation.	
Once	Event will be generated once (1-shot).	Yes
Interval	Event will be generated once within the customized interval time. After the interval time the event is automatically retriggered to be generated in the next interval. If no trigger was captured in the new interval period, no event will be generated.	No

The interval time can be customized between 1 minute and 365 days.



Since version 1.903 the logging of all events in all networks is switched on by default, except 'Syncs', 'Ext Diag' and 'Ext Diag in DX'. Also the log interval has been changed to 15 minutes instead of 2 hours.

5.5 SNMP event config

ComBricks can send SNMP trap messages to network clients, to signal certain events automatically. SNMPv2c is used for this, which by default communicates over UDP port 162. Note: The events of the Power Module are supported from hardware version v1.4 and higher of the Power Module. Power module hardware version v1.3 can be used, but does not correctly trigger the "External power failure" and "External power restored" traps.

DCENTEC	SNMP configuration		
nBricks	SNMP Request/Response configuration		
	SNMP community string:	nublic	
		Paone	
<u>t</u>	SNMP Trap configuration		
DE:	SNMD Term register	102 160 11 142	
	SNMP Trap recipients:	192.108.11.142	
	SNMP Trap community string:	trap	
loq	SNMP Trap destination port: (default port is 162)	162	
nt config			
onfig	-) Can contain up to 3 IP-Addresses, separated	by a semicolon (;) or a comma (,).	
config			Fuchle to:
1	SNMP Trap event config		Enable trap
	System		
	System startup		
	Power modules (PWR-6A, 101-230010, Ha	ardware revision V1.4 and newer)	
er config	Load sharing balance failure		
onfia	Load sharing balance restored		\searrow
ement	External power failure		
	External power restore		\checkmark
	Backplane voltage too low		
	Backplane voltage too high		
	Backplane voltage restored		
	Current delivery too high		
	Current delivery restored		
	Communication failure		
	Communication restored		
	Module removed from system		
	Module reinserted into system		

Fig. 45 - SNMP trap setup page

The first item, 'SNMP Community string', refers to a group of SNMP-devices. All devices with the same Community name can exchange the SNMP information. All SNMP-messages with a different name are ignored. It is recommended to change the Community name to a custom name, and use that same name in the SNMP manager.

In the SNMP Trap recipients field you can enter up to 3 IP addresses. Trap messages are sent to all these addresses. Make sure to separate the IP addresses with a semicolon (;) or a comma (,).

SNMP Trap community string: This is the community string sent along with SNMP traps, and serves the same function as the community string mentioned above.

You can also change the port ComBricks uses to send SNMP traps.

To test this feature, see paragraph 16.3.

5.6 Tag name configuration

Every ComBricks module and every station in every network can be tagged with a name.



Fig. 46 - Tag name configuration screen

The first block of tag names is used to assign tags to the ComBricks modules. Each tag must have the format **slot:name**, where slot is the slot number. The tag names are limited to 16 characters. The Colon (:) and quote (' or ") characters cannot be used.

The second to the fifth block of tag names are used to assign tags to individual stations in each network.

Tag names are stored on the SD card. Use the 'Backup' and 'Restore' feature to reload the names if you change the Head Station, see **paragraph 4.13**.

The tag names are visible in the Channel List page if you hover the mouse pointer over a module or station address. It is also possible to show the tag names in the Live List:

Tag names of modules are also displayed in drop-down references to modules and in tables on the following pages:

- Oscilloscope Images
- Oscilloscope Error Images
- Oscilloscope configuration
- Bar Graphs
- PA measurements
- Network Configuration
- Output Control configuration

5.7 Oscilloscope images



SCOPE repeater modules have an integrated oscilloscope to measure the signal quality of the telegrams. The oscilloscope has an interface with the web server to display the signals from the devices which are connected to its channel. After opening the web page, all oscilloscope signals are displayed and updated live.

The SCOPE repeater is the most easy to use PROFIBUS oscilloscope available:

- You do NOT have to touch the installation
- Works automatically, even images saves to SD card (since firmware version 1.286)
- Oscilloscope data is never mistaken with the wrong segment
- No probe wiring
- No spur lines

By clicking on the oscilloscope waveform of a device, the oscilloscope triggers on the respective device and displays its signals in a new page.



The SCOPE repeater is only able to do differential measurements.



Fig. 47 - Oscilloscope images from all devices

5.7.1 Oscilloscope Configuration

The following changes can be made to the Oscilloscope pages:

- Number of images per page
- Line color
- Error images buffer type
- Auto-save images to SD –card
- Termination min/max level
- Bargraph OK level
- For DP-IS (Ex) and PA modules: Specific trigger levels

Click the Oscilloscope Config in the left menu to change these settings.

PROCENTEC	IP address: 192.168.11.28 MAC address: 9C:B2:06:00:04:6A System uptime: 0 day						: 0 days, 21:55	ays, 21:55:48			
CObcieve	Site: Production site X Temperature: 41°C System time: 23-Set							23-Sep-2014 8:	ep-2014 8:42:22		
	Company: Oil & Gas Company Country: USA										
• <u>Status</u>	0-										
 System log 	US	Uscilloscope configuration									
ProfiTrace OE:	Gene	eral oscilloscope settings									
• Live list	Maxir	num number of images per page:	:					9	9 🔻		
<u>Statistics</u>	Line	color:						Durple	Durale		
• <u>Channel list</u>	Line							Pulpie	Purple		
 Message recording 	Error	Error images buffer type:							Ring buffer •		
 Network event log 	Autor	Automatically save images to SD card:									
 Event config 											
 <u>Tag-name config</u> 	1 Ch	annel RS485 SCOPE Repeater	Type 1								
Special modules:	Term	ination min level (mV):	700	700							
 Oscilloscope images 		remination mininever (mv).									
Oscilloscope errors	Term	Termination max level (mV):							1300		
Bargraph images	Barg	Bargraph OK limit (mV):							2500		
Oscilloscope config											
Configuration:	Othe	r SCOPE Repeater settings (th	nese settings w	vill be	saved in th	e modules	themselves)				
 General config 	Slot	Module		Ch	Variable		Current value	Lower limit	Upper limit		
 Network config 	Silut	Houne		c.n.	Tanable		current vulue	Lonet mint	opper mint		
• IP config					Idle level		1061 mV	Use above table	Use above table		
Password config	1	1 Channel RS485 SCOPE Repeat	er Type 1	Ch1	Bargraph la	vel	5401 mV	Use above			
E-mail account config		Bargraph level 5401 mV table									

Fig. 48 - Oscilloscope configuration

5.7.1.1 Max number of images per page

You can change the number of scope images per page. If you want a larger overview of all stations, choose a larger number. But keep in mind that one image is updated every second (by default, can be changed in General Settings). So if you have many nodes, it will take a long time to refresh all the images on the page.

5.7.1.2 Line Color

You can change the line color of the scope. Default is purple for clear contrast when printing the page.

5.7.1.3 Error images buffer type

The error images buffer type can be set to Ring Buffer (default) or 'Stop when full'. The ring buffer keeps recording new images to memory, so you can keep refreshing the page for new error messages. The module keeps a maximum of 16 latest images in memory. The 'Stop when full' mode only logs the first 16 error images and 16 into memory, and then stops recording.

5.7.1.4 Auto save images to SD card

This feature (available since firmware version v1.286) makes sure the images are periodically saved to the SD card, so they are not lost in the event of a power-cycle.

Every 15 minutes the following images are saved automatically if they need to be updated:
- The Min and Max image types per address per module (so a maximum of 2 x 127 per module)
- Bar Graph (one per module)
- Error images (maximum 16 per module)

If all images have been saved to SD card, one entry per module will be added to the system log. This makes it possible to check if an image has been saved to SD card after a certain event or error.

The first 16 error images are saved to SD card. After this, the Scope module saves another 16 images in memory. These can be saved manually to SD card by clicking on 'Refresh scope images' in the Oscilloscope Images page of the corresponding module.

The images are saved in an XML-based vector format .svg which can be viewed in any compatible browser. Recommended is Internet Explorer 9 or higher. You can also find freeware SVG file viewers in the Internet.

The images are located in the following folder on the SD card: **/mmc\$/graphs/** You can access the path via any FTP-capable browser, FTP program or simply put the SD-card in your PC (but make sure the SD card is write-protected when you insert it in the PC). See **paragraph 4.9.3** for more information.

5.7.1.5 Termination level

For regular Scope Repeater modules you can change the Termination min and max trigger level. This changes the idle voltage limit. Normally the idle voltage should be around 1V. You can change the sensitivity of this measurement. If the level is exceeded, the red LED ' TERM' will illuminate.

5.7.1.6 Bargraph OK limit

You can change the red line in the Bar Graph which is the trigger point for the red 'MIN' LED on the Scope module. If the installation is very stable with high amplitudes of 4V and more, you could consider raising the Bargraph OK limit to 3V for example. Or if you have problems with a certain slave which cannot get a higher amplitude than 2.5V, you can lower the limit to 2V.

5.7.2 Oscilloscope Images

The oscilloscope modules can be viewed by clicking on the 'Oscilloscope images' menu on the left of the webserver screen.

If more than one module with Scope functionality has been installed in the ComBricks, you can select that module in the drop-down list and see Scope images from devices connected to that module.

The Image type lets you view the Last, Min or Max scope image. The Min and Max are the lowest and the highest measured amplitudes.



Fig. 49 - Oscilloscope images

When the 'Min' value drops below the configured 'Bargraph OK limit' (default 2.5V) the red LED 'Min' will illuminate on the Scope module. To reset the 'Min' and 'Max' values simply click the 'Reset oscilloscope images' button.

5.7.3 Oscilloscope errors

Whenever an illegal message is seen by ComBricks, and the message occurred on a module with a Scope, you will be able to find the signal of that illegal message. This is very useful for troubleshooting, because it captures the moment of a failure. This makes it easy to prove EMC or other cable problems.

PROCENTEC	IP address: 192	.168.11.20	MAC	address: 9C:B	2:06:00:02	:EA	Sys	tem uptime: 9 da	ys, 2:42:04
CObcicus	Site: Tank 5			T	emperature:	42°C	Sys	tem time: 5-Nov-	-2014 15:27:08
	Company: Oil a	nd Gas Company				Country: Th	e Ne	etherlands	
• <u>Status</u>	Ossillas								
 System log 	Oscillos	cope error	П	nages		Se	elec	t ComBricks	
ProfiTrace OE:	Only the last 16	errors of the selected o	scillo	scope module w	ill be displaye	ed.	, i	module	
• Live list	Select oscilloscop	e module:	SIC	ot 3 (Scope 2)	•				
<u>Statistics</u>	Refresh the imag	es:	Re	efresh oscilloso	ope error im	ages (0 imag	ges p	pending in module	2)
<u>Channel list</u>	Reset the images	:	R	eset oscilloscop	e error imag	jes			
 Message recording 	Total errors:	13 Pages: <u>1</u>		2					
 <u>Network event log</u> 									
• Event config			-				_		
 <u>Taq-name config</u> 							1	·	
Special modules:									
Oscilloscope images	Error type:	Parity/framing error		Error type:	Parity/fra	ming error		Error type:	Parity/framing error
Oscilloscope errors	Timestamp:	4-Nov-2014 10:04:34	4	Timestamp:	31-Oct-2	014 13:03:12		Timestamp:	31-Oct-2014 13:03:12
Bargraph images	Delete image:	Delete		Delete image:	Delete			Delete image:	Delete
 <u>PA measurements</u> 						J			
 Oscilloscope config 							-		·····
Configuration:			1						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<u>General config</u>							f		
Network config	U								
• IP config									
• Password config	Error type:	Parity/framing error		Error type:	Parity/fra	ming error		Error type:	Parity/framing error
• E-mail account config	Timestamp:	31-Oct-2014 13:03:1	2	Timestamp:	31-Oct-2	014 13:03:12		Timestamp:	31-Oct-2014 13:03:12
Device management	Delete image:	Delete		Delete image:	Delete			Delete image:	Delete
 Output control config 									
• <u>User message</u>									
• <u>Update license</u>			÷Ł				£		
Downloads									
Not logged in.									
Login	Error type:	SD error		Error type:	SD error			Error type:	Parity/framing error
	Timestamp:	31-Oct-2014 13:03:1	2	Timestamp:	31-Oct-2	014 13:03:12		Timestamp:	31-Oct-2014 13:03:12
	Delete image:	Delete		Delete image:	Delete			Delete image:	Delete

Fig. 50 - Oscilloscope error images

You can view the Scope Error images per slot. The Head Station can hold 16 error images per slot in memory, and if there are more than 16 error images you can click 'Refresh error images' to load these.

To clear all error messages from memory click 'Reset scope error images'.

5.8 Bar graph

The Bar graph illustrates the average signal strength from all available connected devices behind a specific SCOPE repeater. It is a helpful utility to get an impression of the overall signal quality of the network.

The average amplitude should be around 5 V. When there are bus problems the Bar graph will display different Voltage levels and the color of the bars will change.

DDDDDDLTED	
PROCENTED	IP address: 192.168.1.230 MAC address: 9C:B2:06:00:02:03 System uptime: 0 days, 0:29:12
CObcicius	Site: Boiler 5 ure: 38°C System time: 8-Sep-2011 11:02:29
	Company: Oil and Gas Company Selected module Country: Alaska
<u>Status</u>	
System log	Bargraph image
	Select oscilloscope module: Slot 1
ProfiTrace OE:	
Live list	Select sorting type: Address 💌 Ascending 💌 Normal sort order 💌
Statistics	Reset the bargraph: Reset bargraph for selected module
Message recording	Total stations: 4
Network event Log	Voits
• Event config	13.0
Special modules:	11.0
Oscilloscope images	10.0 Signal quality
a number of	90
• bargraph images	8.0
 Oscilloscope config 	6.0 (5.65)
Configuration:	5.0 1 3.98
General config	4.0
a state of the state	3.0 2.01
• Network config	10 0.75
IP config	0.0
Password config	1 11 12 13
E-mail account config	
Device management	
User message	

Fig. 51 - Bar graph

5.9 Streaming with ProfiTrace 2

Streaming with ProfiTrace 2 is a feature that allows the user to use the ProfiTrace 2 software and create a scenario as if a ProfiCore is connected to the PC. ProfiTrace 2 is a software tool used by thousands of engineers worldwide, so there is much experience with this tool. A license for ProfiTrace 2 is NOT required!

Streaming with ProfiTrace 2 only works under the following circumstances and settings: Only Head Stations Type 1B or 1C with firmware V1.253 or higher

- Max. 1.5 Mbps (PROFIBUS)
- Clean TCP/IP connection
- ProfiTrace 2.6.0 or higher
- Only 1 ComBricks connection

After successfully installing ProfiTrace 2, you can find a '*ProfiTrace v2.x for ComBricks*' in the start menu of Windows (see **Fig. 52**).

This is the standard ProfiTrace2.exe, but with an additional parameter; ProfiTrace2.exe" -_CBMODE_

After Starting '*ProfiTrace V2.x for ComBricks*' ProfiTrace will initially look very similar to the regular version, but now with a reduced number of program option tabs offered near top of screen. The ScopeWare, Bargraph, Topology, ProfiCaptain and other tabs/menus are missing to the right of the single ProfiTrace tab (see **Fig. 52**).

ProfiTrace for COMbricks V2.6 (c) 2004-2011 PROCENTEC File Action Filter Trigger Toolbars View Settings Help ProfiTrace						
Connect COMbrick Current state: In	dle					
Load Data Save Data ger Start message recording Stop message recording Set record filter Set view filter						
System activity: Live list : COM	nnect to bricks ur	a Record to file :	×			
Info Panel	1	Messages 🛛 😒	Messages (with view filter a	applied) 🛛 😵 Station statisti	ics view 🛛 🔎 Data inspect	ion
	HSA=0	Reset selected station	Info Panel data: Diagno	stics 🔽 🗖	Auto-update Info Panel	
		0	1	2	3	4
	0	0	1	2	3	4
	10	10	11	12	13	14
	20	1. Star	rt this	22	23	24
ProfiTrace V2.6.0 Driver Install for ProfiCe	ore Ultra	shortcut Start N	from the Menu	32	33	34
End User License	ory	T	41	42	43	44
ProfiTrace V2.6 for CON ProfiTrace V2.6	<u>1bricks</u>	e la	51	52	53	54
Uninstall ProfiTrace V2.6	5	0	61	62	63	64
ProfiTrace help & manua	als	, ₀	71	72	73	74

Fig. 52 - Starting ProfiTrace 2 for ComBricks

After clicking on the 'Connect ComBricks' button, a mid-screen dialogue window is displayed which is used to setup the connection with ComBricks (see **Fig. 53**).

COMbricks connection	X
Connections: Connection 1 (ip/dns=192.168.1.230, nw=1) Available connections Connect Disconnect Close dialog Curry t state: Idle Last connection status: N ontinuous transfer only possible for 1.5Mbps or lower and it	Connection Settings Name Connection 1 PNr./DNS name 192.168.1.230 Port 38888 Network Nr. Network 1 Username Admin Password Add Update Important parameters! (network, user and password) if TCP/IP bandwidth is sufficient.
Start connection	

Fig. 53 - Setting up the connection

Important parameters for the connection and the streaming process:

- IP number
- User type and password
- Network number



If one of the connection parameters is incorrect, the connection will not be established or no data is streamed. It is recommended to start the discovery tool to verify the IP connection.

Multiple connection instances can be saved and loaded each with their own connection parameters.



ComBricks itself can handle 1 streaming connection, but on the PC multiple ProfiTrace instances can be opened that simultaneously communicate with different ComBricks units.

5.10 Summary of Statistics and Events

This paragraph contains a description of the items listed in the statistics and/or events.

Lost	 How many times a device in data exchange fails to respond after the maximum retries have been reached. Lost is retriggered when the device recovers back to data exchange and fails to respond again. Live List will indicate a yellow colored address (after time- out). When the device was already lost after the activation of ProfiTrace Lost will not be updated. Only Syncs will indicate the problem. 	YES
Syncs	 Attempts of the master to contact a device for the first time or establish a communication relationship. This occurs in most cases after station lost, device unavailability or startup of the master. In the statistics view this values adds up relatively quick. Some DCS systems read diagnostics all the time with Syncs ON. Live List could indicate a yellow colored address. 	YES (in most cases)
Repeats Total	 Attempt of the master to get a response from an unanswered telegram. The response did not come or has content errors. The maximum amount of repeats a master attempts can be customized in the master. When the retries have reached the limit, the master goes to the Syncs state 	YES
Repeats Max (worst sequence)	This value represents the highest amount of retries that were attempted on this specific device in one cycle.This value will never get higher than the retry value that has been setup in the master.	YES
Illegal Responses	 The response to a master request telegram contains framing errors (parity error, wrong FCS, SD error, etc). This mostly happens with EMC and cabling problems. When this statistic adds up relatively quick, it could also be a double device address. 	YES
Internal Diag	 Negative responses at the lowest telegram level (Layer 2: FDL) and are rare. In the telegram recording you will see SD1 telegrams with for example an RS (Reject Service) or RR (Reject Resources). Examples of situations where this occurs: DP-V1 connections to DP-V0 devices. Watchdog has run out on a DP device and the master sends a Data Exchange output telegram. Non-certified DP devices that do not support a specific service/command or cannot handle a command in time. 	NO

External Diag	All responses from Get Diagnostics requests from all masters.	NO
Diag while in DX	 Only responses to Get Diagnostics requests from the master that controls this slave (primary class 1 master). When the first 2 bytes of the diagnostic content contains a 08 0C or 08 04, a red indicator blinks in the left corner of the device in the Live List (critical content). 	YES (in most cases)
Master lost	One of the masters is not active after getting the token; it is not responding anymore. Note that this also happens when a Class 2 DP-V1 master is disabled.	YES (in most cases)
Baudrate change	The detected baudrate of the PROFIBUS network has been changed.	YES (in most cases)
High/Low signal (Bargraph)	At least one station has a too low (in DP and PA networks) or too high (in PA networks only) amplitude.	YES
High/Low DP Idle voltage	The Idle voltage level is too high or too low (threshold can be set in Oscilloscope settings)	YES
Redundancy Failure	One of the redundant cables has failed.	NO
PA/FF signal and levels	PA or FF values such as jitter, DC voltage or DC noise out of range.	YES
High/Low signal Fiber Optic	Fiber Optic signal is out of range.	YES
Ring Failure (fiber optic)	Fiber Optic ring is broken.	YES

6 Head Station 1A/1B/1C

The Head Station is the primary element of ComBricks and has to be inserted in the most left slot of the fixed backplane socket. It schedules the interaction between all modules and provides data storage and an Ethernet interface for the user.

6.1 Overview

Type 1A is the basic model and <u>ALL Head Stations are hardware technically identical with type 1A.</u>

Type 1B and 1C are enhanced types that contain a ProfiTrace core and advanced web server for permanent remote maintenance of the PROFIBUS installation over Ethernet (hardware is identical as a type 1A).

- Type 1A: NO monitoring capabilities, no streaming, no OPC
- Type 1B: Monitors 1 PROFIBUS network + ProfiTrace 2 streaming + OPC (since June 2013)
- Type 1C: Monitors 4 PROFIBUS networks + ProfiTrace 2 streaming + OPC

For the monitoring with ProfiTrace OE, repeater modules or slave modules are required to provide PROFIBUS telegrams on the backplane network.

Head Station type 1B and 1C are able to stream live data directly in the ProfiTrace 2 software package over Ethernet. ProfiTrace 2 will run with full monitoring functionality and the user can benefit from its features.

The Head Station provides power to all modules through its redundant power supply.

Backplane networks (for repeater modules)	4	4	4
Web server	YES	YES	YES
CommDTM / Class 2 master	YES	YES	YES
SNMP	YES	YES	YES
ProfiTrace OE networks (for monitoring)	4 (ALL networks)	1 (network 1)	-
Oscilloscope features	YES	YES	-
ProfiTrace 2 live streaming	YES	YES	-
ОРС	YES	YES	-

Table 3 - Head Station comparison



6.2 Relay contact

With the relay contact it is possible to react on an event (retries, lost, bus voltage too low, etc). It is also possible to control the relay manual or on a timer. Refer to **Paragraph 4.8** for details. The relay is capable of switching 0.5 A - 24 VAC.

6.3 SD card

The SD card is used to store ProfiTrace file recording data, logs, the GSD info file and backup settings.

By default a 1 GB SD card is supplied together with the Head Station, but it can be exchanged by an SD card with a maximum capacity of 32 GB. However, 1 GB is more than enough to store all possible faults and oscilloscope images, so a higher capacity does not add any functionality.

The SD card is addressable directly with an FTP client. In the FTP software the SD card has a drive letter with a directory structure, on which files can be read and written from and to the SD card. When the password is set in the web server, this same password has to be used by the FTP software to establish a connection.

6.3.1 Inserting/replacing the SD card

The socket is located on the front plate of the Head Station.

To remove the SD card, gently press it inwards. The SD card is unlocked and released from the socket.

With insertion, just insert the SD card in the socket and press it inwards. The SD card socket has a polarity to make sure it is not inserted backwards.



Since serial number 009183 (September 2019) the orientation of the SD card has changed due to PCB optimizations. The SD card must be inserted 'upside down' compared to the previous Head Station version.



The SD card is hot swappable, but there is a risk that monitoring data is lost when the system wants to write at exactly the same time as the removal or insertion.

6.3.2 Life cycle of the SD card

The life of a SD card depends on the following factors:

- Number of read and write operations
- Ambient temperature

At an ambient temperature of up to 60 °C the SD card has a service life of 10-years at maximum 100000 write/delete sequences.

If the maximum number of read and write operations has exceeded the limits, data loss may be possible.

6.3.3 Directories and files

The following directories have been standardized for ComBricks and are in most cases located on the SD card;

/Busmon	ProfiTrace message recording files (Head Station type 1B and 1C only)
/Log	Log files
/Doc	Contains the web server download page (See Paragraph 4.11 on how to set it up)

Journal.DAT	System file (Do not delete or remove it)
GSD.BIN	File with GSD information for the Live List. (Generated with the ProfiTrace 2 software). See Paragraph 5.1.1 how to generate this file.
SETTINGS.INI	Head Station settings (IP address, name, location, etc.)
LICxxxxxxx.TXT	License files
.PTC	ProfiTrace OE message recoding files. (located in the " <i>Busmon</i> " directory). The files can be opened with ProfiTrace V2.5.3 and higher (See Paragraph 5.3 on how to generate PTC files).
.PKG	Firmware files
.csv	Log files (located in the " <i>Log</i> " directory)

6.4 Audio jack

Not supported. This connector is removed from hardware versions higher than 1.5.



6.5 Switch navigation of the Head Station 1A/1B/1C

6.6 LEDs on the Head Station

In the tables below the LEDs of the Head Stations during normal operation are described. The LED conditions in firmware update and menu mode are not described here.

RDY - Ready		
Starting up	х	
Run		Х

No Ethernet link established	x		
DHCP configuration is pending		х	
Ethernet link established			х

ОК	х		
Backplane voltage too low (under 5,5 VDC) or current draw to high (above 2,5 A)		Fast	
Clock-chip error (contact your local Distributor or PROCENTEC)		Slow	
Internal component or firmware error (contact your local Distributor or PROCENTEC)			Х

ОК	Х	
High speed module in slot 11-32		х
More than 32 modules found		х
Module NOT identified		х

No USB connection	х	
USB connection		х

No SD card inserted	х		
SD card inserted (activity)		х	
SD card inserted (no activity)			х

7 Repeater modules (RS-485)

The standard RS-485 PROFIBUS repeater modules can be a 1 or 2 channel type. Suitable for 12 Mbps with screw terminals, additional DB9 connector, onboard termination, diagnostic LEDs and redundancy feature.

The advanced 12 Mbps core of the repeater module is identical as the ProfiHub and repeater B1; it can be cascaded unlimitedly and has increased RS-485 strength. It does not have the frustrating short-circuit bug and the bus communication is constantly monitored for glitches which are digitally filtered out. Every channel has on-board switchable termination and is able to drive 31 devices.

The repeater channels are directly connected with the ProfiTrace

OE core in the 1B/1C Head Station. Busmonitor data is directly available in the web server.

10 Repeater modules can be inserted in the backplane. This is independent of the amount of channels on the repeater modules.

This chapter does not apply to the characteristics of the RS-485-IS Barrier module. It has been listed for comparison purposes only. For a detailed description of the RS-485-IS Barrier module, refer to chapter 8.

Channels	1	2	1	1	1
Networks	4	4	4	4	4
Redundancy	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
ProfiTrace (busmonitor)	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Oscilloscope (bus signals / bargraph)	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES
EMC and cable improving	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO
Intrinsically safe	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES See chapter 8



7.1 Multiple channels per module

Repeater modules contain 1 or 2 channels. **Fig. 54** illustrates a 2 channel repeater module. Every channel can be assigned to a specific backplane network by means of the NW dipswitches or the web server.



Since March 2014 the 2 Channel modules are fitted with new, more robust screw terminals.

Old modules: The channels (CHx) have 2 screw terminals (IN and OUT, for the bus connection) and a termination switch.

New modules: The channels have 1 screw terminal and a termination switch. In most cases, the channel starts here so the termination must be set to 'ON'. If the channel is not the beginning, use the DB9 connector, see **paragraph 3.11.2**. Alternatively, use the dual ground clip (supplied with the new models) to install two cables in one screw terminal, see **Fig. 26**.



Fig. 54 - Multiple channels per module

ProfiTrace OE is able to monitor 4 PROFIBUS networks with 2 units of 2 channel repeater modules.

The DB9 connector is connected 1-on-1 to the connectors of channel 1 (see Fig. 54).

7.2 Channel structure

Every Channel is electrically isolated and internally connected to one of the transparent PROFIBUS networks on the backplane (see **Fig. 55**).

The shielding of the PROFIBUS cable can be directly grounded or indirectly grounded (see Paragraph 7.4).

The termination is switchable and powered by the repeater module. A LED on the front of the module or in the web server diagnostics indicate the status of the termination switch.



For the old models: When the termination is switched ON, the OUT connector of the specific channel is disconnected. If it is activated on Channel 1, the DB9 connector is NOT disconnected. In that case, check for possible termination errors. An extra termination on the connected plug could jeopardize the communication on the segment. See paragraph 3.11 for examples.



Fig. 55 - Channel structure of the repeater modules

7.3 EMC barrier

The galvanic isolation and bit recovery circuit in the repeater modules, make the ComBricks perfect to act as an EMC barrier for sensitive areas.



Fig. 56 - ComBricks as EMC barrier

7.4 Grounding system

There are 3 methods to ground the PROFIBUS cable:

- 1 Direct grounding
- 2 Indirect grouning (through a capacitor)
- 3 Combination of direct and indirect

In most cases it is recommended always to use Direct Grounding with the power supply and the shielding of the PROFIBUS cables. If you do not want to ground all or some cables to the common ground, the cable shielding should be connected to pin '1'. A capacitor with a parallel high value resistor will separate the 2 potentials (see Fig. 55).

If the Direct Grounding is connected with the Indirect Grounding by mistake, the Direct Grounding "wins".

7.5 Baudrate detection

It takes less than 10 seconds for a module to detect the baudrate (in practice it will be around 3 seconds). The detection mechanism is started when telegrams enter the module from the field side (not the backplane). If the baudrate has been detected, the 'ER' LED will be OFF.

When the baudrate has been detected, the module has to "see" a valid telegram within 50 seconds, otherwise the module unlocks the baudrate and the 'ER' LED will be ON.

7.6 PROFIBUS DP cable lengths

The length of the PROFIBUS cable connected to the repeater channels should comply with the PROFIBUS DP cable specifications for RS-485.

Baudrate (kbps)	9.6	19.2	45.45	93.75	187.5	500	1500	3000	6000	12000
Segment length (m)	1200	1200	1200	1200	1000	400	200	100	100	100



Fig. 57 - PROFIBUS DP cable lengths

7.7 PROFIBUS DP cable specifications

The cable should comply with the PROFIBUS DP cable specifications for RS-485.

Table 4 -	PROFIBUS	DP	cable	specifications
			00.0.0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000

Wires	2 (twisted)	Wire diameter	≥ 0.64 mm
Impedance	150 Ohm (3 to 20 MHz)	Wire area	≥ 0.32 mm²
Capacity	≤ 30 pF/m	Shielding resistance	≤ 9.5 Ohm/km
Loop resistance	≤ 110 Ohm/km		

7.8 PROFIBUS DP cable types

The repeater modules can handle PROFIBUS cable based on multiple protection sheaths with a diameter between 6 to 12 mm (when the grounding clip is used).

- Robust cable
- Food cable
- Ground cable
- Trailing cable
- Festoon cable
- Fire and heat cable
- Flexible cable
- Shipboard cable
- Rodent protection cable



Fig. 58 - Supported PROFIBUS cable types

7.9 Redundancy

The bus redundancy technology of the repeater modules is very advanced. A redundant system can be built using 10 parallel cables. This architecture provides extremely high availability. It is compatible with the RLM01 from ABB.

The redundancy procedure is very simple;

All the repeater channels of the specific application have to be assigned to the same network group. The repeater channels that carry the redundant task have to be activated with the RED switch. After a reset or power-up the redundancy system works directly.

ComBricks locks itself to the first redundant channel that has a valid start delimiter. If this channel does not have valid telegrams anymore, ComBricks locks itself to the next redundant channel with a valid start delimiter. There is no logic which redundant channel is selected.

()

It is recommended to use single-channel repeater modules for redundant applications. If a module should fail, the replacement (pull/plug and wiring) will not affect the other redundant repeater modules (channels).

Fig. 59 illustrates an application with 3 redundant segments. 3 Repeater modules of each ComBricks are set with the RED switch set to ON and are wired to the redundant segments.

The devices and the controller(s) are connected to the regular repeater modules. The maximum amount of devices which is allowed behind a regular repeater module depends on the application (between 1 and 31 devices).



Fig. 59 - Application with 3 redundant segments

7.10 Mixing with other repeaters

Normally it is advised not to mix regular repeaters because of the limitation in cascading that these repeaters have (caused by the bit width alteration due to internal opto-couplers and digital electronics).

ComBricks regenerates the telegrams (same as a ProfiHub or B1 Repeater). This means there is just a small delay time, but no limitations in cascading.

If you mix ComBricks with other repeaters you only have to follow the cascading rules of the other repeater manufacturer. If the other repeaters are also from PROCENTEC, you can cascade and mix without problems.

Keep in mind that monitoring will fully work, but the SCOPE repeaters only measure the signals up to the first repeater module.



7.11 LEDs of the repeater module

The LEDs on the repeater modules are very useful for visual diagnostics.

Table 5 -	LEDs on	the s	standard	repeater	module

RDY	Repeater module has NOT been configured yet.	Head Station is configuring the repeater module.	Repeater module has been configured and is operational
RX	NO valid telegrams detected on this channel.	1 or more devices are communicating on this channel.	1 or more devices are communicating on this channel.
ER	The baudrate has been detected.	Problem in the cabling has been detected on this channel.	This channel has not detected the baudrate (yet) or there is a problem with the wiring of the cable.
sw	Internal termination for this channel is OFF.		Internal termination for this channel has been activated.

Table 6 - Additional LEDs on the SCOPE repeater module

MIN	Valid telegram signal amplitude (> 2.5 V)	Telegram signal amplitude is too low (< 2.5 V)
TERM	Valid idle voltage (~ 1 V).	Idle voltage is too low (< 1 V)
HWE	Repeater is operational.	Internal repeater error (contact PROCENTEC)

8 RS-485-IS Barrier module (discontinued as of Aug. 2019)

The ComBricks RS-485 Intrinsic Safety barrier is capable of creating segments for use in potentially explosive atmospheres. It complies with the specifications for PROFIBUS DP in IS segments and drives 31 RS-485-IS PROFIBUS DP devices. ProfiTrace and an Oscilloscope are integrated and also suitable for Intrinsic Safety.

The RS-485-IS barrier is the only available product for remotely monitoring IS segments over Ethernet from the safe zone. Because of the permanent mounting of the barrier, the user does not have to touch the installation anymore. This avoids hot permits and other paper work.

As an alternative it can also be used as a busmonitor on existing IS segments created by 3rd party barriers.

The IS barrier can be mixed on the backplane with other ComBricks modules, such as the PROFIBUS PA, Fiber Optic and regular RS-485 modules.



8.1 Compliancy and certificates

The RS-485-IS Barrier module complies with:

II (2) G [Ex ia Gb] IIC
 EN-IEC60079-0: 2009
 EN-IEC60079-11: 2012
 EN-IEC60079-25: 2010
 PROFIBUS International IS Installation Guidelines
 Certification number: DEKRA 12ATEX019



Fig. 60 - Dekra ATEX Certificate

8.2 Channel structure

Every Channel is electrically isolated and internally connected to the transparent PROFIBUS networks on the backplane (see **Fig. 55**).

The shielding of the PROFIBUS cable is grounded 1-on-1 to the DIN rail.



8.3 Connecting the cable

Connect the cable to the module with a DB9 connector on the front of the module. The DB9 connector must be suitable for use in Intrinsically safe networks, and the internal termination shall have a value of 200 Ohms.

Do not connect a cable which is connected to non-IS components. This will damage the internal electronics and makes the use of this module dangerous in Intrinsically Safe segments.

8.4 Grounding system

Always use Direct Grounding with the power supply and the shielding of the PROFIBUS cables. If you do not want to ground all or some cables to the common ground, the cable shielding should be connected to pin 'I'. A capacitor with a parallel high value resistor will separate the 2 potentials (see **Fig. 55**). If by accident the Direct Grounding is connected with the Indirect Grounding, the Direct Grounding "wins".

8.5 Baudrate detection

Refer to **paragraph 7.5** for a description of the baudrate detection.

8.6 PROFIBUS DP cable lengths

The length of the PROFIBUS cable connected to the repeater channels should comply with the PROFIBUS DP cable specifications for RS-485-IS.

Baudrate (kbps)	9.6	19.2	45.45	93.75	187.5	500	1500
Segment length (m)	1200	1200	1200	1200	1000	400	200



8.7 PROFIBUS DP cable specifications

The cable should comply with the PROFIBUS DP cable specifications for RS-485-IS.

Table 7 - PROFIBUS DP cable specifications	

Wires	2 (twisted)	Wire diameter	≥ 0.64 mm
Impedance	135165 Ohms at 320 MHz	Wire area	≥ 0.34 mm²
Capacity	≤ 30 pF/m	Shielding resistance	≤ 9.5 Ohm/km
Loop resistance	≤ 110 Ohm/km		

8.8 LEDs and DIP switches of the repeater module



The LEDs on the repeater modules are very useful for visual diagnostics.

8.9 Redundancy

Refer to **paragraph 7.9** for a description of the redundancy system.

9 Fiber optic module (2FO-001)

The 2 channel PROFIBUS fiber optic module is suitable for 3 km multimode cable. This module enables long cable distances and a galvanic isolation between devices and segments. It can be deployed in a point-to-point, bus, star and hub topology.

The fiber optic modules can be placed side by side with repeaters modules. Just like any other communication module, the channels are directly connected with the ProfiTrace OE core in the Head Station. Busmonitor data is directly available in the web server.

ComBricks can easily be transformed to a fully dedicated fiber optic hub mixed with copper segments. The hub topology delivers an optimized delay time and live expansion.

The advanced 12 Mbps core of the fiber optic module can be cascaded unlimitedly with other fiber modules. It contains diagnostic LEDs and supports the redundancy feature. The fiber connection is utilized by 4 ST/BFOC connectors.



The 2FO-001 does <u>not</u> support ring redundancy. See **chapter 10** for modules that do support ring topologies.

9.1 Topologies

The ComBricks fiber optic module supports multiple topologies: point-to-point, bus, star and hub topology (see **Fig. 61**).



Fig. 61 - Fiber optic topologies

2FO-001

Θ

G

G

G

101-201510

RDY RX1 ER1

RX2 ER2

Fiber optic communication is in all situations point-to-point where the receiver and transmitter wires are crossed. The combination of modules can create complex topologies like; bus and star/hub topologies. Every topology has its own advantages and disadvantages.

9.1.1 Bus topology with ComBricks

- Long delay time
- Long range possible (cascading)
- Extendable only at the ends (without adding new modules)

9.1.2 Star/Hub topology with ComBricks

- Relative short delay time (no busparameter adjustments required)
- Adjustable at any time
- More module are required
- High availability

9.2 Delay time

Fiber optic applications require a delay time calculation to adjust the Slottime busparameter in the configuration of the master(s). ComBricks complies with the following formulas:

F0 cable delay = $(5 * 10^{-6}) \times$ F0 cable length × Baudrate Example: 1.5 Mbps, 3 km F0 cable F0 cable delay = $0.000005 \times 3 \times 1500000 = 22.5$ TBit Tdelay = (F0 cable delay + $(2 \times Module delay time)) \times 2$ Continued example: 1.5 Mbps, 22.5 TBit F0 delay: Tdelay = $(22.5 + (2 \times 1.8)) \times 2 = 52.2$ TBit

This is between 2 fiber optic modules! More calculations have to be done when more modules are involved (see **Fig. 62**).

The total delay for the entire network has to be added to the Slottime setting in the busparameters of the master.



Fig. 62 - Fiber optic delay time

9.3 Baudrate detection

See paragraph 7.5 for an explanation.

9.4 Fiber optic modules in redundancy mode

For correct pass-through of telegrams in redundancy mode, keep in mind that the delay time is longer in this mode. Increase the MinTSDR busparameter to at least 20 bittimes.

9.5 Use of FO modules in combination with other brands

When it is required that the ComBricks module connects to a third party optical link module, make sure to enable the 'Compatibility mode' on the third party optical link. This will ensure normal operation.

Furthermore, short FO cables can cause an optical overdrive in the receiving side of third party optical links. These links offer a 'reduced power' option to overcome this. The ComBricks does not suffer from the optical overdrive problem, and has no reduced power functionality. In rare cases, when very short cable is used, this can cause problems in the network. In these situations a 3dB attenuator should be used on the cable, or simply use a longer cable.

10 Fiber Optic Ring module (FOR-MM1 / SM1 / XM1)

The PROFIBUS Fiber Optic Ring module makes it possible to create reliable ring structured fiber optic connections over multimode, single mode or a mix of these modes. It is a galvanic isolation between devices and segments and can be used over long distances. It is even possible to create chain structured networks by using two or more modules in one ComBricks set.

The fiber optic ring modules can be placed side by side with repeater modules. Just like any other communication module, the channels are directly connected with the ProfiTrace OE core in the Head Station. Busmonitor data is directly available in the web server.

The use of mixed mode modules enables network designs with both multimode and single mode paths. When using the XM1 module, make sure to connect the multimode cable to channel 1 and the single mode cable to channel 2.



Safety of laser products

The devices of the product contain LED / laser components in accordance with IEC 60825-1:2014: Class 1 laser/LED-product.

Warning!



- Do not look into in the beam of the optical transceivers with optical instruments (eg, lenses, microscope)! Ignoring this warning may result in eye damage.
- Do not look into the optical transmitter.
 The bundled and dependent on the wavelength visible or invisible light can cause eye damage.



Firmware version v1.288 or higher is required to run these modules. Please update your firmware before using the Fiber Optic Ring modules.

10.1 Topologies

The ComBricks Fiber Optic Ring Module supports many topologies:





A ring topology must be connected from CH1 to CH1 and CH2 to CH2. Only with an uneven number of FO modules, the cables may be connected from CH1 to CH2 and CH2 to CH1 (only once per ring).

10.2 Delay time

Fiber optic applications require a delay time calculation to adjust the Slottime busparameter in the configuration of the master(s). To calculate the total delay including the fiber optic modules and extra time for ring events, use the following formula:

 $T_{SLOT} \ge Max_{TSDR} + (FO_{length} \times FO_{delay}) + (N_{FO-modules} \times N_{delay})$

FO_{length} = Total length of fiber optic cable in km

FO_{delay} = Delay of fiber optic cable per km in bit times (see table)

- N_{FO-modules} = Number of fiber optic modules in ring N_{delay} = Delay of one fiber optic module (see table)

The above formula can be completed with the values in the following table:

12Mbps	800	240	84
6Mbps	450	120	43
3Mbps	250	60	22
1.5 Mbps	150	30	12
500 kbps	100	10	6
187.5 kbps	60	3	5
93.75 kbps	60	2	5
45.45 kbps	400	2	5
19.2 kbps	60	1	4
9.6 kbps	60	1	4

The total delay for the entire network must be set as the new Slot time (T_{slot}) setting in the busparameters of the master.

Example 1: 1.5 Mbps, 5 km FO cable, 6 FO ring modules

 $Max_{TSDR} + (FO_{length} \times FO_{delay}) + (N_{FO-modules} \times N_{delay})$

150 + (5 x 30) + (6 x 12)

150 + 150 + 72 = **372 bit times**

It is required to change the T_{slot} to a value higher than 372.

Example 2: 6 Mbps, 3 km FO cable, 10 FO ring modules

 $Max_{TSDR} + (FO_{length} \times FO_{delay}) + (N_{FO-modules} \times N_{delay})$

450 + (3 x 120) + (10 x 43)

450 + 360 + 430 = **1240 bit times**

It is required to change the T_{slot} to a value higher than 1240.

10.3 Dipswitches

Use the DIP switches at the bottom of the module to change the behavior of the channels. The settings of these DIP switches are only read during startup of the module. The switches have the following values:



In all ring redundancy modes, the Ring dipswitches must be switched to the LEFT position.





In case both channels are connected in line mode (to two different ComBricks FO modules), disable the RED switch (switch to RIGHT).

In case of one line connection, disable the RED switch (switch to RIGHT) and disable the unused fiber channel CH1 or CH2.


10.4 LEDs

The table below explains the function of all the LEDs on the front plate of the Fiber Optic module:

RDY	Module has NOT been powered / initialized yet.	Head Station is initializing or updating the module.	Module has been initialized and is operational
RX1 / RX2	NO signal, or NO valid telegrams detected on this channel, or channel is off.	1 or more devices are communicating on this channel.	A fiber optic cable is connected and link is established correctly
LV1 / LV2	Signal quality is good, or channel is off.	Not possible	Low signal, received messages can still be decoded
ER1 / ER2	No errors, or channel is off.	Not possible	No baudrate detected or no connection/signal

10.5 Setting up Fiber Optic alarms

The webserver and the FO Ring module are capable of sending alarms on critical events in the fiber connection. The following events can be reported:

- Signal quality deterioration and quality improvement
- Ring failing and ring established

On the module status page all vital module information is displayed. You can see the detected baudrate, and channel 1 and 2 signal status. Also the ring status is displayed.

PROCENTEC	IP address: 192.168.11.29 MAC address: 9	C:B2:06:00:09:CD	System uptime: 7 days, 21:35:31	
COMPLEX	Site: Mountain Tunnel Tube 2	Temperature: 42°C	System time: 13-Mar-2015 9:21:26	
	Company: Tunnel Inc.	Country:	Switzerland	
System log	Fiber optic module status			
hannel list	Module info			
ofiTrace OE:	Slot:	1 - FO Ring		
ive list	Vendor:	PROCENTEC		
atistics	Module type:	Fiber Optic Ring mo	dule Type 1	
essage recording	Serial number:	000011		
etwork event log	Software revision:	V1.0.1		
vent config	Hardware revision:	V1.0		
ag-name config	Module status:	ок		
ecial modules:	Number of channels:	1		
scilloscope images				
cilloscope errors	Channel 1			
rgraph images	Network:	1 (Right lane)		
scilloscope config	Baudrate:	1.5 Mbps	Signal and ring status	
ber optic config	Station count active on channel:	1		
nfiguration:	Setting:	Dipswitch		
eneral config	Signal CH1:	• ок		
etwork config	Signal CH2:	• ок	1	
2 config	Ring status:	Ring OK	Signal CH1:	Low signal
			Signal CH2:	• ok
			Ring status:	Ring OK
			Signal CH1:	• No
			Signal CH2:	• ok

These statuses are monitored by the ComBricks webserver and can be used as triggered events.

To set up the triggered event go to the 'Fiber optic config' page as shown in Fig. 63 and Fig. 64.

DDDCENTEC						1	
PROCENTED	IP ad	dress: 192.168.11.29	MAC address: 9C	:B2:06:00:09:	CD	System uptir	me: 7 days, 22:29:46
	Site:	Mountain Tunnel Tube 2		Temperature:	42°C	System time	: 13-Mar-2015 10:15:42
	Com	pany: Tunnel Inc.			Country: S	Switzerland	
• <u>Status</u>							
• <u>System log</u>	Fib	er optic config	uration				
• <u>Channel list</u>	Slot	Module		Variable	C	urrent value	Settings
ProfiTrace OE:							
• Live list				Signal port 1		UK OK	Signal quality events:
Statistics	1	Fiber Optic Ring module Type 1 FO Ring		Signal port 2		• ок	All changes
Message recording		Set to defaul	t	Ring state		Ring OK	All changes King status events:
Network event log				King state		 King OK 	Only on ring fail
• Event config							
Tag_name config	Save	•					
- Indentative control							
Special modules:							
Oscilloscope images							
Oscilloscope errors							
<u>Bargraph images</u>							
Oscilloscope config							
• Fiber optic config							

Fig. 63 - Signal quality event setup

If the signal quality gets worse (due to cable or component aging, cable bends or dirt on the connector for example), this is a trigger. You can choose to have a trigger also on signal improvement; you can set this up in the configuration page. There are 3 levels for the signal event:

- 1. Signal OK
- 2. Signal low
- 3. No signal

If you choose 'All changes' in the Signal Quality Events setting, a transition between any of these stages will be triggered. Otherwise only a transition from (1 to 2), (1 to 3) or (2 to 3) will cause a trigger.

DOCENTEC						
PROCENTED	IP ac	Idress: 192.168.11.29 MAC address: 90	::B2:06:00:09:	CD	System upti	me: 7 days, 22:30:34
	Site:	Mountain Tunnel Tube 2	Temperature:	42°C	System time	:: 13-Mar-2015 10:16:30
	Com	pany: Tunnel Inc.		Country: S	witzerland	
• <u>Status</u>	E 34	an antia configuration				
• <u>System log</u>	FID	per optic configuration				
<u>Channel list</u>	Slot	Module	Variable	Cu	urrent value	Settings
ProfiTrace OF:						
• Live list			Signal port 1		• OK	Signal quality events:
Chellen	1	Fiber Optic Ring module Type 1	Signal port 2		• OK	All changes 🔹
• <u>Statistics</u>		Set to default				
Message recording			Ring state		Ring OK	Ring status events:
<u>Network event log</u>						Only on ring fail
<u>Event config</u>	Sau					All changes
• <u>Tag-name config</u>	Odve	e				
Enocial moduloci						
special moutles:						
Oscilloscope images						
Oscilloscope errors						
 <u>Bargraph images</u> 						
Oscilloscope config						
• Fiber optic config						

Fig. 64 - Ring status event setup

If the ring fails, this is a trigger. You can choose to have a trigger also on ring reconnection. To set this up, choose 'All changes' in the Ring Status Events setting.

See **paragraph 4.8** and **5.4** for Output Control and Event Configuration to enable the Fiber Optic events.

11 PROFIBUS Slave Module PBS-001

The PBS-001 PROFIBUS slave module enables your ComBricks set with real Remote I/O capabilities. A unique feature is that it can also be used as a DP/DP coupler, a PB/PN coupler or gateway between multiple PROFIBUS and/or PROFINET networks.

The slave module can be placed side by side with any repeater module and can be used to control Digital Inputs or Outputs, or the relay card. The slave module has a PROFIBUS address, and busmonitor data is directly available in the web server of the Head Station.

It is possible to use the PBS-001 as a gateway between up to 10 PROFIBUS and/or PROFINET networks simultaneously. It transfers data on I/O level, which means that the master can be programmed to send data to the slave which is forwarded to another PROFIBUS or PROFINET module in the ComBricks backplane. Each module can transfer up to 64 words.

An additional benefit is that the DB9 connector of the PROFIBUS slave can be considered as a new segment. If the module is used with any another module on the same network number, then the signals coming out of the DB9 connector are re-generated in the PBS-001, in the same way as any repeater.





Make sure to update your PBS-001 module with the latest module firmware, and Head Station firmware 1.275 or higher. If an older firmware or GSD file is used, the module will not go into Data Exchange due to a parameter error. Please refer to **Chapter 17** for a guide to update your Head Station and module.

11.1 Status LEDs

The PBS-001 module has four diagnostic LEDs. These LEDs indicate whether the module is functioning properly.



11.1.1 RDY LED

The RDY LED indicates power supply and connection with the Head Station. Also a firmware update is indicated with this LED.

LED	State	Meaning
RDY (green)	Off	No power supply, or PBS-001 module is faulty. There is no voltage at the module, or the module has a hardware defect. Remedy: Connect the 24 V DC supply voltage at the Head station.
	Flashing (1 Hz)	The PBS-001 module is connecting with the Head Station. This state is allowed for a short time (max 1 minute).
	Flashing (0.3Hz)	A backplane firmware update of the PBS-001 module is executed by the Head Station (max 1 minute).
	On	The connection with the Head Station is established.

11.1.2 PROFIBUS LEDs

The PBS-001 module has three PROFIBUS diagnostic LEDs: RUN, SF (System Fail) and BF (Bus Fail).

LED	State	Meaning
RUN (green)	Off	Internal application firmware is not running (PROFIBUS stack). Remedy: Update application firmware.
	On	Internal application firmware is running (PROFIBUS stack).
SF System Fail	Off	No error
(red)	On	System error, or the received expected configuration (from configuration tool) does not match the actual configuration (I/O modules in the backplane, or gateway has a problem).
BF (red)	Off	PBS-001 module is in Data Exchange with a PROFIBUS master.
	On	PBS-001 module is not in Data Exchange with a PROFIBUS master.

11.1.3 Dipswitches

The PBS-001 has four dipswitches, located on the bottom

of the module. See for a description of the dipswitches.



Fig. 65 - Dipswitch descriptions

11.2 Quick Start checklist

This checklist lists all the steps to a quick usage of the DP Slave module as a Remote I/O station.

STEP 1:	Provide the Head Station 1B or 1C with the latest firmware, at least v1.272.	(7)
STEP 2:	Add at least two empty backplane slots to the ComBricks set.	(2.2)
STEP 3:	Use the dipswitches on the bottom to assign the DP Slave module to the desired network.	(2.4)
STEP 4:	Assign a unique address to the module (either with rotary switches or software).	(11.3)
STEP 5:	Insert the DP Slave module in one empty slot. Do not insert it in slot number 11 or higher; this is not supported by the ComBricks.	(2.3)
STEP 6:	Insert a DI/DO/Relay card in the other empty slot.	(2.3)
STEP 7:	Provide power to the Head Station.	(4.2)
STEP 8:	Connect the Head Station to the Ethernet network with an Ethernet cable.	(4.2)
STEP 9:	Connect a DP cable to the DB9 connector, or make sure the module is assigned to another active ComBricks module.	
STEP 10:	Check the Channel List (in web browser) to see if the modules appear and check if the correct network and address is displayed.	(4.2)

11.3 Setting up the slave module

Before inserting the module into your ComBricks set, first decide if you want to use the hardware address or if you want to use software addressing. Also decide to which network it listens by selecting the correct network number (see **paragraph 3.10.1**).

The baud rate cannot be set; the device detects the bus speed automatically.

If you wish to connect more than 4 networks, you need to make sure that these PBS-001 modules are not connected to one of the four available networks. The 5th up to (and including) the 10th module need to be set to 'Not Connected'. To do this, set the H/S switch to 'S', reset the module and browse to the web server of your ComBricks. In the left menu choose 'Network Config', open the drop-down menu in the column 'Set Network' and select 'N/C' which means 'Not Connected'. Then click 'Save & Apply now'. This enables you to connect up to 10 different networks. Please note that all PBS-001 modules which are 'Not Connected' cannot be analysed by ProfiTrace in the Head Station.

Slot	Module	Channel	Set by	Current Network	Current Redund.	Set Network (if Software)	Set Redund. (if Software)
1	PROFIBUS DP Slave Type 1 slot1	Ch 1	Software	1	Off	1 •	
2	PROFIBUS DP Slave Type 1 slot2	Ch 1	Software	2	Off	2 🔹	
3	PROFIBUS DP Slave Type 1 slot3	Ch 1	Software	3	Off	3 🔹	
4	PROFIBUS DP Slave Type 1	Ch 1	Software	4	Off	4 🔻	
5	PROFIBUS DP Slave Type 1	Ch 1	Software	N/C	Off	N/C -	
6	PROFIBUS DP Slave Type 1	Ch 1	Software	1	Off		
7	Empty					2	
8	Empty					3	
9	Empty					N/C	
10	Empty						
Sav	re Save & Apply now						

11.3.1 Hardware addressing

Use the rotary switches on the bottom of the module to set the address. Make sure to use a suitable screwdriver to rotate the switches into the desired positions. The upper rotary switch indicates the value 10 times, the lower switch indicates its own value. The addressable range is 1 to 99. Examples:

Rotary 10x:	Rotary 1x:	Resulting address:	
0	0	Software addressing (see 11.3.2)	ADDRESS
0	4	4	10
3	6	36	()) tx
9	9	99	

Now the module can be inserted in an empty backplane slot as described in paragraph 3.6.

11.3.2 Software addressing

If you are using the software address, make sure the rotary switches are both set to 0. This enables a Class 2 Master to set the address with a telegram over PROFIBUS. The addressable range is 0 to 126 (where 126 is the default software address). The address is stored in non-volatile memory. When the module is power-cycled, the address will be loaded from non-volatile memory.

Use a configuration tool capable of sending "Set Slave Address" commands to change the address. Below is an example with ProfiCaptain:

Class 2 commands dialog	×			
Set/Change Slave Address Diagnostics Inputs & Outputs Get Configuration Network scan Set Slave Address 33 Current Address 33 Lock Address 18 Change Address Change Address Change Address 18 Change Address 19 Change Address 10 Change Addres				
Close				

Fig. 66 - Software addressing of a slave

11.3.2.1 Locking the software address

The "Set Slave Address" command also has a 'Lock' feature (see **Fig. 66**). If you enable this feature, this locks the device for any new attempts to change the software address. Unlocking is only possible as described in **paragraph 11.3.2.2**.

11.3.2.2 Unlocking the software address

If the Lock feature was used in setting the address, the station address can only be unlocked if the PBS-001 is powered down and then powered up <u>while</u> the two rotary switches are NOT set to 0. This resets the software address to 126.

11.4 Remote I/O mode

After the module has been set up with an address, you can start configuring it in the network with the configuration tool of the PLC. Refer to the manual of the supplier of your configuration tool for instructions for that tool.



This example, a typical ComBricks setup with remote I/O, is built up as follows (see Fig. 67)

Fig. 67 - ComBricks configuration screenshot of the web server

The first two slots are occupied by Scope Repeater modules, then a Slave PBS-001, then an 8DO module followed by a 4 Relay module.

The slave has been assigned an address of 124 and is not in Data Exchange yet. The master that will control the PBS-001 is on the first Scope Repeater with address 2.

Open your configuration tool and insert/import the PBS-001 GSD with filename PROC696F.gsd (download it from www.procentec.com/gsd).

Then insert the correct modules into the configuration tool. In the first slots 1 and 2 insert two 'Empty Slots'. These are not really empty because they are occupied by Scope Repeater modules, but the PBS-001 cannot interact with them so they are considered to have no configuration.

In slot 3 place a PBS-001, in slot 4 an 8DO-24V-0.5A and the last module is the 4RO-230V-5A.

Fig. 68 shows the complete configuration for this ComBricks system.



Slot	🚺 DPID	Order Number / Designation	I Address	Q Address
1	0	Empty Slot		
2	0	Empty Slot		
3	2	PBS-001		
4	194	8D0-24-0.5A	1	1
5	130	4R0-230V-5A		2
6				
7				

Fig. 68 - Configuration of the modules

ATTENTION: in some configuration tools, the slot numbers do **not** correspond to the slots displayed in **Fig. 67.** The modules are numbered from 0 instead of 1. This is <u>not</u> the case for all configuration tools. Make sure to check this before adding modules to your configuration.

Even if a mistake has been made in the configuration, for example the output cards have been switched, the slave will go into Data Exchange. It will generate an external diagnostics message (see **Fig. 69**) which can be captured and read with a busmonitor such as ProfiTrace (see **Fig. 70**).

103	104	105
113	114 PBS-001	115

Fig. 69 - Slave indicating External Diagnostics



Fig. 70 - Diagnostics from the GSD in the Info Panel of ProfiTrace

11.4.1 Strict Check Configuration

This feature enables you to select if the slave should report a configuration mismatch, if this situation occurs. A configuration mismatch will take the slave out of Data Exchange. In the above example the slave was online and could send diagnostics. With Strict Configuration the configuration of the modules in the backplane must be exactly the same as the configuration in the PLC, or the slave will show up with a purple background in ProfiTrace as shown in **Fig. 71**. This feature gives you more control over how the slave behaves if a module is removed.

103	104	105	
113	114	115	
123	Config error	125	

Fig. 71 - Slave indicating a configuration error or module mismatch with 'Strict check config' enabled

To activate this feature, go to the user parameter assignment of the PROFIBUS device in your configuration tool and change the value of the Strict Check Configuration from 'Disable' to 'Enable'. Remember to download the new configuration for the settings to take effect.

The slave will also generate diagnostics. These can be read as described in Fig. 70.

11.4.2 Failsafe behaviour of outputs



The functionality in this paragraph is only available for PBS-001 modules with software version 2.1 or higher. Please refer to **paragraph 17.2** for a guide to update your module. Use the correct GSD file.

In case of failure of the master, cable, ComBricks Headstation or backplane, the outputs of the ComBricks modules can be set to a failsafe state. This happens after a certain time-out period during which the slave did not receive any telegram from its master. This time-out is called the watchdog in the master configuration.

You can configure the failsafe behaviour in the 'module parameters' of the master configuration tool. The following options are available for fail-safe state:

- All outputs to 0x00 (off)
- All outputs to 0xFF (on)
- Keep last value (no change)
- Pre-defined value (configurable)

Open the properties of a ComBricks output module (generally by double-clicking on it) in the configuration tool and select 'Parameter Assignment' or 'Module Parameters'. A screen similar to **Fig. 72** will appear:

Properties - DP slave	×
Address / ID Parameter Assignment	
Parameters Station parameters Device-specific parameters Failsafe behaviour Failsafe value Hex parameter assignment	Value Failsafe value 0 255 keep last value Failsafe value
ОК	Cancel Help

Fig. 72 - Parameter assignment window

After selecting 'Failsafe value' in the drop-down list, you can enter a decimal value of 0 to 255 in the Failsafe value box.

11.4.3 Input test patterns



The functionality in this paragraph is only available for PBS-001 modules with software version 2.1 or higher. Please refer to **paragraph 17.2** for a guide to update your module. Use the correct GSD file.

The input modules of ComBricks can be set to a test mode. Different test patterns can be generated automatically for testing purposes, for example during a commissioning or FAT/SAT phase, to see if the PLC is programmed correctly.

The following simulation patterns are available:

- On (all inputs to ON)
- Off (all inputs to OFF)
- Blinking (all inputs will blink, frequency is configurable)
- Up counter (inputs will increase, frequency is configurable)
- Down counter (inputs will decrease, frequency is configurable)
- Zig-zag (inputs will zigzag up and down, frequency is configurable)

Open the properties of a ComBricks input module (generally by double-clicking on it) in the configuration tool and select 'Parameter Assignment' or 'Module Parameters'. A screen similar to **Fig. 73** will appear:

Properties - DP slave	×
Address / ID Parameter Assignment	1
Parameters □ Station parameters □ Simulation on Inputs □ Simulation Timer □ Hex parameter assignment	Value Deactivated Deactivated On Off Blinking Up Counter Down Counter Zig-Zag
ОК	Cancel Help

Fig. 73 - Input simulation window

After selecting a simulation pattern, you can enter a decimal value of 0 to 255 in the Simulation Timer box. This value indicates the waiting time in seconds before the input changes to the next value.

11.5 DP/DP coupling or Gateway mode

A unique feature of the PBS-001 is that it can be used as a DP/DP coupler for up to 10 networks, where each network can have different bus parameters and baud rates. It connects the networks on an I/O level, where you can decide how many bytes need to be transferred. For each network a PBS-001 is needed. So if you wish to connect 2 networks, you need 2 PBS-001 modules in one ComBricks set.



A typical ComBricks configuration for a DP/DP setup may look like Fig. 74:



Example layout

Fig. 74 - ComBricks configuration screenshot of the web server



Slot 1 belongs to Network 1. Slot 2 is connected to Network 2. These networks can now be coupled via the configuration tools of each master. For example, if you want to transfer 4 bytes, the setup for the configuration tool of network 1 will look as follows:

() (66) PBS-001			
Slot	DP ID	Order Number / Designation	I Address	Q Address
1	2	PBS-001		
2	194	004 byte IN/OUT PROXY	1013	1013
3				
4				

Fig. 76 - Configuration for Network 1

The first slot is used for the PBS-001 module. The next slot is used for anther PBS-001 module, but a gateway module must be selected because the PBS-001 itself does not have any I/O.

The setup for the second network will look as follows:

4		🔰 (45) PBS-001			
S	lot	🚺 DPID	Order Number / Designation	I Address	Q Address
1		194	004 byte IN/OUT PROXY	2023	2023
2		2	PBS-001		
3	:				
4					

Fig. 77 - Configuration for Network 2

Now the Inputs and Outputs of both networks can be sent to the I/O of the gateways in the PLC program.

ATTENTION: in some configuration tools, the slot numbers do **not** correspond to the slots displayed in **Fig. 74**. The modules are numbered from 0 instead of 1. This is not the case for all configuration tools. Make sure to check this before adding modules to your configuration.

11.6 PROFIBUS / PROFINET gateway

The DP Slave module can also be used as a gateway to a PROFINET module. This works in the same way as the DP/DP coupler. Simply replace the second DP module for a PROFINET PND-001 module. Or extend the DP/DP coupler with a PROFINET module, as shown below. With this example you can exchange I/O from and to all networks. It is also possible to exchange data between more than 3 networks; up to 10 networks can be connected. It does not matter if these networks are PROFIBUS or PROFINET.



Fig. 78 - Example network layout of two PROFIBUS and one PROFINET networks

The configuration of the networks is as follows:

-	\Rightarrow	(66)	PBS-001

Slot	DPID	Order Number / Designation	I Address	Q Address
1 2		PBS-001		
2	194	001 byte IN/OUT PROXY	4	4
3	194	001 byte IN/OUT PROXY	5	5
4				
5				

Fig. 79 - Configuration for PROFIBUS network 1

+		(1) combricks			
Slot		Module	Order number	I address	Q address
0	0 🚡 combricks		101-20011A		
1.87		FN-10			
1	1 001 Byte IN/OUT PROXY 2 001 Byte IN/OUT PROXY		101-22	0	0
2			N/OUT PROXY 101-22000	1	
3		PND-001	101-220110		
1.871		Port 1			
1.871		Port 2			
4					
5	Γ				

Fig. 81 - Configuration for network 3 (PROFINET)

Now the Inputs and Outputs of all networks can be sent to the I/O of the gateways in the PLC programs.

11.7 Data consistency

For some applications it is required to have consistent bytes, for example robot cells with X, Y and Z axis. The polling of I/O in the PBS-001 and the processing in the Head Station and PLC is asynchronous which can cause data inconsistency in the PLC, which means that not all bytes in a telegram are 'up to date'. The use of Consistent Gateways (defined in the GSD file) instead of normal Gateways offers a solution.

The paragraphs below describe a simple example of two PLC projects in Siemens Step7 which can be used in a real byte-consistent project. Example setup:



The example shows how to transfer consistent data from network 2 to network 1. If the data is consistent, nothing happens. If the data is not consistent, this is visualized by incrementing the outputs of the 8DO card (assigned to network 1).

((45) PBS-001					
Slot	DP ID	Order Number / Designation	I Address	Q Address		
1	194	001 byte IN/OUT PROXY	2	2		
2	2	PBS-001				
3	194	001 byte IN/OUT PROXY	3	3		
4						
5						

Fig. 80 - Configuration for PROFIBUS network 2

11.7.1 Consistency over 2 bytes

Configuration of Network 1:

(10) PBS-001 PROCENTEC

Slot	DP ID	Order Number / Designation	I Address	Q Address
1	2	PBS-001		
2	194	Consistent 002 B IN/OUT GATEWAY	01	01
3	194	8D0-24-0.5A	32	32
4				
5				

Data Block 1 of Network 1:

Address	Name	Туре	Initial value	Comment
0.0		STRUCT		
+0.0	RCV_INCR_VALUE	BYTE	B#16#0	Received Variable increased
+1.0	RCV_MULTIPLY_VALUE	BYTE	B#16#0	Multiplied value
=2.0		END_STRUCT		

Organization Block 1 of Network 1:

	L	IW 0		//COPY 2 BYTES GATEWAY INPUTS TO DB1
	т	DB1.DBW	0	
	L	DB1.DBB	0	//MULTIPLY RCV_INCR_VALUE * 3
	ь	3		
	*D			
	L	255		
	AW			
	L	DB1.DBB	1	<pre>// LOAD RCV_MULTIPLY_VALUE</pre>
	<>D			<pre>// COMPARE RCV_MULTIPLY_VALUE WITH RCV_INCR_VALUE * 3</pre>
	JCN	M004		// JUMP TO M004 IF CONSISTENT
	L	QB 32		// IF NOT CONSISTENT: OUTPUT BYTE 32 IS LOADED,
	INC	1		// INCREMENTED,
	т	QB 32		// AND TRANSFERRED TO OUTPUT BYTE 32
M004:	NOP	0		<pre>// NO OPERATION; NOTHING HAPPENS</pre>

11.7.2 Consistency over 4 bytes

Configuration of Network 1:

(10) PBS-001 PROCENTEC

Slot	DPID	Order Number / Designation	I Address	Q Address
1	2	PBS-001		
2	194	Consistent 004 B IN/OUT GATEWAY	03	03
3	194	8D0-24-0.5A	32	32
4				
5				

Data Block 1 of Network 1:

Address	Name	Туре	Initial value	Comment
0.0		STRUCT		
+0.0	RCV_INCR_VALUE	INT	0	Received Variable increased
+2.0	RCV_MULTIPLY_VALUE	INT	0	Multiplied value
=4.0		END_STRUCT		

Organization Block 1 of Network 1:

	L	ID 0		//COPY 4 BYTES GATEWAY INPUTS TO DB1
	Т	DB1.DBD	0	
	L L *D	DB1.DBW 3	0	//MULTIPLY RCV_INCR_VALUE * 3
	L <>D JCN	DB1.DBW M004	2	// LOAD RCV_MULTIPLY_VALUE // COMPARE RCV_MULTIPLY_VALUE WITH RCV_INCR_VALUE * : // JUMP TO M004 IF CONSISTENT
1004:	L INC T NOP	QB 32 1 QB 32 0		<pre>// IF NOT CONSISTENT: OUTPUT BYTE 32 IS LOADED, // INCREMENTED, // AND TRANSFERRED TO OUTPUT BYTE 32 // NO OPERATION; NOTHING HAPPENS</pre>

Configuration of Network 2:

(45) PBS-001 PROCENTEC

Slot	DPID	Order Number / Designation	I Address	Q Address
1	194	Consistent 002 B IN/OUT GATEWAY	89	89
2	2	PBS-001		
3				
4				

Data Block 1 of Network 2:

Address		lame	туре	Initial value	Comment
0.0	Γ		STRUCT		
+0.0	Γ	INCR_VALUE	BYTE	B#16#0	Variable increased
+1.0		MULTIPLY_VAL	BYTE	B#16#0	Multiply Result
=2.0	Γ		END_STRUCT		

Organization Block 1 of Network 2:

L INC	DB1.DBB 1	0	//INCREMENT INCR_VALUE
т	DB1.DBB	0	
L *D	3		
L AW	255		
т	DB1.DBB	1	<pre>//MULTIPLY_VAL = INCR_VALUE*3</pre>
L T	DB1.DBW QW 8	0	//COPY DB1 TO 2-BYTES GATEWAY

Configuration of Network 2:

(45) PBS-001 PROCENTEC

	Slot	DPID	Order Number / Designation	I Address	Q Address
1	1 194		Consistent 004 B IN/OUT GATEWAY	811	811
	2	2	PBS-001		
	З				
1	4				

Data Block 1 of Network 2:

Address	Name	Туре	Initial value	Comment			
0.0		STRUCT					
+0.0	INCR_VALUE	INT	0	Variable increased			
+2.0	MULTIPLY_VAL	INT	0	Multiply Result			
=4.0		END_STRUCT					

Organization Block 1 of Network 2:

L	DB1.DBW	0	//INCREMENT INCR_VALUE
T	DB1.DBW	0	
L *D	3		
T	DB1.DBW	2	<pre>//MULTIPLY_VAL = INCR_VALUE*3</pre>
L T	DB1.DBD QD 8	0	//COPY DB1 TO 4-BYTES GATEWAY

11.7.3 Consistency over 8 bytes

Configuration of Network 1:

(10) PBS-001 PROCENTEC

Slot	🚺 DPID	Order Number / Designation	I Address	Q Address
1	2	PBS-001		
2	194	Consistent 008 B IN/OUT GATEWAY	07	07
3	194	8D0-24-0.5A	32	32
4				
5				

Data Block 1 of Network 1:

Address	Name	Туре	Initial value	Comment
0.0		STRUCT		
+0.0	RCV_INCR_VALUE	INT	0	Received Variable increased
+2.0	DUMMY1	INT	0	dummy var
+4.0	RCV_MULTIPLY_VALUE	DINT	L#20	Received Result of multiplying *20
+8.0	MULTIPLY_VALUE	DINT	L#20	Received Variable increased *20
=12.0		END_STRUCT		

Organization Block 1 of Network 1:

	CALL LADI RET REC	"DPRD DR :=W _VAL:=M DRD :=P	DAT" #16#0 W0 #DB1.	DBX0.0 BYTE 8	
	L L *D	DB1.D L#20	BW	0	//DO OUR OWN CALCULATION
	т	DB1.D	BD	8	
	L	DB1.D	BD	4	//COMPARE OWN CALCULATION WITH RECEIVED CALCULATION RESULT
	L <>D	DB1.D	BD	8	
	JCN	M004			//JUMP IF CONSISTENT
	L INC	QB 1	32		//OUTPUTS ARE INCREMENTED IF NOT CONSISTENT
4004:	T NOP	QB 0	32		

Configuration of Network 2:

(45) PBS-001 PROCENTEC

Slo	DPID	Order Number / Designation	I Address	Q Address
1	194	Consistent 008 B IN/OUT GATEWAY	815	815
2	2	PBS-001		
3				
4				

Data Block 1 of Network 2:

2	Address	Name	Туре	Initial value	Comment
I	0.0		STRUCT		
Γ	+0.0	INCR_VALUE	INT	0	Variable increased
Γ	+2.0	DUMMY1	INT	0	dummy var
Ī	+4.0	MULTIPLY_VALUE	DINT	L#0	Result of multiplying *20
ſ	=8.0		END_STRUCT		

Organization Block 1 of Network 2:

L	NC	DB1.DBW 1	0	//INC DB0.INCR_VALUE
т		DB1.DBW	0	
L *1	D	L#20		// *20
T		DB1.DBD	4	
C	ALL	"DFWR_DAT"		//call SCF 15
1	LADDE	:=W#16#8		//start output address 128
1	RECOR	ND :=P#DB1.1 NAL:=MW0	DBX0.0 BYTE 8	//write data from data block to output address of I/O

12 PA Link/Coupler module

The transparent PROFIBUS PA link/coupler enables seamless high speed integration to PROFIBUS PA. It powers the attached PA devices and fully emulates them as DP devices on the backplane. Adjusted bus parameters are not required and therefore suitable for all DCS and PLC systems, even running on 12 Mbps.

The combined internal ProfiTrace and oscilloscope make this product extremely useful for remote maintenance over Ethernet. Jitter, noise, DC current, DC voltage, bar graph and oscilloscope, it is all there and easy to access. The free CommDTM allows access for asset management tools over Ethernet.

ComBricks is able to carry 9 PA links and an RS-485 or Fiber Optic module. It can also be a customized mix of PA modules with other communication modules. The PA link provides 500 mA current on a customizable bus voltage. The integrated PA termination is automatically activated when the module works as a link or coupler. It is switched off in the monitoring mode.



It does not require configuration and operates the same way as regular ComBricks repeaters. In the web server the behavior on the PA side can be set, like retries (default 5) and the watchdog (default 3 seconds). This product can directly replace 3rd party Non-Ex PA couplers/links and can be used as a

monitor behind existing 3rd party Non-Ex PA couplers.



This module is not suitable for use in Ex environments unless a barrier is used between the PA module and the Ex zone.



Fig. 82 - Overview of LEDs



Fig. 83 - Overview of dipswitches

12.1 Quick Start checklist

This checklist lists all the steps to a quick usage of the PA module in Link or Coupler mode. It is assumed that a running ComBricks set with at least one DP repeater module or fiber optic coupler module is already active.

STEP 1:	Provide the Head Station 1B or 1C with the latest firmware, at least v1.279.	(7)		
STEP 2:	Add an empty backplane slot to the ComBricks set.	(2.2)		
STEP 3:	Configure the PA module to the same network as a DP repeater module. NOTE: for monitoring mode, use a <u>different and unused</u> network!	(2.4)		
STEP 4:	Insert the PA module in the empty slot.	(2.3)		
STEP 5:	Check the Channel List (in web browser) to see if the PA module appears.	(4.2)		
For Moni	toring Mode: skip to STEP 8.			
STEP 6:	Power the top of PA coupler module.	(2.6)		
STEP 7:	Check the status page of the PA module: is DC voltage OK? Not too much noise on DC? Current consumption ± 10mA?	(12.2.1)		
STEP 8:	Connect the PA trunk cable with PA station(s).	(12.5.1)		
STEP 9:	Check the status page of the PA module: Current consumption increased?	(12.2.1)		
For Monitoring mode: Skip to STEP 11.				
STEP 10:	Use the GSD Converter to change the PA GSD files.	(12.3.1)		
STEP 11:	Setup a master on the DP side.	(12.4.1)		
STEP 12:	Check the Scope Signals of the PA trunk.	(12.2.2)		

12.2 Monitoring mode

If you have an existing PA network, you can add up to three PA modules as a monitoring and alarming tool. It measures telegrams and electrical signals which can be displayed in the web server. This is very similar to the standard Scope repeater card for PROFIBUS DP. The monitoring mode is enabled if:

- 1. <u>No</u> power is connected to the PA Power connector on the top of the module. The internal termination is automatically switched OFF in monitoring mode.
- 2. The 3rd dipswitch (LNK) is set to OFF (left).



If the module is used in Monitoring Mode, make sure to set the Network Selection to a <u>different</u> network than networks already used by the ComBricks set. See **paragraph 3.10.1** for an explanation how to do this. If the module is set to the same network, all PA messages will also be transmitted on the DP network! This will cause errors.

12.2.1 Module status

The module status page in the web server displays the following useful status information, see Fig. 84

- DC voltage (measured PA bus voltage)
- DC plus and min value (measured PA plus and min voltages)
- DC noise (measured variation in DC voltage)
- DC unbalance (measured difference between +/- and shield)
- Current consumption (measured mA supplied to the PA network by the module)
- Hardware error LED status
- Amplitude error LED status
- Power error LED status
- Network error LED status

PROCENTEC	IP address: 192.168.1.250 MAC address: 9C:B2:06		06:00:04:	6A	System uptime: 0 days, 1:01:41
COBCICLE	Site: PTK-J	Tem	perature:	39°C	System time: 30-Dec-2013 9:26:55
	Company: PROCENTEC			Country: T	he Netherlands
• <u>Status</u>	PA Oscilloscope mo	dule stat	us		
ProfiTrace OF:	Module info				
• Live list	Slot:		4 - PAtru	4 - PAtrunk to Tank4	
• <u>Statistics</u>	Vendor:		PROCENTEC		
<u>Channel list</u>	Module type:		1 Channel PA-coupler 500mA Type 1		
Message recording	Serial number:		000068		
<u>Network event log</u>	Software revision:		V2.10.1		
Event config	Hardware revision:		V1.3		
<u>Tag-name config</u>	Module status:		ок		
Special modules:	Number of channels:		1		
• Oscilloscope images	Link to oscilloscope images page:		Click her	<u>re</u>	
Oscilloscope errors	Link to oscilloscope error images page:		Click her	<u>e</u>	
 <u>Bargraph images</u> 					,
PA measurements	Link config				
Oscilloscope config	Link function:	function: On			
Configuration:	Watchdog:		User defined		
<u>General config</u>			Watchdo	g value (
<u>Network config</u>					Important channel
• <u>IP config</u>	Retries:		5		information
<u>Password config</u>					
 <u>E-mail account config</u> 	Save	ve.			
Device management					
Output control config	Channel 1				
• <u>User message</u>	Network:		1 (Netwo	rk 1)	
Update license	Baudrate:		1.5 Mbps	,	
Downloads	Station count active on channel:		2		
Not logged in.	Link function:		On		
Login	Setting:		Dipswitch	n	
	DC voltage:		23.50 V		
	DC plus:		12.16 V		
	DC min:		-11.34 V		
	DC min: DC noise:		-11.34 V 38 mV		
	DC min: DC noise: DC unbalance:		-11.34 V 38 mV -7 %		

Fig. 84 - PA Oscilloscope module status

To view the page above, click on 'Status' in the upper left corner and then the appropriate PA module.

NWO

NW1

LNK

H/S

12.2.2 PA oscilloscope images

The PA module has an integrated oscilloscope to measure the signal quality of the telegrams. The oscilloscope has an interface with the web server to display the signals from the devices which are connected to its channel. After opening the web page, all oscilloscope signals are displayed and updated live (see Fig. 85). By default one scope image is updated every second. This can be adjusted in the General Config page (see paragraph 4.5).

Click the button 'Reset oscilloscope images' to delete all scope images from memory. If the red 'AMP' LED on the PA module was on, this will be switched off. If the values are still not good, the LED will remain on.

COOFICKS	IP address: 192.168.1.216 MAC add e: 0 days, 4:12:25 Site: Select the slot of 7-Nov-2012 15:22:03 Company: PROCENTEC 1s			
• <u>Status</u>	Oscilloscope images			
• System log	Only stations which are active on the selected oscillosc			
ProfiTrace OE:				
• Live list	Select oscilloscope module: SI012 *			
<u>Statistics</u>	Select image type: Last -			
• <u>Channel list</u>	Reset the images: Reset oscilloscope images			
 Message recording 	Total stations: 2 Measurement method: PA Signal level			
<u>Network event log</u>	Pages: 1			
• Event config				
• Tag-name config	AAAAA			
Special modules:				
Oscilloscope images				
Oscilloscope errors	Address: 1 (master)			
• Bargraph images	Timestamp: 7-Nov-2012 15:22:00 Timer - Nov-2012 15:22:02			
PA measurements				
 Oscilloscope config 	Good AC signal			
Configuration:	quality			
 General config 				

Fig. 85 - Oscilloscope images

12.2.3 PA Bar Graph

The Bar Graph illustrates the average AC signal strength from all available connected devices connected to the PA segment. It is a helpful utility to get an impression of the overall signal quality of the network (see **Fig. 86**).

The average amplitude should be around 750mV. When there are bus problems the Bar graph will display different Voltage levels and the color of the bars will change if the minimum or maximum level has been reached. These levels can be adjusted in the 'Oscilloscope Config' menu (see chapter 12.2.5).

CO OCICKS	IP address: 192.166.1.216 MAC ad Select the slot of the PA module 0 days, 5:01:22 Site: Company: PROCENTEC The PA module Nov-2012 16:11:00					
• <u>Status</u> • <u>System log</u>	Bargraph image					
ProfiTrace OE:	Select oscilloscope module: Slot 2					
• <u>Statistics</u>	Reset the bargraph: Reset bargraph					
• <u>Channel list</u>	Total stations: 2 Measurement method: PA Signal level					
• <u>Message recording</u> • <u>Network event log</u> • <u>Event config</u> • <u>Tag-name config</u>	Volls 200 175 150 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142					
Special modules: • <u>Oscilloscope images</u>						
• Oscilloscope errors	0.75					
• Bargraph images	0.50					
PA measurements Oscilloscope config						
Configuration:						
<u>General config</u>	General config					
Notwork config						

Fig. 86 - Bargraph image for PA

In the above example the amplitude is too high due to missing termination on one side. Normally the amplitude should be between 750 and 1000 mV.

12.2.4 PA measurements

The PA measurements page shows a static scope image; it is not an actual scope measurement. The blue arrows illustrate the measured value of the amplitude and the jitter. The values are displayed in the corresponding boxes (see **Fig. 87**).

12.2.4.1 Amplitude

The amplitude is the difference between the highest and the lowest measured value of the AC signal (the actual data). The displayed result is measured by taking samples from all the bits in a telegram. Not the entire bit is measured, but only a small part to filter out irregularities such as overshoots.

12.2.4.2 Jitter

Jitter is described as 'Zero-crossing point deviation', which means that the changing of a bit does not occur at the intended time. This is acceptable within the limit of 3200 nanoseconds, positive or negative. Causes for high jitter times can be wiring mistakes, EMI, cable cross talk or device problems.

12.2.4.3 Polarity

This is NOT the polarity of the bus wiring, but the internal communication signal. In some products it is possible that the polarity is switched. This does not affect the communication.

12.2.4.4 DC noise

The DC noise indicates how much the voltage of the signal varies. If the noise is too high it can influence the communication; it should not exceed 100 mV.



Fig. 87 - PA measurements

12.2.5 Oscilloscope configuration

In the Oscilloscope Config page (see **Fig. 88**) you can set various warning levels for the PA module. These warning levels are shown in the PA Bar Graph, and are used for e-mail alarms, logging and output control (see paragraphs 0 and 5.4).



Fig. 88 - Oscilloscope configuration

12.3 Link mode (module firmware v2.10.1 and higher only)

To use the module in Link mode, make sure it has module firmware version 2.10.1 and up, and NOT version 1.x. Refer to **paragraph 17.2** for updating your PA module. Also update the Head Station firmware to 1.279 or higher.

Set the 3rd dipswitch 'LNK' to 'ON' (to the right). Then connect a power source to the connector on top of the module. The DC voltage offered to the PA coupler module is the same as the output on the PA side. The minimum is 11VDC, maximum is 28VDC.



This module is now a fully functional PROFIBUS PA Link/Coupler combination. It is semi-transparent on all baud rates, it also sends FDL status requests onto PA. It supports connection of up to 126 devices that can take up a total of 500mA from the bus. Furthermore, all functionality described in paragraph 12.2 is also available in Link mode.

To receive telegrams from a PLC or DCS in Link mode, you need to install another module in the ComBricks backplane. This module can be any PROFIBUS DP interface card, either fiber optic or copper. All modules in chapters 7, 8 and 9 can be used. Set this DP card to the same network as the PA module.

12.3.1 Converting PA GSD files

For PA devices to correctly work in a DP configuration environment, it is necessary to alter the GSDs. It is highly recommended to use our GSDConvert tool for this, and NOT do it manually! The tool changes several lines in the GSD file so that it can be used on all baud rates instead of only the PA baud rate.

Download the tool on <u>www.procentec.com</u>.

Simply choose a GSD file and click 'Open', then choose the location to save it and click 'Save'. The program will create a new GSD file with 'LNK_' as the first four characters. The last four characters are the Ident number of the slave.

GSD Converter V0.3 (c) 2013 PROCENTEC
Convert GSD (single file)
Close

Import the new file into the configuration tool and use it as if it was a normal DP slave. Any baudrate can be used on the DP-side.

In Link/Coupler mode, the module has a fixed master address 1 on the PA side. The use of address 1 for PA field devices is therefore not possible.

12.3.2 Link configuration – bus parameters

The PA module in Link mode offers the possibility to configure the Watchdog time and the number of retries on the PA bus. These bus parameters are independent from the DP master parameters. Click on the Status page and then on the PA module to configure these parameters. See **Fig. 89** for available options.



Fig. 89 - Configuration of bus parameters on PA

Options for the Watchdog selection:

- Off (not recommended)
- No change (PA watchdog is the same as DP watchdog)
- Scaled (Watchdog is calculated based on DP watchdog)
- User-defined (enter the watchdog time manually).

The number of retries can also be adjusted. This must be a number between 0 and 15.

12.3.3 Cycle time calculations

The cycle time on the PA bus can be calculated roughly with this formula and variables:

PA link delay time = 14.5 ms N = number of PA instruments InsBytes = number of bytes per PA instrument

Cycle Time on PA = N * (0.256 * InsBytes + 14.5) + 40

Example: two PA instruments, each with 10 bytes

(2 * (0.256 * 10 + 14.5)) + 40 = 74.12 ms

12.4 Coupler mode

Make sure to set the 3rd dipswitch 'LNK' to 'OFF' (to the left). Then connect a power source to the connector on top of the module. The DC voltage offered to the PA coupler module is the same as the output on the PA side. The minimum is 11VDC, maximum is 28VDC.



This module is now a fully functional PROFIBUS PA coupler. It is totally transparent up to 1.5 Mbit/s, it also sends FDL status requests onto PA. It supports connection of up to 32 devices that can take up a total of 500mA from the bus. Furthermore, all functionality described in paragraph 12.2 is also available in Coupler mode.

()

To receive telegrams from a PLC or DCS in Coupler mode, you need to install another module in the ComBricks backplane. This module can be any PROFIBUS DP interface card, either fiber optic or copper. All modules in chapters 7, 8 and 9 can be used. Set this DP card to the same network as the PA Coupler module.

12.4.1 Bus Parameters

Some adjustments to the bus parameters in the PLC or DCS need to be made. Follow **Table 8** for your master project:

Table 8 - Bus Parameters for PA projects, in bit times

		MaxTSDR (only DX)		MaxTSDR (with DP- V1)
9.6 – 19.2 kbps	330	145	1500	150
45.45 kbps	640	480	640	480
93.75 kbps	2500	1000	2500	1000
187.5 kbps	3200	1500	14000	1400
500 kbps	8500	4000	38000	3700
1.5 Mbps	25500	11500	110000	11000

These are 'worst case' values. It is recommended to examine the timing of your installation and decrease the bus parameters to a suitable value for your network.

The DP-V1 table has higher slot times than the Data Exchange table because DP-V1 telegrams can be up to 240 bytes. Such a telegram takes a long time to be generated, and therefore the Tslot needs to be larger.

In small applications it is required to set a value for the Tset parameter. Usually a value of 95 is sufficient.

Because of the longer Slot Time and MaxTSDR, it is also recommended to set the Watchdog to at least 2 seconds. This is normal in PA networks.

In Coupler mode, the module has no bus address on either side. When configuring your PA network there is no restriction in the use of addresses for field devices, although most configuration tools do not allow address 0, 1 and 2.

12.5 Physical layer

12.5.1 Connecting a PA segment

The bottom of the PA module has two identical connections for the PA trunk. These are connected 1-on-1. As stated above the integrated termination is ON when power is connected to the PA module, which means that the PA module is always the start of a segment. The automatic termination cannot be disabled. Most installations will use only one connector. In that case it does not matter which connector is chosen. See **Fig. 90** for an example.

It is also possible to use the second connector as a stub line, as shown in **Fig. 91**. Do not terminate the end of a stub line, otherwise the PA segment has too many terminations.

Examples:



Fig. 90 – PA segment using one connector



Fig. 91 - PA segment with a stub line

12.5.2 Cable specifications

Use the correct cable for your project.

Table 9 shows the cable specifications for PROFIBUS PA. If a cable is not compliant with these specifications,the reliability of the installation may become unstable.

Table 9 - Cable specifications

Cable design	Twisted pair, shielded
Maximum conductor cross section (nominal)	0.8 mm² (AWG 18)
Loop resistance (direct current)	44 Ohm/km
Impedance (31,25 kHz)	100 Ohm ±20%
Attenuation (39 kHz)	3 dB/km
Capacitive asymmetry	2 nF/km
Max. propagation delay change (7.9 to 39 kHz)	1.7 μsec/km
Max. shield coverage	90%
Cable length	1900 m

12.5.3 Spur lines

The trunk line on the PA module can have up to 32 spur lines with the following lengths:

Table	10 -	Sour	lines
rabic	TO -	Jpui	iiiiics

25 to 32	Max 1 meter
19 to 24	30 meter
15 to 18	60 meter
13 to 14	90 meter
1 to 12	120 meter

The PROFIBUS PA specification allows up to 3 devices on a spur. Please refer to paragraph 12.5.1 for an explanation on how to connect the PA trunk to the PA module.

12.5.4 Current consumption calculations

The PA module provides a maximum of 500mA to the PA trunk. The total current consumption of all slaves on this trunk cannot exceed 500mA. The PA module consumes 10mA. At least one FDE (Fault Disconnection Electronics, stated in the manual of the PA device) should also be calculated. The calculation for the current consumption is as follows:

 $I_{SEG} = I_{B0} + I_{B1} + ... + I_{BN} + I_{FDE}$ Iseg = Total current in a segment

I_{BN} = Basic current of devices

IFDE = Current of the Fault Disconnection Electronics

See Fig. 92 for an example.



Fig. 92 - Example of current consumption calculation in a PA segment

12.5.5 Voltage at the end of the segment

The resistance of the cable causes a lower voltage at the end of the cable. At least 9V should be available for the last device at the end of the cable. The following calculation is a 'worst case' scenario where all devices are connected at the end of the cable:

 $U_{B} = U_{S} - (I_{SEG} * R_{CABLE} * L_{SEG}) \qquad (where U_{B} > U_{min})$

U_B = Bus voltage at the last device (V)

- Us = Voltage of the segment coupler (V)
- IsEG = Total current In a segment (A)
- R_{CABLE} = Resistance per unit length of the cable (Ω/km)
- L_{SEG} = Length of all cables in the segment, including stubs (km)
- U_{min} = Minimal specified operating voltage of the last device (V)



Fig. 93 - Example of voltage calculation at the end of the cable

In this example the voltage at the end of the cable is 24 V - (0.05A * 44 * 1.5) = 20.7 V

13 PROFINET Device PND-001 (discontinued as of Aug. 2019)

The ComBricks PROFINET Device enables multiple proxies between other inserted PROFINET modules. Simultaneously the user can let the PROFINET Device publish I/O modules which are controlled by the PLC that has the PROFINET Device in Data Exchange.

It's the component of choice to establish communication between multiple PROFINET controllers that manager their own specific network. The proxy works the same way as regular DP/DP and PN/DP couplers. Configurations from the GSD file define the data area between the modules. ComBricks has the advantage that 10 PROFINET modules can cross exchange information.

When the PROFINET Device has to publish I/O modules, the configuration steps are the same as any PROFINET device. By means of the GSD file the respective I/O modules have to be selected in the configuration tool, after which the PLC can map the I/Os to its application.

Application areas

- Coupling small machines
- Linking networks with different controllers •
- Coupling PROFIsafe networks to regular networks •
- Migrating from old control systems to new control systems ٠
- Quasi master-master communication

13.1 Topologies

The PROFINET modules can be used as a proxy between one or multiple PROFIBUS or PROFINET networks, and/or can be configured as PROFINET devices which control one or more output modules.



31 I/O modules can be controlled



2 ports integrated switch for easy wiring



13.2 Status LEDs

The PND-001 module has four diagnostic LEDs. These LEDs indicate whether the module is functioning properly.

13.2.1 RDY LED

The RDY LED indicates power supply and connection with the Head Station. Also a firmware update is indicated with this LED.

LED	State	Meaning
RDY (green)	Off	No power supply, or PND-001 module is faulty. There is no voltage at the module, or the module has a hardware defect. Remedy: Connect the 24 V DC supply voltage at the Head station.
	Flashing (1 Hz)	The PND-001 module is connecting with the Head Station. This state is allowed for a short time (max 1 minute).
	Flashing (0.3Hz)	A backplane firmware update of the PND-001 module is executed by the Head Station (max 1 minute).
	On	The connection with the Head Station is established.

13.2.2 PROFINET LEDs

The PND-001 module has three PROFINET diagnostic LEDs: RUN, SF (System Fail) and BF (Bus Fail).

LED	State	Meaning
RUN (green)	Off	Internal application firmware is not running (PROFINET stack). Remedy: Update application firmware.
	On	Internal application firmware is running (PROFINET stack).
SF System Fail (red)	Off	No error
	On	System error, or the received expected configuration (from configuration tool) does not match the actual configuration (I/O or proxy modules in the backplane).
	On	PND-001 module is not in Data Exchange with a PROFINET master.
BF Bus Fail (red)	Off	PND-001 module is in Data Exchange with a PROFINET controller.
	Flashing (0.5 Hz)	 No data transfer between the PROFINET Controller and the PND-001 module, although a physical link is established Causes: Incorrect device name The PROFINET Controller is switched off Remedy: Check the configuration and assign a valid device name to the PND-001 module. Check the PROFINET Controller.
	On	No physical link. Remedy: check the cable and switch.

13.3 Quick Start checklist

This checklist lists all the steps to a quick usage of the PROFINET Device module as a Remote I/O station.

STEP 1:	Provide the Head Station 1B or 1C with the latest firmware, at least v1.272.	(7)
STEP 2:	Add at least two empty backplane slots to the ComBricks set.	(2.2)
STEP 3:	Use the rotary switch on the bottom to assign a custom or pre-defined name to the PROFINET device.	(13.4)
STEP 5:	Insert the PROFINET Device module in one empty slot. Do not insert it in slot number 11 or higher; this is not supported by the ComBricks.	(2.3)
STEP 6:	Insert a DI/DO/Relay card in the other empty slot.	(2.3)
STEP 7:	Provide power to the Head Station.	(4.2)
STEP 8:	Connect the Head Station to the Ethernet network with an Ethernet cable.	(4.2)
STEP 9:	Connect a PROFINET cable and connector to one of the RJ45 connectors.	
STEP 10:	Check the Channel List (in web browser) to see if the modules appear.	(4.2)

13.4 Identification and name assignment

13.4.1 MAC address

Each PROFINET-enabled network component has its own unique MAC-address. The MAC-address of the PND-001 is located on a label on the upper side of the module and has the following format:



13.4.2 Assigning a custom name

The PND-001 supports fixed name assignment and custom name assignment. On the bottom of the module is a rotary switch. In position '0' the module is programmable with a custom device name, and the name is stored in non-volatile memory. With the rotary switch set to '0' during startup, the name will be read from memory.



The device name can be assigned with configuration tools or supervisor tools such as Step-7 or Netilities, as shown in **Fig. 94** and **Fig. 95**.

Netiliti	🖉 Netilities V1.10 - (C) 2011-2012 PROCENTEC								
File Act	ion Interfaces Options Help								
Live	Flash LED on device	1							
	Modify IP address								
I 🛱 🗌	Modify device name		ID Address	Device Name	Device Model	Device Pole	Vendor (Device ID	Last received packet	
1	Set to factory defaults	ASD ET	192, 168, 1, 3	pn-io	S7-300	IO-Controller	002A/0101	29-5-2012 10:28:04	
2	Search for Profinet devices	kard Company	192.168.1.250)	S7-PC	IO-Controller	002A/0202	29-5-2012 10:28:04	
3	Continuously search for Profinet devices	kard Company	192.168.1.2					29-5-2012 10:28:48	
4	Search for IP devices		192, 168, 1, 252	2	PND-001	IO-Device	4000/0001	29-5-2012 10:28:04	
	Continuously search for IP devices								
	Remove selected device from list								
	Remove selected device from list								
									-
WARNING: '90'-92'-05'-10-00-18' (192-168.1.252) has a design-name " which is incompatible with the Profinet standard.									
	() = 100/11202 / 1120 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0								
									-
S/NI-11506	00221 Incoming: 0 Packets/s	Buffer OK							

Fig. 94 - Assigning a new device name

Modify device name					
Device MAC:	9C:B2:06:10:00:18				
Old device name:					
Clear device name					
New device name: combricks					
✓ Permanent value (keep value after power-down)					
Modify	Cancel				

Fig. 95 - New device name options

The checkbox 'Permanent value' should be enabled if you wish to save the name to non-volatile memory.
13.4.3 Assigning a pre-defined name

The positions 1 - 9 of the rotary switch assign a pre-defined name to the device. The name has the format "ComBricks-x" where 'x' corresponds to the selected digit of the rotary switch.

For example, in position 4 the module has the following device name: "ComBricks-4". The name is read during startup of the module; changing the rotary switch during operation does not change the device name.



13.5 Remote I/O mode

The PND-001 module can be included in a PLC project with the GSDML as any other PROFINET device. After the module has been set up with a name, you can start configuring it in the network with the configuration tool of the PLC. Refer to the manual of the supplier of your configuration tool for instructions for that tool.

This example, a typical ComBricks setup with remote I/O, is built up as follows (see Fig. 96).



Fig. 96 - Example configuration for Remote I/O

The first slot is occupied by the PND-001 module, and next to it are an 8DO and Relay module.

Open the PROFINET Controller configuration tool and insert/import the PND-001 GSD with filename "GSDML-V2.25-PROCENTEC-ComBricks PND_001-20120831.xml" (download it from www.procentec.com/gsd).

Then insert the correct modules into the configuration tool. Drag the following device into the configuration: 'Head Station+PND-001(<u>SLOT 01</u>)'. Make sure that this slot corresponds with the physical slot of the PND-001. See **Fig. 97**.



Fig. 97 - Select the device with correct slot number

Next, insert the correct modules into the configuration tool. In the 2nd slot place a 8DO-24V-0.5A, and the last module is the 4RO-230V-5A.

Fig. 98 shows the complete configuration for this ComBricks system.

(2) COMbricks							
Slot		Module	Order number	I address	Q address	Diagnostic address:	
0	🚡 C.	OMbricks	101-20011A			2045*	
X7	I P	N-10				2040*	
1	P.	WD-001	101-220110			2039*	
X71	R	avt 1				2038"	
X71	I R	art 2				2037*	
2	1 8D	0-24V-0.5A	101-210110	5	7		
3	4F	10-230V-5A	101-210210		8		
4							

Fig. 98 - Configuration of the modules

13.6 PN/PN coupling or Proxy mode

A unique feature of the PND-001 module is that it can be used as a PN/PN coupler for up to 10 networks. It connects the networks on an I/O level, where you can decide how many bytes need to be transferred. For each network a PND-001 is needed. So if you wish to connect 2 networks, you need 2 PND-001 modules in one ComBricks set.

A typical ComBricks configuration for a PN/PN setup may look like this:





Fig. 99 - ComBricks configuration screenshot of the web server

Slot 1 belongs to Network 1. Slot 2 is connected to Network 2. These networks can now be coupled via the configuration tools of each master. For example, if you want to transfer 1 byte, the setup for the configuration tool of network 1 will look as follows:

ļ	(1) COMbricks								
	Slot		Module	Order number	I address	Q address			
1	0	ī	COMbricks	101-20011A					
	87		FN-10						
	1		PND-001	101-220110					
	871		Part 1						
	871		Post 2						
	2		001 Byte IN/OUT PROXY	101-22	1	1			
	3								

Fig. 100 - Schematic representation of the proxy

The first slot is used for the PND-001 module. The next slot is used for anther PND-001 module, but a proxy module must be selected because the PND-001 itself does not have any I/O. The setup for the second network will look as follows:

(2) COMbricks-1								
Slot		Module	Order number	l address	Q address			
0		COMbricks-1	101-20011A					
1.87		FN-10						
1		001 Byte IN/OUT PROXY	101-22	2	2			
2		PND-001	101-220110					
1.871		Fort 1						
1.871		Port 2						
3								

Now the Inputs and Outputs of both networks can be sent to the I/O of the proxies in the PLC program.

13.7 PROFINET / PROFIBUS proxy

The PND-001 module can also be used as a proxy to a PROFIBUS module. This works in the same way as the PN/PN coupler. Simply replace the second PN module for a PROFIBUS PBS-001 module. Or extend the PN/PN coupler with a PROFIBUS module, as shown below. With this example you can exchange I/O from and to all networks. It is also possible to exchange data between more than 3 networks; up to 10 networks can be connected. It does not matter if these networks are PROFIBUS or PROFINET.



Fig. 101 - Example network layout of two PROFINET and one PROFIBUS networks

(1) COMbricks							
Slot	Module	Order number	I address	Q address			
0	🚡 COMbricks	101-20011A					
187	📕 FN-10						
1	🛽 PND-001	101-220110					
1871	📕 Port 1						
1871	Rot 2						
2	🔋 001 Byte IN/OUT PROXY	101-22	1	1			
3	001 Byte IN/OUT PROXY	101-22	2	2			
4							

The configuration of the networks is as follows:

Fig.	102 - Configuration	for PROFINET	network 1
------	---------------------	---------------------	-----------

(2) COMbricks-1							
Slot	Module	Order number	l address	Q address			
0	🚡 COMbricks-1	101-20011A					
- 87	FN-10						
1	001 Byte IN/OUT PROXY	101-22	3	3			
2	PND-001	101-220110					
871	📕 Port 1						
871	Port 2						
3	001 Byte IN/OUT PROXY	101-22	4	4			
4							

Fig. 103 - Configuration for PROFINET network 2

(⇒	(1) PBS-001	
----	-------------	--

Slot	🚺 DPID	Order Number / Designation	I Address	Q Address
1	194	001 byte IN/OUT PROXY	5	5
2	194	001 byte IN/OUT PROXY	6	6
3	2	PBS-001		
4				

Fig. 104 - Configuration for the PROFIBUS network

Now the inputs and Outputs of all networks can be sent to the I/O of the proxies in the PLC programs.

14 CommDTM

The ComBricks Head Station features a fully functional gateway between any Windows platform and field devices using a CommDTM. This enables the ComBricks to function as a real Asset Management tool. Currently we support FDT 1.2 frame applications such as PACTware and E+H FieldCare. During interaction with the CommDTM, all ComBricks functions can be used simultaneously (web based monitoring, oscilloscoping, OPC and alarms via email).

If you are using Siemens EDD files, you can convert these to DTM files using a tool called Sitrans DTM. More information can be found on www.siemens.com/sitransdtm.

<u>Please note:</u> It is not possible to use a Siemens DP/PA link to send DTM commands from DP to PA. Only the ComBricks PA module can send DTM commands on PA. To achieve this when using a Siemens Link, refer to paragraph 12.2 and setup the PA module in Monitoring mode.

14.1 Installing drivers, CommDTM and server

You can download the required PCD server and CommDTM installers separately from our website, located at the download section. You can also find the files in the Download page of the ComBricks itself. It is a ZIP file containing several executables, which should all be installed.

14.2 Setting up the PCD server

Start the PCD (PROCENTEC Communication Driver) server (located in /Program Files/PROCENTEC/PCD/). You should see the PCD logo in the system tray.



Right-click the PCD icon, then choose 'Show'. Click 'Modify', enter a name for the interface, choose the latest 'ComBricks PROFIBUS x.x' driver and click 'OK'. Note: You can leave the serial number field empty.

PCD Server V1.1 (c) 2010-2011 PROCENTEC	23
Interfaces	
Interfaces:	
Location 1 Add	
Remove	
Modify	
Setup	
Interface Settings	
Interface Name COMbricks_ChemPlant_PA2x	
Driver COMBricks Profibus V1.1.1	
Serial Nr. (Leave empty if serial nr. is irrelevant)	
Ok Cancel	
Hide Shut Down	_

Fig. 105 - Setting up the PCD server

COMbricks Connection	Configurator V1.0	×
Connection Settings		
IP Nr./DNS name	192.168.10.110 Discover IP Nr.	
Port	38890 < Default (38890)	
Network Nr.	Network 1	
	Use Password	
Username	User 👻	
Password		
	Ok	

Next, select this location again and click 'Setup'. Enter the correct IP address of the ComBricks Head Station, and choose the port and network you wish to connect to. Depending on the password settings in the ComBricks, you might also have to fill in a username and password. Then click 'Ok'.

14.3 Using the CommDTM

Start your FDT manager and create or load a project. Vendor-independent platform PACTware is used in the example below. Refer to the manual of your FDT manager for details.

In the upper menu, choose 'Device – Add device' and click on 'PROCENTEC DP-V1 Master', as shown in **Fig. 106**.

Selec choose	t PROCENTEC and e the DP-V1 Master				
	All Devices\PRo Driver	r			
	Device	 Protocol 	Vendor	Group	Device Versio
	PROCENTEC DP-V1 Master	Profibus DPV1	PROCENTEC	FDT	1.0.5.0/2011
< III >> Ven Gro Type Prot Show unselected devices too					
PROCENTEC Driver					· · ·
TROCEIVIEC DIVEL		*****	******		
	; Device Da	ata Base for PROCENTEC I	JItra Device		
				ок	Cancel

Fig. 106 - CommDTM selection dialog

After clicking 'OK' the PCD server is launched automatically (if it was not loaded already). You will see the ComBricks and PCD icons appear in the system tray:



In PACTware, make sure to set the correct bus parameters by right-clicking the PROCENTEC DP-V1 master and choose 'Parameters'. Enter the correct parameters or select 'Start' to auto-detect these (see **Fig. 107**). Then click 'OK'. Next, choose the icon 'Connect' from the top menu.

PACTware		
<u>File Edit View Project Device Extras Window</u>	Help	
i 🗅 🧉 🖬 🎒 👘 i 🔛 🙀 i 🗖 👷 🗐 😫	36 ≈ 100	
Project #×	ROCENTEC DP-V1 Master Parameter	4 Þ 🗙 🏹
Device tag Address U & Device 1 HOST PC PROCENTEC DP-V1 Master 0 V R PROCENTEC DP-V1 Master	PROCENTEC DP-V1 Master Communication PROCENTEC DP-V1 Master	PROCESSION
	Bus Parameter	<u> </u>
	Board Name: COMbrides_Chenr Slot Time: 300	
	Baud Rate: 1.5 Mbps • Min. Station Delay: 11	andard Bus Parameters
	Station Address: 0 v Max. Station Delay: 150 Autodet	ect Bus Parameters
	Highest Station Address: 126 Setup Time: 1	Start
	Max. Retry Limit: 1 Quiet Time: 0	Stop
	Target Rotation Time: 20000 Gap Update Factor: 10	
	Scan Range	
	Scan Range Begin: 0 Scan Range End: 126	
	Defaults OK Cancel App	ly Help
< III + 1	∜De Disconnected 🚺 Data set	

Fig. 107 - DTM master parameters

Please note: not all busparameters will be detected automatically; You can set them manually:

- Max. retry limit: recommended is a value of 3 or higher.
- Target Rotation Time: This is a calculated worst-case time for one token rotation on the PROFIBUS network. Look up this value in the primary master setup tool, and copy it here.
- Max Station delay: this value is defined by the slowest slave in the network. In most cases the default value is sufficient.
- Quiet time: only required in case of heavy reflections.

After you have correctly applied these steps, the ComBricks is now a DP-V1 master and ready for communication to field devices. For a detailed walk-through refer to the Download section of the PROCENTEC website for a comprehensive Quick Start for PACTware and FieldCare.

15 OPC

OPC functionality in ComBricks is available in the following way: By opening a stream from the ComBricks Headstation to a PC in the local network, all PROFIBUS messages are sent to this computer. This PC has ProfiTrace running, and in ProfiTrace the OPC server is active. So the actual OPC server is inside ProfiTrace, not in the Headstation. OPC tags can be added in the ProfiTrace OPC server, which can be read by OPC clients.

The ProfiTrace OPC Server offers a standardized interface to get the valuable ProfiTrace information such as device status, statistics and process variables into applications that carry an OPC client, such as SCADA, Excel, etc.

Many process or factory plants nowadays use SCADA or Asset management software to get an overview of the production status and application alarms. However, they have no insight on the PROFIBUS health and behaviour which could indicate a potential shutdown. This information contributes heavily to the installation uptime.

Using ProfiTrace OPC, it is possible to get the real live state of your PROFIBUS network directly in your SCADA system, allowing maintenance engineers and operators to react quickly to any PROFIBUS related alarms or irregular events coming up on the screen. The opportunities are vast and we are just discovering the possibilities what it could contribute to your asset management.

You can display ProfiTrace tags in a SCADA/HMI package or link it to an SMS/email client and sent a message when something happens with the PROFIBUS installation or even generate your own report in MS Word/Excel. Every application that acts as OPC client can approach the ProfiTrace tags. It does NOT corrupt the PROFIBUS cycle time because the information comes from busmonitoring (listening).

15.1 Installing the OPC drivers

The PC that runs ProfiTrace has to be prepared for OPC by installing the drivers (see Fig. 108).



Fig. 108 - Location of the OPC drivers

15.2 Setting up a stream

To connect the ComBricks to ProfiTrace, see paragraph 5.9.

15.3 Selecting OPC tags

The OPC tag settings can be found in the Settings menu (see Fig. 109).

ProfiTrace for ProfiCore Ultra V2.5 (c) 2004-2010 PROCENTEC											
File Action Filter Trigger Toolbars Vi	ew Report	Settings Help	1								
Tron ace scopeware Bargraph Topo	l netwo	Plugins				o					
Load Data Save Data File viewer	setup re	Setup OPC Tag Setti	ngs	prop message recording	Set record hiter	Set view hiter					
Init ProfiCore Ultra Close ProfiCore Ultra	a Auto-de	Setup OPC Server(s)		Ŧ							
System activity: Live list : 🔀 Message	recording :	Language	$- \square$								
Info Panel	💙 Live li	Scan GSD library	es (with	Sta	tion statistics view 🔎	Data inspection					
	HSA=0	Reset selected station									
		0	Sele	ct Setup O	PC Tag Se	ttings 📃	5	6	7	8	9
	0						5	6	7	8	9
	10					14	15	16		18	19
	20	20	21			24	25	26		28	29
	30	30	31			34	35	36		38	39
	40	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
	50	50	51	52	.53	54	55	56	57	58	59
	60	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
	70	70	71	72		74	75	76		78	79
	80	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
	90	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
	100	100		102		104	105	106		108	109
	110					114	115	116	117	118	119
	120					124	125	126			
	Activity log	Message data Plugir	output								

Fig. 109 - OPC tags in the Settings menu

In the next dialog you can add tags (see **Fig. 110**). All basic tags are already available (Live List, and Statistics). When you do not require additional tags, you do not have to enter this dialog and can you directly proceed to the server settings.

The OPC tags are locations in the I/O data of the devices (offset 0 is the first location).



Be careful with too many tags. The quantity of tags can slow down your system, especially when you want to run multiple applications at the same time. To solve this you can filter tags in the client you are using.

You can save your data in a .PTO file which is used later during the setup of the OPC server.



Fig. 110 - Adding OPC tags

15.4 Activating the OPC server

After setting up the OPC tags, the server has to be activated.

The OPC server settings can be found in the Settings menu (see Fig. 111).

In the next dialog the server can be added (see Fig. 112).



A maximum of 16 servers can be created, each with its own tag groups.

ProfiTrace for ProfiCore Ultra V2.5 (c) 2004-2010 PROCENTEC												
File Action Filter Trigger Toolbars V	iew Report	Settings Help	1									
ProhTrace ScopeWare Bar graph Topology Netwo Preferences												
Load Data Save Data File viewe	setup re	Flugers	ording	top message recording	Set record filter	Set view filter						
Init ProfiCore Ultra Close ProfiCore Ul	ra Auto-de	Setup OPC Tag Setti Setup OPC Server(s)	ngs									
System activity: Live list : 🔀 Messag	e recording :	Language										
Info Panel	🔸 💙 Live li	Scan GSD library		Sta	ition statistics view 🔎	Data inspection						
	HSA=0	Reset selected station				Panel						
		0	Soloct	Sotup O	CSorvor	4	5	6	7	8	9	
	0		Jelect	. Setup Of	CJEIVEI	4	5	6	7	8	9	
	10		11	12	13	14	15	16		18	19	
	20	20	21	22		24	25	26		28	29	
	30	30	31			34	35	36		38	39	
	40	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	
	50	50	51	52	.53	54	55	56	67	58	59	
	60	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	
	70	70	71	72		74	75	76		78	79	
	80	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	
	90	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	
	100	100				104	105	106		108	109	
	110	110				-114	115	116	117	118	119	
	120	120				124	125	126				
	Activity log	Message data Plugi	1 output									

Fig. 111 - OPC server in the Settings menu

OPC servers configuration	×
OPC Servers	
Refresh list Add Remove Modify OPC server name ProfiCore Ser. nr. Tags file	
Add a new OPC server	
Close Help	

Fig. 112 - Adding the OPC server

Important: If you see an error message when adding/registering the server or tags, then restart the software and start ProfiTrace with 'Administrator rights by right-clicking the ProfiTrace executable and choosing 'Run as administrator'.

In the next dialog the properties of the server are set up (see Fig. 113).

Give it an appropriate name and indicate if you want to use the default tags or the .PTO file with the user defined tags. Also choose a ComBricks connection.

When the settings are completed click "close" and the OPC server will be active. In later stages the OPC server settings can be modified.



Fig. 113 - OPC server properties

From this point any application that has the availability of an OPC client can access the ProfiTrace OPC tags.

16 SNMP

The Headstation has a powerful feature, SNMP, available free of charge in every Headstation version. With SNMP you can retrieve any data via Ethernet that has been collected by the ComBricks system. This SNMP data can be used by network management tools or SCADA systems to visualize the collected data. This data ranges from Bargraph data (voltages) to statistics and Live List information. You can also retrieve the Headstation temperature or power consumption for example. This turns a SCADA system into a versatile monitoring or alarming station.

The SNMP MIB (Management Information Base) file, which is available for download on our website, contains the descriptions for all items. This MIB file should be used in a management tool or MIB viewer to retrieve the data from ComBricks.

16.1 List of data items

The following items can be retrieved with SNMPv1 and SNMPv2c from the ComBricks:

General items

- Serial number of the Headstation
- Firmware version of the Headstation
- Hardware version of the Headstation
- Backplane version
- FPGA version of the Headstation
- General description of the Headstation

Ethernet status

- MAC address
- IP address
- Subnet mask
- Default gateway
- DNS address
- DHCP state

Device

- System time
- System temperature
- System current
- System voltage
- System status
- System I/O status
- Micro SD card status
- License code
- Number of modules
- Module info

Data

- Livelist of all 4 networks
- Statistics of all 4 networks (Lost, Syncs, Repeats total, Repeats Max, illegals, Int diag, Ext diag, DX diag)
- Ident numbers of active devices, of all 4 networks
- Detected baudrate of all 4 networks
- Connected Ethernet clients
- Connected ports
- Physical measurements per slave:
 - Min
 - Max
 - Last
- Idle voltage per slave
- Bargraph settings

16.2 Viewing the MIB file

As an example the tool SNMPb will be used. This tool can be downloaded for free.

Prepare the SNMPb tool as follows:

- 1. Download and install SNMPb
- 2. Download the MIB file and place it in C:\Program files (x86)\Snmpb\mibs\
- 3. Start SNMPb and click the tab 'Modules'. Search for the module 'PROCENTEC-COMBRICKS-HS-T1-MIB', select it and click the button -> so that the module moves to the right table. It is now loaded.
- 4. Go back to the tab 'Tree' and click the setup button .
 - 177
- 5. Enter a name for the profile and enter the IP address of the target ComBricks. Use default SNMP port 161 and other default settings. Then click OK.

•	A	gent Profiles ? ×
▷ ComBricks		
	Enter a name	General Properties
		Name ComBricks
	Enter the ComBricks IP address	Target SNMP Agent
		Agent Address/Name 192.168.11.21
		Agent Port 161
		Timeout and Retries
		Retries 1
		Timeout (sec) 3
		Supported SNMP Version
		SNMPV1 SNMPV2 SNMPV3
		OK Cancel

Now you can expand the items in the MIB tree by right-clicking on 'MIB Tree' and select 'Expand'. The first SNMP item you see is 'hsGenSerial' in the 'General' folder. To read this value, right-click and choose 'Get'. The program will now send an SNMP message to the ComBricks and the ComBricks will send the requested information back, which will now be visible in blue text.

You can also retrieve all information in the selected folder. Right-click a folder and choose 'Walk'. All information of items in the selected folder or entry will now be retrieved.



Fig. 114 - Example of reading SNMP data

The info panel of SNMPb shows the description and details of the selected SNMP item.

For other freeware SNMP tools, see Paragraph 18.5.

16.3 Viewing SNMP traps

SNMPb can also be used to view the SNMP traps that ComBricks can send. Make sure you have followed the procedure in paragraph 16.2, and set the IP address of the computer where SNMPb is running on as the trap recipient, in the SNMP Trap settings of ComBricks (see paragraph 5.5). Also make sure any firewall settings are set correctly (open UDP port 162 or custom port).

If you create an event that can be sent as SNMP trap, you will see that trap appear in the 'Trap' tab of SNMPb:

🎫 S	nmpB									- 0	×
File	Tools Opti	ons Help									
				<							
To	ee Modules	Editor Dis	scovery Traps	Graphs Log							
Trap	log										
No		Date	Time	Timestamp	Notification Type		Message Type	Version	Agent Address	Agent port	^
000)1	2018-03-22	11:06:30	0:35:22.50	externalPowerFailure		Trap(v2)	SNMPv2c	192.168.10.84	162	
000	2	2018-03-22	11:06:34	0:35:25.84	externalPowerRestore	d	Trap(v2)	SNMPv2c	192.168.10.84	162	
000	3	2018-03-22	11:06:39	0:35:27.41	externalPowerFailure		Trap(v2)	SNMPv2c	192.168.10.84	162	
000	14	2018-03-22	11:06:54	0:35:46.78	externalPowerRestore	d	Trap(v2)	SNMPv2c	192.168.10.84	162	
000	5	2018-03-22	11:09:02	0:37:54.38	externalPowerFailure		Trap(v2)	SNMPv2c	192.168.10.84	162	
000	6	2018-03-22	11:09:06	0:37:55.05	externalPowerRestore	ed	Trap(v2)	SNMPv2c	192.168.10.84	162	
000)7	2018-03-22	11:09:11	0:37:55.73	redundantBalanceRe	stored	Trap(v2)	SNMPv2c	192.168.10.84	162	
000	8	2018-03-22	11:09:15	0:38:02.50	redundantBalanceDis	rupted	Trap(v2)	SNMPv2c	192.168.10.84	162	
000	9	2018-03-22	11:09:25	0:38:17.91	externalPowerFailure		Trap(v2)	SNMPv2c	192.168.10.84	162	
001	0	2018-03-22	11:09:36	0:38:28.64	moduleRemovedFrom	nSystem	Trap(v2)	SNMPv2c	192.168.10.84	162	
001	1	2018-03-22	11:09:42	0:38:34.76	moduleRemovedFrom	nSystem	Trap(v2)	SNMPv2c	192.168.10.84	162	
001	2	2018-03-22	11:09:47	0:38:35.44	moduleReinsertedInt	oSystem	Trap(v2)	SNMPv2c	192.168.10.84	162	~
<											>
Trap	content					Trap info					
~	Bindings (1)					Name:	moduleRemovedFromSyst	em			
	#0 trapInf	o: Power module	e in slot 1 has been	removed from the s	ystem	Oid:	1.3.6.1.4.1.38925.1.1.3.3.12				
	Community:	trap				Units:					
						Module: References	PROCENTEC-COMBRICKS-I	HS-T1-MIB			
			Т	rap descriptio	inscoming	Description	A moduleRemovedFromSystem trap	indicates a Power modu	le has been removed from the C	omBricks set.	
				from the N			This event relates to module(s): - PWR-64 (101-230010, Hardware re-	vision V14 and newer)			
				from the N	iib ille		The second se				
					<u> </u>	L					

Fig. 115 - Trap information in SNMPb

17 Firmware updates

The Updater tools and new firmware for the Head Station and for the modules can be downloaded from **www.procentec.com/service-support/software-firmware/**.

Firmware files have the extension .PKG.

Updating the firmware of the <u>Head Station</u> can be done with either a mini USB cable or Ethernet connection. For updating <u>modules</u> an Ethernet connection to the ComBricks is required.

17.1 Updating the Head Station



On firmware version 1.301 and lower, the Firmware Update procedure requires a <u>manual</u> powerdown of the ComBricks system. Firmware 1.302 and higher do not require a manual power-down and can be remotely updated.



All firmware update methods <u>will stop the functionality of Modules</u>! The modules will not be active during the update sequence. This means that the repeater functionality of the ComBricks is disabled and (parts of) the network will be down.

17.1.1 Update procedure for Head Station Firmware 1.302 and higher

After downloading the firmware and installing the firmware update tool, follow the procedure below:

STEP 1:	Ensure a working TCP/IP connection between the PC/laptop and the ComBricks.
STEP 2:	Start the Network Condition Indicator tool (version 1.5.0 and up) and add the target Head Station(s) in the list by clicking "Add". See the NCI manual for help.
STEP 3:	Go to "Manage" in the menu, then choose "Head Station remote firmware update"
STEP 4:	Locate the downloaded firmware file with .pkg extension and click "Open".
STEP 5:	Select the Head Station(s) that you wish to update. You can select multiple Head Stations simultaneously. Use the button "Easy selection" to select only supported Head stations. Then click "Apply update to selected devices" and confirm you understood the displayed warnings.
STEP 6:	After the upload, the Head Station will update the firmware. This can take a few minutes. Do not power-down the ComBricks during the update procedure! The Head Station will reboot automatically after updating.
STEP 7:	When the process is finished and the Head Station has rebooted, you can verify the firmware update by checking the firmware version in the web server (bottom of each web page).

17.1.2 Update procedure for Head Station Firmware 1.301 and lower

After downloading the firmware and installing the firmware update tool, follow the procedure below:

- **STEP 1:** Shutdown ALL power to the Head Station (also USB cables and power modules).
- **STEP 2:** Hold the menu switch of the Head Station down and at the same time provide power to the Head Station. In the firmware update mode, the SF and IOF LEDs should be blinking.
- **STEP 3:** Connect the mini USB to the Head Station (see Fig. 116).
- **STEP 4:** Start the firmware update tool. If the tool detects the Head Station in the firmware update mode, the "Start update" button is enabled (see **Fig. 117**).
- **STEP 5:** Click on "Start update" to browse to the .PKG file and click "OK". The tool will now upload the new firmware to the Head Station
- **STEP 6:** After the upload the Head Station will update the firmware. This can take a few minutes. **The window that appears be can closed directly**.
- **STEP 7:** Verify the firmware update by checking the firmware version in the web server (bottom of each web page).



Fig. 116 - Firmware update cable

17.2 Updating modules

Some ComBricks modules can get new functionality by updating the module firmware. These updates are not distributed through the Head Station firmware, but in separate Module firmware packages. For a listing of all available firmware, see **www.procentec.com/ComBricks**.

The tool for updating the module firmware is the same as the tool for updating the Head Station (version 1.5.0 and higher). It can be downloaded from the above mentioned location.

After downloading the update tool and the module firmware follow the procedure below:



Fig. 117 - Firmware update tool

- **STEP 1:** Make sure the Head Station and targeted module(s) are powered and running.
- **STEP 2:** Connect an Ethernet cable between the Head Station and your workstation and verify the network connection.
- **STEP 3:** Start the Module firmware update tool and enter the IP address of the targeted ComBricks Head Station. If you do not know the IP address, use 'Search network' to open the Discovery Tool and select the correct Head Station.
- **STEP 4:** Click 'Connect to Head station' in the Update tool. It will scan all slots to check the module types.
- **STEP 5:** Double-click the targeted module slot. A file dialog will appear; navigate to the local folder where you stored the firmware package.
- **STEP 6:** The tool automatically filters all unrelated firmware files; you cannot select incorrect files. Choose the firmware and click 'Open'. The firmware update will start automatically. You should see the windows as shown in **Fig. 119** and **Fig. 118**.

🗰 co	Mbricks Module Upd	ater V1.12					×
	Connect to headstation	IP Nr. 192.168.1.250 Se	arch network			PROCENTEC	
	Disconnect Update Module	Refresh List				Use the Discovery Tool if you do not know the IP address	,
Mo	dule list: (only the first 1)	0 modules are displayed)					
Module	e Vendor	Product Name	HW Version	Ser.Nr.	Firmwa	re Version(s)	
1	PROCENTEC	2 Channel RS485 Repeater Type 1	V1.6	001315			
2	PROCENTEC	1 Channel NONPB SCOPE Repeater Type 1	V1.1	000103	V1.8.0		
3	PROCENTEC	1 Channel RS485-IS SCOPE Repeater Type 1	V1.1	000000	V1.8.0		
4	PROCENTEC	PROFIBUS DP Slave Type 1	V1.2	000067	V2.0.0		
5	PROCENTEC	2 Channel Fiber Optic module Type 1	Doubl	e-click a	,		
6		Empty or unsupported	module	to sele	cta		
7		Empty or unsupported	firmw	are file			
8		Empty or unsupported		_			
9		Empty or unsupported					
10		Empty or unsupported					
•		1			1) F

Updating Module	
	14.7%
Cancel	

Cb_updatemodule
Update OK in 104 seconds (5)
ОК

Fig. 119 - Updating module

Fig. 118 - Update complete

18 Tips and Tricks

18.1 Ident Number lookup

It is possible to check if ComBricks has info on a certain Ident Number (located in gsd.bin):

[ComBricks IP or DNS address]/data_srv.cgi?data=gsdinfo:0x[Ident Number]

Example: http://192.168.1.230/data_srv.cgi?data=gsdinfo:0x6012

It should display a line comparable with this:

ABB%20Drives%20NPBA%2D12%1FABB%2DDRIVES%1F40%1F8%1FNPBA%2D12%.....

18.2 Solution for secured email connections

Because ComBricks can only handle unsecured email connections, a proxy between ComBricks email and outgoing email could be helpful. hMailserver is a free tool that creates a mail server on one of the local PCs in the network. ComBricks can mail the events to this mailserver and the mailserver can forward it through a secured connection to an external mailserver. www.hmailserver.com

18.3 IP address adjustment tool

Every time you go 1-on-1 with a laptop to a ComBricks unit, the IP settings of your laptop have to be adjusted to fit the local IP address of the ComBricks. To make this step very easy a tool is available with the name NetSetMan to automatically change all the settings according to customized profiles. **www.netsetman.com**

18.4 Free Wi-Fi channel detector

For ComBricks streaming with the ProfiTrace 2 software over Wi-Fi, a clean connection is required to keep the streaming performance as high as possible. To verify that your Wi-Fi does not overlap with other channels, we recommend to use the free tool inSSIDer.

www.metageek.net/products/inssider

18.5 Some SNMP tools

To test the ComBricks SNMP functionality, you can use the tools below:

- SNMPb
- NetSentinel by Micromedia
- MIBbrowser by iReasoning
- Solarwinds

19 Technical Data - ComBricks in general

Dimensions, weight and mounting				
Dimensions H x D x W (mm) Weight DIN-rail	115 x 100 x 25 mm (1 module) 150 g 35 mm (minimal 50 mm wide)			
Ambient conditions				
Operating temperature Isolation class	0 60° C IP 20 (DIN 40 050)			
Colours and material				
Housing Backplane DIN rail clip Side cap	RAL 5017 (blue) - ABS RAL 7037 (grey) - ABS RAL 2004 (orange) - PP RAL 7024 (anthracite) - PP			

20 Technical Data - Head Station 1A/1B/1C

Technical Data - Head Station 1A/1B/1C

Type differences (Hardware is identical with all types)				
No ProfiTrace OE				
ProfiTrace OE for 1 PROFIBUS network + ProfiTrace 2 live streaming + OPC (since June 2013)				
ProfiTrace OE for 4 PROFIBUS networks + ProfiTrace 2 live streaming + OPC				
CommDTM				
32 (10 repeater modules positioned in the first 10 slots) 2.5 A 4 101-200012, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101-200027				
12 to 24 VDC (tolerance range 11 to 26 VDC) Do not connect, if the power on backplane is supplied by a PWR-6A module.				
73 mA at 24 VDC (externally powered) 230 mA at 5.72 VDC (externally or PWR-6A module powered)				
800 mA at 24 VDC (current consumption of other modules included)				
Max. 1.32 W (own power dissipation) Max. 20W (power dissipation of other modules included)				
Yes Yes < 2.5 mm ² <u>Installation notes:</u> The device shall be supplied from an isolating transformer having a secondary Listed fuse rated either: • Maximum 5 amps for voltages 12 to 20 V, or • Maximum 4 amps for voltages 21 to 24 V, or is supplied by a Class 2 power supply, or equivalent.				

Ethernet				
Connector Cable length Link speed MAC address	RJ-45 Max. 100 m 10 / 100 Mbps 9C.B2.06.xx.xx.xx (label on the side of the Head Station)			
Supported protocols	HTTP, FTP, SMTP, TELNET, DHCP, SNMP			
Default IP address after reset/purchase Connections	192.168.1.254 20 simultaneous web server clients			
Relay contact				
Resistance Voltage Current	300 mOhm (plug included) 24 VAC 0.5 A <u>Installation notes:</u>			
	 The Relay output shall be supplied from an isolating transformer having a secondary Listed fuse rated either: Maximum 5 amps for voltages 12 20 V, or Maximum 4 amps for voltages 21 24 V, or is supplied by a Class 2 power supply, or equivalent. 			
SD Card				
Types Size	SD and SDHC Max. 32 GB (1 GB is provided)			
Connector Lay-out				
Power supply	Plug-able screw connector, pitch 5,08 mm Pin - : 0 V Pin +: 24 VDC Pin SH: Shield			
Alarm contact	Pin 1: NO Pin 2: NO potential-free relay contact, normally open			
Others				
Weight MTBF	150 g 2873918 hours, at 30º Celsius, IEC TR 62380			

CE	EMC Directive 2014/30/EU, class A Digital Device RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU
FCC	47 CFR 15, Unintentional Radiator, class A Digital Device.
UL	Report reference: E468970
	Standards for safety: UL 508 - Industrial Control Equipment CSA C22.2 No. 142-M1987 - Industrial Control Equipment



Mounting and un-mounting backplanes



Adding additional backplanes



Inserting modules



Powering the Head Station

21 Technical Data - SCOPE Repeater (101-201210)

Dimensions and weight	
Dimensions L x W x H	137 x 25 x 103 mm (including backplane, per module)
Weight	120 g (excluding plug-able connectors, backplane and packing material)
Mounting DIN-rail type	35mm × 7.5mm (EN 50022, BS 5584, DIN 46277-3)
Ambient conditions	
Ambient operating temperature range	-20° +60° Celsius (for mounting position see manual) -4° 158° Fahrenheit
Isolating class	IP 20 (IEC/EN 60529, DIN 40050)
Backplane	
PROFIBUS networks	4 (set by dipswitches or web server)
Modules	10 (positioned in the first 10 slots)
Power supply Typical backplane current consumption Max. backplane current consumption Compatible backplane units	Provided through the backplane 400 mA (at 5.72 VDC) 600 mA (at 5.72 VDC) At this current consumption the module is switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faulty, e.g. internal short circuit. 101-200011, 101-200022, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101-200027
Protocol specifications	
Supported Protocols	DP-V0, DP-V1, DP-V2, FDL, MPI, FMS, PROFIsafe, PROFIdrive
Address	NO bus address required
Transmission speed Transmission speed detection	9.6 kbps 12 Mbps (including 45.45 kbps) Auto detect (< 10 s detection and 50 s baudrate switchover time)
Data delay time	At baudrateNormal modeRedundunt mode9.6 - 500 kbps2.8 Tbit13.8 Tbit1.5 Mbps3.2 Tbit14.2 Tbit3 Mbps3.9 Tbit14.5 Tbit6 Mbps4.6 Tbit15.6 Tbit12 Mbps6.4 Tbit17.4 Tbit
Deviation	2 bit times (over the complete message) for received messages is allowed and is corrected to nominal speed when transmitted.

Oscilloscope specifications	
Frequency Resolution Differential range	192 MS/s 50 mV -6.436 6.436 V
PROFIBUS cable specifications	
Cable lengths	1200 m at 9.6 kbps to 93.75 kbps 1000 m at 187.5 kbps 400 m at 500 kbps 200 m at 1.5 Mbps 100 m at 3 Mbps to 12 Mbps
Wire diameter (for the screw terminals) Wire type	< 2.5 mm ² Stranded or solid core
Number of devices	Maximum 31 devices per channel (busload)
Termination	Integrated and switchable Powered according to PB RS 485 (390/220/390 Ohms)
Redundancy	Yes, maximum 10 cables activated by switch
Cascading depth	No limit (only limited by busparameter of the master)
Cascading units	With standard busparameters:At baudrateNormal mode[units]9.6 kbps719.2 kbps719.2 kbps745.45 kbps4293.75 kbps7187.5 kbps7500 kbps171.5 Mbps233 Mbpss196 Mbps1612 Mbps15Formula to calculate number of cascading units with adjusted T_{slot} : Cascading units = $(T_{slot} - maxT_{sdr}) / (2 \times T_{data_delay_time})$ $T_{data_delay_time}$ is described in protocol specifications on previous page.Example 1.5 Mbps, normal mode: Cascading units = (300-150) / (2x3.2) = 23
Connector Lay-out	
PROFIBUS screw terminal CH1	Plug-able screw terminal, pitch 5,08 mm Pin A: PROFIBUS A (green wire) Pin B: PROFIBUS B (red wire) Pin SH: Shield

	Pin I: Indirect Shield
PROFIBUS DB9 CH1	D Sub connector, 9 contacts (PROFIBUS specification) Pin 1: N.C. Pin 2: N.C. Pin 3: PROFIBUS - B Pin 4: PROFIBUS - RTS Pin 5: GND Pin 6: VPP Pin 7: N.C. Pin 8: PROFIBUS - A Pin 9: N.C. Housing: Shield Pin SH is connected internally to the DIN-rail with spring- loaded contact. Pin I is connected internally with 10nF/1MOhm to shield.
LEDs	
RDY : Ready RX : Receiving SW : Switch Network Termination HWE : Hardware Error ER : Error MIN : Minus TERM : Termination voltage	Module is ready for operation (ON) Receiving telegrams (blinking) Network Termination active (ON) Internal repeater error (ON contact PROCENTEC) No or bad receiving telegrams detected (ON or blinking) Signal amplitude of the telegrams too low < 2.5 V (ON) Idle voltage too low <0.95 V or >1.26 V (ON) Alarm values can be changed through the web server.
Dipswitches	
NWO NW1 LEFT LEFT RIGHT LEFT LEFT RIGHT RIGHT RIGHT <u>RED</u> LEFT / RIGHT <u>H/S</u> LEFT / RIGHT	PROFIBUS Network 1 Repeater Module 2 RDY 3 Data received 4 Termination ON Redundancy The idle voltage when nobody is sending is too low OFF / ON The idle voltage when nobody is sending is too low Settings Hardware / Software

Standard and approvals	
CE	EMC Directive 2014/30/EU, class A Digital Device RoHs Directive 2011/65/EU
FCC	47 CFR 15, Unintentional Radiator, class A Digital Device.
UL	Report reference: E468970 Standards for safety: UL 508 - Industrial Control Equipment. CSA C22.2 No. 142-M1987 - Industrial Control Equipment
Others	
Head Station firmware MTBF	At least version 1.260 1123748 hours, at 30° Celsius, IEC TR 62380
PROCENTEC Klopperman 16 2292 JD WATERINGEN (NL)	Tel.: +31-174-671800 Fax: +31-174-671801 Email: info@procentec.com

22 Technical Data - 2 Channel Repeater (101-201102)

Dimensions and weight	
Dimensions L x W x H	137 x 25 x 105 mm (including backplane, per module)
Weight	119 g (excluding plug-able connectors, backplane and packing material)
Mounting DIN-rail type	35mm × 7.5mm (EN 50022, BS 5584, DIN 46277-3)
Ambient conditions	
Ambient operating temperature range	-20° +60° Celsius (for mounting position see manual) -4° 158° Fahrenheit
Isolating class	IP 20 (IEC/EN 60529, DIN 40050)
Backplane	
PROFIBUS networks	4 (set by dipswitches or web server)
Modules	10 (positioned in the first 10 slots)
Power supply Typical backplane current consumption Max. backplane current consumption	Provided through the backplane 300 mA (at 5.72 VDC) 500 mA (at 5.72 VDC) At this current consumption the module is switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faulty, e.g. internal short circuit.
Compatible backplane units	101-200011, 101-200022, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101-200027
Protocol specifications	
Supported Protocols	DP-V0, DP-V1, DP-V2, FDL, MPI, FMS, PROFIsafe, PROFIdrive and
Address	NO bus address required
Transmission speed Transmission speed detection	9.6 kbps 12 Mbps (including 45.45 kbps) Auto detect (< 10 s detection and 50 s baudrate switchover time)
Data delay time	At baudrateNormal modeRedundunt mode9.6 - 500 kbps2.8 Tbit13.8 Tbit1.5 Mbps3.2 Tbit14.2 Tbit3 Mbps3.9 Tbit14.5 Tbit6 Mbps4.6 Tbit15.6 Tbit12 Mbps6.4 Tbit17.4 Tbit2 bit times (over the complete message) for received messages is
Deviation	allowed and is corrected to nominal speed when transmitted.
PROFIBUS cable specifications	

Cable lengths	1200 m at 9.6 kbps to 93.75 kbps 1000 m at 187.5 kbps 400 m at 500 kbps 200 m at 1.5 Mbps 100 m at 3 Mbps to 12 Mbps
Wire diameter (for the screw terminals) Wire type	< 2.5 mm ² Stranded or solid core
Number of devices	Maximum 31 devices per channel (busload)
Termination	Integrated and switchable Powered according to PB RS 485 (390/220/390 Ohms)
Redundancy	Yes, maximum 10 cables activated by switch
Cascading depth	No limit (only limited by busparameter of the master)
Cascading units	With standard busparameters:At baudrateNormal mode[units]9.6 kbps719.2 kbps719.2 kbps745.45 kbps4293.75 kbps7187.5 kbps7500 kbps171.5 Mbps233 Mbps196 Mbps1612 Mbps15Formula to calculate number of cascading units with adjusted T_{slot} :Cascading units = $(T_{slot} - maxT_{sdr}) / (2 \times T_{data_delay_time})$ $T_{data_delay_time}$ is described in protocol specifications on previouspage.Example 1.5 Mbps, normal mode:Cascading units = $(300-150) / (2x3.2) = 23$
Connector Lay-out	
PROFIBUS SCREW Terminal CH1 and CH2	<u>Plug-able screw terminal, pitch 5,08 mm</u> Pin A: PROFIBUS A (green wire) Pin B: PROFIBUS B (red wire) Pin SH: Shield Pin I: Indirect Shield
PROFIBUS DB9 CH2	D Sub connector, 9 contacts (PROFIBUS specification) Pin 1: N.C. Pin 2: N.C. Pin 3: PROFIBUS - B Pin 4: PROFIBUS - RTS

	Pin 5: GND Pin 6: VPP Pin 7: N.C. Pin 8: PROFIBUS - A Pin 9: N.C. Housing: Shield Pin SH is connected internally to the DIN-rail with spring-loaded contact. Pin I is connected internally with 10nF/1MOhm to shield.	
LEDs		
RDY : Ready RX : Receiving ER : Error Receiving SW : Switch Network Termination	Module is ready for operation (ON) Receiving telegrams (blinking) No or bad receiving telegrams detected (ON or blinking) Network termination active (ON)	
Dipswitches		
NW0NW1LEFTLEFTRIGHTLEFTLEFTRIGHTREDLEFTRIGHTH/SLEFTRIGHT	PROFIBUS Network 1 2 3 4 Repeater Module Sw2	
Standard and approvals		
CE FCC	EMC Directive 2014/30/EU, class A Digital Device RoHs Directive 2011/65/EU 47 CFR 15, Unintentional Radiator, class A Digital Device. Report reference: E468970	
UL	Standards for safety: UL 508 - Industrial Control Equipment, CSA C22.2 No. 142-M1987 - Industrial Control Equipment	
Others		
Head Station firmware MTBF	ALL 1448431 hours, at 30° Celsius, IEC TR 62380	

23 Technical Data - 1 Channel Repeater (101-201101)

Technical Data - 1 Channel Repeater (101-201101)	
Dimensions and weight	
Dimensions L x W x H	137 x 25 x 103 mm (including backplane, per module)
Weight	112 g (excluding plug-able connectors, backplane and packing material)
Mounting DIN-rail type	35mm × 7.5mm (EN 50022, BS 5584, DIN 46277-3)
Ambient conditions	
Ambient operating temperature range	-20° +60° Celsius (for mounting position see manual) -4° 158° Fahrenheit
Isolating class	IP 20 (IEC/EN 60529, DIN 40050)
Backplane	
PROFIBUS networks	4 (set by dipswitches or web server)
Modules	10 (positioned in the first 10 slots)
Power supply Typical backplane current consumption Max. backplane current consumption	Provided through the backplane 300 mA (at 5.72 VDC) 500 mA (at 5.72 VDC) At this current consumption the module is switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faulty, e.g. internal short circuit.
Compatible backplane units	101-200011, 101-200022, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101-200027
Protocol specifications	
Supported Protocols Address	DP-V0, DP- V1, DP-V2, FDL, MPI, FMS, PROFIsafe, PROFIdrive and any other FDL based protocol NO bus address required
Transmission speed Transmission speed detection	9.6 kbps 12 Mbps (including 45.45 kbps) Auto detect (< 10 s detection and 50 s baudrate switchover time)
Data delay time	At baudrateNormal modeRedundunt mode9.6 - 500 kbps2.8 Tbit13.8 Tbit1.5 Mbps3.2 Tbit14.2 Tbit3 Mbps3.9 Tbit14.5 Tbit6 Mbps4.6 Tbit15.6 Tbit12 Mbps6.4 Tbit17.4 Tbit
Deviation	2 bit times (over the complete message) for received messages is allowed and is corrected to nominal speed when transmitted.

PROFIBUS cable specifications	
Cable lengths	1200 m at 9.6 kbps to 93.75 kbps 1000 m at 187.5 kbps 400 m at 500 kbps 200 m at 1.5 Mbps 100 m at 3 Mbps to 12 Mbps
Wire diameter (for the screw terminals) Wire type	< 2.5 mm ² Stranded or solid core
Number of devices	Maximum 31 devices per channel (busload)
Termination	Integrated and switchable Powered according to PB RS 485 (390/220/390 Ohms)
Redundancy	Yes, maximum 10 cables activated by switch
Cascading depth	No limit (only limited by busparameter of the master)
Cascading units	With standard busparameters:At baudrateNormal mode[units]9.6 kbps719.2 kbps719.2 kbps745.45 kbps4293.75 kbps7187.5 kbps7500 kbps171.5 Mbps233 Mbps196 Mbps1612 Mbps15Formula to calculate number of cascading units with adjusted T_{slot} :Cascading units = $(T_{slot} - maxT_{sdr}) / (2 \times T_{data_delay_time})$ T_data_delay_time is described in protocol specifications on previous page.Example 1.5 Mbps, normal mode:Cascading units = $(300-150) / (2x3.2) = 23$
Connector Lay-out	
PROFIBUS SCREW Terminal CH1	<u>Plug-able screw terminal, pitch 5,08 mm</u> Pin A: PROFIBUS A (green wire) Pin B: PROFIBUS B (red wire) Pin SH: Shield Pin I: Indirect Shield
PROFIBUS DB9 CH1	D Sub connector, 9 contacts (PROFIBUS specification) Pin 1: N.C. Pin 2: N.C. Pin 3: PROFIBUS - B Pin 4: PROFIBUS - RTS

	Pin 5: GND Pin 6: VPP Pin 7: N.C. Pin 8: PROFIBUS - A Pin 9: N.C. Housing: Shield Pin SH is connected internally to the DIN-rail with spring-loaded contact. Pin I is connected internally with 10nF/1MOhm to shield.
LEDs	
RDY : Ready RX : Receiving ER : Error Receiving SW : Switch Network Termination	Module is ready for operation (ON) Receiving telegrams (blinking) No or bad receiving telegrams detected (ON or blinking) Network termination active (ON)
Dipswitches	
NW0NW1LEFTLEFTRIGHTLEFTLEFTRIGHTRIGHTH/SLEFTRIGHT	PROFIBUS Network 1 Repeater Module 2 Status 3 Data received on 4 Channel x Metwork 1: NWO = L, NW1 = L NW0 Network 1: NW0 = L, NW1 = L NW0 NW1 Settings Hardware Software
Standard and approvals	
CE	EMC Directive 2014/30/EU, class A Digital Device RoHs Directive 2011/65/EU
FCC	47 CFR 15, Unintentional Radiator, class A Digital Device.
UL	Report reference: E468970 Standards for safety: UL 508 - Industrial Control Equipment, CSA C22.2 No. 142-M1987 - Industrial Control Equipment
Others	
Head Station firmware MTBF	ALL 2595178 hours, at 30° Celsius, IEC TR 62380
24 Technical Data - Fiber Optic Module (101-201510)

Dimensions and weight	
Dimensions L x W x H	146 x 25 x 101 mm (including backplane)
Weight	121 g (excluding plug-able fiber optic connector and packing material)
Mounting DIN-rail type	35mm × 7,5mm (EN 50022, BS 5584, DIN 46277-3)
Ambient conditions	
Operating temperature range	0° to +60° Celsius (for mounting position see manual) 32° to +140° Fahrenheit
Isolation class	IP 20 (IEC/EN 60529, DIN 40050)
Backplane	
PROFIBUS networks	4 (set by dipswitches or web server)
Modules	Max. 10 (positioned in the first 10 slots)
Power supply Typical backplane current at 5.75 VD Max. backplane current at 5.75 VDC	 Provided through the backplane 360 mA 510 mA (At this current consumption the module is switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faulty, e.g. internal short circuit.)
Compatible backplane units	101-200011, 101-200022, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101-200027
Head Station firmware	1.264 and higher
Protocol specifications	
Supported Protocols	DP-V0, DP- V1, DP-V2, FDL, MPI, FMS, PROFIsafe, PROFIdrive and any other FDL based protocol
Address	No bus address required
Transmission speed	9.6 kbps 12 Mbps (including 45.45 kbps)
Transmission speed detection	Auto detect (< 10 s detection and 50 s baudrate switchover time)
Total delay (Normal and Robust mode)	$T_{SLOT} \ge Max_{TSDR} + ((FO_{length} \times FO_{delay}) + (N_{FO-modules} \times N_{delay})) \times 2$ $FO_{length} = Total length of fiber optic cable in km$ $FO_{delay} = Delay of fiber optic cable per km in bit times (see table)$ $N_{FO-modules} = Number of fiber optic modules in a line$ $N_{delay} = Delay of one fiber optic module (see table)$ The delay time is multiplied by 2 for a request and response message
	The delay and is multiplied by 2 for a request and response message.

	Baudrate	Max _{tsdR} [Tbit]	FO _{delay} [Tbit/km]	N _{delay} Normal mode [Tbit]	N _{delay} Redundant mode [Tbit]
	12 Mbps	800	60	7	16
	6 Mbps	450	30	5	16
	3 Mbps	250	15	4.5	15
	1.5 Mbps	150	7.5	4	15
	500 kbps	100	2.5	3	14
	187.5 kbps	60	0.94	3	14
	93.75 kbps	60	0.47	3	14
	45.45 kbps	400	0.23	3	14
	19.2 kbps	60	0.1	3	14
	9.6 kbps	60	0.05	3	14
Jitter per message frame	$FO_{delay} = (FO_{cat}$ example FO_{del} $FO_{delay} = (1000)$ Example 1: 1. $T_{SLOT} \ge Max_{TSI}$ $T_{SLOT} \ge 150 + ($ Example 2: 1. $T_{SLOT} \ge Max_{TSI}$ $T_{SLOT} \ge 150 + ($ Example 3: 6 modules in lin $T_{SLOT} \ge Max_{TSI}$ $T_{SLOT} \ge Max_{TSI}$ $T_{SLOT} \ge 450 + ($ 0.0625 Tbit at 0 0.25 Tbit at 12	ble_length / FO _{cat} ay, 1km, 1.5Ml m / 200 μ sec 5 Mbps, 3 km D_R + ((FO _{length} > (3 x 7.5) + (2 x) 5 Mbps, 10 km D_R + ((FO _{length} > (3 x 7.5) + (2 x) Mbps, 10 km D_R + ((FO _{length} > (10 x 30) + (10) 9.6 Kbps - 3 M D_R + (10) Mbps D_R + (10) D_R + (10)	ble latency) / Bit _{tim} bps: c/m) / 0.666 μ : f FO cable, 2 F (FO _{delay}) + (N _{FC} (FO _{delay}) + (N _{FC} (FO _{delay}) + (N _{FC} (FO _{delay}) + (N _{FC} (T5)) x 2 \geq 25 FO cable (tota (FO _{delay}) + (N _{FC} (N _{FC}) x 2 \geq 80 (Mbps	e sec = 7.5 Tbit, O modules no p-modules X Ndelay bit times O modules re p-modules X Ndelay 5 bit times al line length) p-modules X Ndelay 0 bit times	/km ormal mode y)) x 2 edundant mode y)) x 2), 10 FO y)) x 2
Deviation	2 Tbit times for received messages is allowed and is corrected to nominal speed when transmitted (<i>over the complete message</i>)				
Fiber optic specifications					
Fiber Optic wavelength	Multimode 85 compatibility	0 nm (Compa mode)	atible with mos	t other vende	ors in 3rd party
Cable type	Multimode Fil Multimode Fil	per G62.5 / 12 per G50 / 125	25 μm (OM1 co μm (OM2, ON	ompatible) 13, OM4, OM	5 compatible)
Cable length	Max. 3 km (ba	udrate indep	endent)		
Connectors	4 x ST/BFOC (2	2 channels)			
Topologies	Point-to-point	;, Star and Bus	5		
Cascading depth	No limit, only	busparamete	r limitation of	the master	
Redundancy	Maximum 10	cables activat	ed by Dip-Swit	ch	

NWO NW1 LEFT LEFT RIGHT LEFT LEFT RIGHT RIGHT RIGHT	PROFIBUS Network 1 2 3 4	CH1 RED H/S
<u>RED</u> LEFT RIGHT	<u>Redundancy</u> OFF ON	CH2
<u>H/S</u> LEFT RIGHT	<u>Settings</u> Hardware Software	

LEDs

RDY	Module has NOT been powered / initialized yet.	Head Station is initializing or updating the module.	Module has been initialized and is operational	
RX1 / RX2	NO signal, or NO valid telegrams detected on this channel, or channel is off.	2 or more devices are communicating on this channel.	1 or more devices are communicating on this channel.	
ER1 / ER2	No errors, or channel is off.	Problem in the cabling / communication has been detected on this channel.	No baudrate detected or no connection/signal	
Standard and appr	rovals			
CE	EMC Dir RoHs Dir	ective 2014/30/EU, class A Dig rective 2011/65/EU	ital Device	
FCC	47 CFR 15, Unintentional Radiator, class A Digital Device.			
UL	Report r	eference: E468970		
	Standards for safety: UL 508 - Industrial Control Equipment CSA C22.2 No. 142-M1987 - Industrial Control Equipment			
	Complie deviatio	s with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 104 ns pursuant to Laser Notice No	40.11, Class 1 (I) except for 5. 50, dated June 24, 2007	

25 Technical Data - Fiber Optic Ring MM1 (101-201530)

Dimensions and weight	
Dimensions L x W x H	146 x 25 x 101 mm (including backplane)
Weight	121 g (excluding plug-able fiber optic connector and packing material)
Mounting DIN-rail type	35mm × 7,5mm (EN 50022, BS 5584, DIN 46277-3)
Ambient conditions	
Operating temperature range	0° to +60° Celsius (for mounting position see manual) 32° to +140° Fahrenheit
Isolation class	IP 20 (IEC/EN 60529, DIN 40050)
Backplane	
PROFIBUS networks	4 (set by dipswitches or web server)
Modules	Max. 10 (positioned in the first 10 slots)
Power supply Typical backplane current at 5.75 VDC Max. backplane current at 5.75 VDC	Provided through the backplane 400 mA (at 5.72 VDC) 600 mA (at 5.72 VDC) At this current consumption the module is switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faulty, e.g. internal short circuit.
Compatible backplane units	101-200011, 101-200022, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101-200027
Head Station firmware	1.288 and higher
Protocol specifications	

Supported Protocols	DP-V0, DP- V1, DP-V2, FDL, MPI, FMS, PROFIsafe, PROFIdrive and any other FDL based protocol				
Address	No bus address required				
Transmission speed	9.6 kbps 12	9.6 kbps 12 Mbps (including 45.45 kbps)			
Transmission speed detection time	Auto detect (<	Auto detect (< 10 s detection and 50 s baudrate switchover time)			
Total delay ring structure	$\begin{array}{lll} T_{SLOT} \geq Max_{TSDR} + ((FO_{length} \times FO_{delay}) + (N_{FO-modules} \times N_{delay})) \ x \ 2 \\ FO_{length} & = & Total \ length \ of \ fiber \ optic \ cable \ in \ the \ ring \ in \ km \\ FO_{delay} & = & Delay \ of \ fiber \ optic \ cable \ per \ km \ in \ bit \ times \ (see \ table) \\ N_{FO-modules} = & Number \ of \ fiber \ optic \ modules \ in \ the \ ring \\ N_{delay} & = & Delay \ of \ one \ fiber \ optic \ module \ (see \ table) \end{array}$				
	The delay time	is multiplied	by 2 for a reque	st and response r	nessage.
	Baudrate	Max _{TSDR}	FO _{delay}	N _{delay}	
	12 Male				
	12 Mbps	800	60	4/	
	3 Mbps	450 250	3U 15	25	
	1 5 Mbps	150	75	9	
	500 kbps	100	2.5	5	
	187.5 kbps	60	0.94	4.5	
	93.75 kbps	60	0.47	4.5	
	45.45 kbps	400	0.23	4.5	
	19.2 kbps	60	0.1	4	
	9.6 kbps	60	0.05	4	
	Note $FO_{delay} = (FO_{cabl})$ example FO_{dela} (1000 m / 200 Example 1: 1.5 $T_{SLOT} \ge Max_{TSD}$ $T_{SLOT} \ge 150 + (($ Example 2: 6 M	e_length / FO _{cable} _y , 1km, 1.5Mb μsec/m) / 0.66 Mbps, 5 km FO _R + ((FO _{length} x 5 x 7.5) + (6 x bps, 25 km FO	$e_{\text{latency}}) / Bit_{\text{time}}$ ps: 66 μsec = 7.5 Tb cable (total ring I FO _{delay}) + (N _{FO-mc} 9)) x 2 ≥ 333 bit cable (total ring Ie	it/km ength), 6 FO ring n _{odules} x N _{delay})) x 2 times ength), 10 FO ring r	nodules
	$T_{SLOT} \ge Max_{TSD}$ $T_{SLOT} \ge 450 + (($	R + ((FO _{length} x 25 x 30) + (10	FO_{delay}) + (N _{FO-mc} x 25)) x 2 ≥ 2450	_{odules} x N _{delay})) x 2 0 bit times	licalico
Jitter per message frame	0.0625 Tbit at 9.6 Kbps - 3 Mbps 0.125 Tbit at 6 Mbps 0.25 Tbit at 12 Mbps				
Deviation	2 Tbit times for nominal speed	r received me when transm	ssages is allowed itted (<i>over the c</i>	d and is corrected complete message	l to ?)
Fiber optic specifications					
Fiber Optic wavelength	Multimode 1310) nm			
Cable type	Multimode Fibe Multimode Fibe	r G62.5 / 125 r G50 / 125 μr	μm (OM1 comp n (OM2, OM3, C	atible))M4, OM5 compa	atible)

Cable length	Max. 5 km	(baudrate independent)	
Optical budget	13dB		
Optical Loss	2dB per km	1	
Connectors	4 x ST/BFO	C (2 channels)	
Topologies	Ring, point-	-to-point (direct, hub, split, sta	r)
Cascading depth	No limit, or	nly busparameter limitation of	the master
	Safety of las The device IEC 6082	ser products tes of the product contain LED / las 5-1:2014: Class 1 laser/LED-product Warning! > Do not look into ceivers with op croscope)! Igno damage. > Do not look into the bundled ar visible or invisit	er components in accordance with ct. o in the beam of the optical trans- tical instruments (eg, lenses, mi- oring this warning may result in eye o the optical transmitter. nd - dependent on the wavelength - ole light can cause eye damage.
Dipswitches			
NWO NWY NU NU H/S FILO FILO NU NU NU NU NU NU NU NU NU NU NU NU NU	Network selection Network 1: NW0 = Le Network 2: NW0 = R Network 3: NW0 = Le Network 4: NW0 = R Use dipswitches or so Enable or disable cha Ring Redundancy or NU = not used	eft, NW1 = Left eft, NW1 = Left eft, NW1 = Right ight, NW1 = Right erver settings (Left = DIP, Right = SERV annel 1 or 2 (Left = ON, Right = OFF) Line (Left = RING, Right = LINE)	/ER)
LEDs			
	OFF		ON
RDY	Module has NOT been powered / initialized yet.	Head Station is initializing or updating the module.	Module has been initialized and is operational
RX1 / RX2	NO signal, or NO valid telegrams detected on this channel, or channel is off.	1 or more devices are communicating on this channel.	A fiber optic cable is connected and link is established correctly

LV1 / LV2	Signal quality is good, or channel is off.	Not possible	Low signal, received messages can still be decoded
ER1 / ER2	No errors, or channel is off.	Not possible	No baudrate detected or no connection/signal
Standard and appr	rovals		
CE	EMC Directive 2014/30/EU, class B Digital Device RoHs Directive 2011/65/EU		
FCC	47 CFR 15, Unintentional Radiator, class B Digital Device.		
UL	Report reference: E468970		
	Standards for safety: UL 508 - Industrial Control Equipment CSA C22.2 No. 142-M1987 - Industrial Control Equipment		
	Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11, Class 1 (I) except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007		

26 Technical Data - Fiber Optic Ring SM1 (101-201531)

Dimensions and weight	
Dimensions L x W x H	146 x 25 x 101 mm (including backplane)
Weight	121 g (excluding plug-able fiber optic connector and packing material)
Mounting DIN-rail type	35mm × 7,5mm (EN 50022, BS 5584, DIN 46277-3)
Ambient conditions	
Operating temperature range	0° to +60° Celsius (for mounting position see manual) 32° to +140° Fahrenheit
Isolation class	IP 20 (IEC/EN 60529, DIN 40050)
Backplane	
PROFIBUS networks	4 (set by dipswitches or web server)
PROFIBUS networks Modules	4 (set by dipswitches or web server) Max. 10 (positioned in the first 10 slots)
PROFIBUS networks Modules Power supply Typical backplane current at 5.75 VDC Max. backplane current at 5.75 VDC	4 (set by dipswitches or web server) Max. 10 (positioned in the first 10 slots) Provided through the backplane 400 mA (at 5.72 VDC) 600 mA (at 5.72 VDC) At this current consumption the module is switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faulty, e.g. internal short circuit.
PROFIBUS networks Modules Power supply Typical backplane current at 5.75 VDC Max. backplane current at 5.75 VDC	4 (set by dipswitches or web server) Max. 10 (positioned in the first 10 slots) Provided through the backplane 400 mA (at 5.72 VDC) 600 mA (at 5.72 VDC) At this current consumption the module is switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faulty, e.g. internal short circuit. 101-200011, 101-200022, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101-200027

Protocol specifications

c	-	~ ~		D	+ ~ ~	a a	
Su	μh	UII	.eu	PIU	luc	UIS	

Ad	d	re	SS

Transmission speed

Transmission speed detection time

Total delay ring structure

9.6 kbps 12	2 Mbps (including 45.45 kbps)
Auto detect (< 10 s detection and 50 s baudrate switchover time)
$T_{SLOT} \ge Max_T$ $FO_{length} =$ $FO_{delay} =$ table)	$_{SDR}$ + ((FO _{length} × FO _{delay}) + (N _{FO-modules} × N _{delay})) x 2 Total length of fiber optic cable in the ring in km Delay of fiber optic cable per km in bit times (see
N _{FO-modules} = N _{delay} =	Number of fiber optic modules in the ring Delay of one fiber optic module (see table)

DP-V0, DP- V1, DP-V2, FDL, MPI, FMS, PROFIsafe, PROFIdrive and

any other FDL based protocol

No bus address required

The delay time is multiplied by 2 for a request and response message.

Baudrate	Max_{tsbr} [Tbit]	FO_{delay} [Tbit/km]	N _{delay} [Tbit]
12 Mbps	800	60	47
6 Mbps	450	30	25
3 Mbps	250	15	14.5
1.5 Mbps	150	7.5	9
500 kbps	100	2.5	5
187.5 kbps	60	0.94	4.5
93.75 kbps	60	0.47	4.5
45.45 kbps	400	0.23	4.5
19.2 kbps	60	0.1	4
9.6 kbps	60	0.05	4

Note

FO_{delay} = (FO_{cable_length} / FO_{cable latency}) / Bit_{time} example FO_{delay}, 1km, 1.5Mbps: (1000 m / 200 µsec/m) / 0.666 µsec = 7.5 Tbit/km

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Example 2: 6 Mbps, 25 km FO cable (total ring length), 10 FO ring modules} \\ T_{SLOT} \geq Max_{TSDR} + ((FO_{length} \times FO_{delay}) + (N_{FO-modules} \times N_{delay})) \times 2 \\ T_{SLOT} \geq 450 + ((25 \times 30) + (10 \times 25)) \times 2 \geq 2450 \mbox{ bit times} \end{array}$

Jitter per message frame

Deviation

0.0625 Tbit at 9.6 Kbps - 3 Mbps 0.125 Tbit at 6 Mbps 0.25 Tbit at 12 Mbps

2 Tbit times for received messages is allowed and is corrected to nominal speed when transmitted (*over the complete message*)

Fiber optic specifications	
Fiber Optic wavelength	Single mode 1310 nm
Cable type	Fiber 9 / 125 μm (OS1 and OS2 compatible)
Cable length	Max. 30 km (baudrate independent)
Optical budget	17dB
Optical Loss	0,4dB per km
Connectors	4 x ST/BFOC (2 channels)
Topologies	Ring, point-to-point (direct, hub, split, star)
Cascading depth	No limit, only busparameter limitation of the master
	 Safety of laser products The devices of the product contain LED / laser components in accordance with IEC 60825-1:2014: Class 1 laser/LED-product. Warning! Do not look into in the beam of the optical transceivers with optical instruments (eg, lenses, microscope)! Ignoring this warning may result in eye damage. Do not look into the optical transmitter. The bundled and - dependent on the wavelength - visible or invisible light can cause eye damage.
Dipswitches	

	Network selectionNetwork 1: NW0 = Left, NW1 = LeftNetwork 2: NW0 = Right, NW1 = LeftNetwork 3: NW0 = Left, NW1 = RightNetwork 4: NW0 = Right, NW1 = Right
H/S	Use dipswitches or server settings (Left = DIP, Right = SERVER)
Ref CH1 CH2	Enable or disable channel 1 or 2 (Left = ON, Right = OFF)
RED NU	Ring Redundancy or Line (Left = RING, Right = LINE)
	NU = not used

LEDs			
	OFF	Blinking	ON
RDY	Module has NOT been powered / initialized yet.	Head Station is initializing or updating the module.	Module has been initialized and is operational
RX1 / RX2	NO signal, or NO valid telegrams detected on this channel, or channel is off.	1 or more devices are communicating on this channel.	A fiber optic cable is connected and link is established correctly
LV1 / LV2	Signal quality is good, or channel is off.	Not possible	Low signal, received messages can still be decoded
ER1 / ER2	No errors, or channel is off.	Not possible	No baudrate detected or no connection/signal

Standard and approvals	
CE	EMC Directive 2014/30/EU, class B Digital Device RoHs Directive 2011/65/EU
FCC	47 CFR 15, Unintentional Radiator, class B Digital Device.
UL	Report reference: E468970
	Standards for safety: UL 508 - Industrial Control Equipment CSA C22.2 No. 142-M1987 - Industrial Control Equipment
	Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11, Class 1 (I) except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007
Others	
Head Station firmware	1.288 and higher

27 Technical Data - Fiber Optic Ring XM1 (101-201532)

Dimensions and weight	
Dimensions L x W x H	146 x 25 x 101 mm (including backplane)
Weight	121 g (excluding plug-able fiber optic connector and packing material)
Mounting DIN-rail type	35mm × 7,5mm (EN 50022, BS 5584, DIN 46277-3)
Ambient conditions	
Ambient conditions	
Operating temperature range	0° to +60° Celsius (for mounting position see manual) 32° to +140° Fahrenheit
Isolation class	IP 20 (IEC/EN 60529, DIN 40050)
Backplane	
PROFIBUS networks	4 (set by dipswitches or web server)
Modules	Max. 10 (positioned in the first 10 slots)
Power supply Typical backplane current at 5.75 VDC Max. backplane current at 5.75 VDC	Provided through the backplane 400 mA (at 5.72 VDC) 600 mA (at 5.72 VDC) At this current consumption the module is switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faulty, e.g. internal short circuit. 101-200011, 101-200022, 101-200023, 101-200024,
Compatible backplane units	101-200027 1.288 and higher
Head Station firmware	
Protocol specifications	
Supported Protocols	DP-V0, DP- V1, DP-V2, FDL, MPI, FMS, PROFIsafe, PROFIdrive and any other FDL based protocol
Address	No bus address required
Transmission speed	9.6 kbps 12 Mbps (including 45.45 kbps)
Transmission speed detection time	Auto detect (< 10 s detection and 50 s baudrate switchover time)
Total delay ring structure	$T_{SLOT} \ge Max_{TSDR} + ((FO_{length} \times FO_{delay}) + (N_{FO-modules} \times N_{delay})) \times 2$ $FO_{length} = Total length of fiber optic cable in the ring in km$ $FO_{delay} = Delay of fiber optic cable per km in bit times (see table)$ $N_{FO-modules} = Number of fiber optic modules in the ring$ $N_{delay} = Delay of one fiber optic module (see table)$ The delay time is multiplied by 2 for a request and response message

		1			
	Baudrate	Max_{tsDR} [Tbit]	FO_{delay} [Tbit/km]	N _{delay} [Tbit]	
	12 Mbps	800	60	47	
	6 Mbps	450	30	25	
	3 Mbps	250	15	14.5	
	1.5 Mbps	150	7.5	9	
	500 kbps	100	2.5	5	
	187.5 kbps	60	0.94	4.5	
	93.75 kbps	60	0.47	4.5	
	45.45 kbps	400	0.23	4.5	
	19.2 kbps	60	0.1	4	
	9.6 kbps	60	0.05	4	
	Note				
	$FO_{delay} = (FO_{cable})$	e_length / FO _{cable la}	_{itency})/Bit _{time}		
	example FO _{delay}	, 1km, 1.5Mbp	5:		
	(1000 m / 200 j	usec/m) / 0.666	δ μsec = 7.5 Tbi	t/km	
	Example 1: 1.5 I $T_{SLOT} \ge Max_{TSDF}$ $T_{SLOT} \ge 150 + (($	Mbps, 5 km FO ca	able (total ring le D_{delay}) + (N_{FO-mod})) x 2 ≥ 333 bit t	e ngth), 6 FO ring mo _{Jules} x N _{delay})) x 2 imes	dules
	Example 2: 6 M	hns 25 km FO ca	ble (total ring le	ngth) 10 FO ring m	odules
	$T_{SLOT} \ge Max_{TSDE}$	$x + ((FO_{length} \times F($	D _{delay}) + (N _{FO-mor}	tules X Ndelay)) X 2	Junes
	$T_{SLOT} \ge 450 + (($	25 x 30) + (10 x	25)) x 2 ≥ 2450	bit times	
	0.0625 Tbit at 9	9.6 Kbps - 3 Mb	ps		
	0.125 Tbit at 6	Mbps			
	0.25 Tbit at 12	Mbps			
Jitter per message frame	2 Tbit times for speed when tra	received mess ansmitted (<i>over</i>	ages is allowed the complete r	and is corrected t nessage)	to nominal
Deviation					
Fiber optic specifications					
Fiber Optic wavelength	Multimode and	I Singlemode 1	310 nm		
Cable type	Multimode Fib Multimode Fib Singlemode Fib	er G62.5 / 125 er G50 / 125 μr er Fiber 9 / 125	um (OM1 comp n (OM2, OM3, 5 μm (OS1 and θ	oatible) OM4, OM5 compa OS2 compatible)	atible)
Cable length	Multimode Max. 5 km (baudrate independent) Single mode Max. 30 km (baudrate independent)				
Optical budget	Multimode 13 dB and Singlemode 17 dB				
Optical Loss	Multimode 2 d	B per km and S	ingle mode 0.4	dB per km	
Connectors	4 x ST/BFOC (2	channels)			
Topologies	Ring, point-to-point (direct, hub, split, star)				
Cascading depth	No limit, only b	usparameter li	mitation of the	master	



Standard and approvals	
CE	EMC Directive 2014/30/EU, class B Digital Device RoHs Directive 2011/65/EU
FCC	47 CFR 15, Unintentional Radiator, class B Digital Device.
	Report reference: E468970
OL	Standards for safety: UL 508 - Industrial Control Equipment CSA C22.2 No. 142-M1987 - Industrial Control Equipment
	Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11, Class 1 (I) except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007

28 Technical Data - SALT Repeater (101-201710)(discontinued as of August 2019)

Technical Data - Alternative Cable Repeater (101-201710)		
Backplane		
PROFIBUS networks Modules Power supply Current consumption Compatible backplane units	4 (set by dipswitches or web server) 10 (positioned in the first 10 slots) Provided through the backplane 400 mA (600 mA max) At this current consumption the module is switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faulty, e.g. internal short circuit. 101-200011, 101-200012, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101-200027	
Protocol specifications		
Supported Protocols	DP-V0, DP- V1, DP-V2, FDL, MPI, FMS, PROFIsafe, PROFIdrive and any other FDL based protocol	
Address Transmission speed Transmission speed detection	NO bus address required 9.6 kbps 12 Mbps (including 45.45 kbps) Auto detect (< 10 s detection and 50 s lost time)	
Data delay time (normal mode)	2.0 TBit at 9.6 kbps 3 Mbps 2.75 TBit at 6 Mbps 3.75 TBit at 12 Mbps	
Data delay time (redundant mode)	12.0 TBit at 9.6 kbps 3 Mbps 12.75 TBit at 6 Mbps 13.75 TBit at 12 Mbps	
Delay time jitter	Max. ¼ TBit	
Oscilloscope specifications		
Frequency Resolution Differential range	192 MS/s 50 mV -6.436 6.436 V	
Cable specifications		
Cable lengths	Depends on the cable type used	
Wire diameter (for the screw terminals) Wire type Number of devices	< 2.5 mm ² Stranded or solid core Maximum 31 devices per channel (busloads)	
Cascading depth Redundancy	No limit, only busparameter limitation of the master Yes, maximum 10 cables activated by switch	

Technical Data - Alternative Cable Repeater	(101-201710)	
Termination		
Termination range (MIDDLE) Idle voltage range (PULL-UP)	94 940 Ohm (DC) 57 1500 Ohm (AC) 0 5 V	
Dipswitches		
NWO NW1 LEFT LEFT RIGHT LEFT LEFT RIGHT RIGHT RIGHT <u>RED</u> LEFT / RIGHT <u>H/S</u> LEFT / RIGHT	PROFIBUS Network 1 Repeater Module 2 Bata received 3 Data received 4 Rx FR A Hwe A Signal amplitude of the telegrams B Data received A Network 1: NWO = L, NW1 = L Network 2: NW0 = R, NW1 = L Network 2: NW0 = L, NW1 = L Network 4: NW0 = R, NW1 = L Network 4: NW0 = L, NW1 = L Settings Dipswitches or web Redundancy for the current network Hardware / Software Dipswitches or web Redundancy for the current network	
PROFIBUS connectors		
<u>CH1</u> A, B SH I	<u>Screw terminals</u> Green wire, Red wire Direct grounding Indirect grounding	
LEDs		
RDY RX HWE ER MIN TERM	Module is ready for operation (ON) Receiving telegrams (blinking) Internal repeater error (contact PROCENTEC) No or bad telegrams detected Signal amplitude of the telegrams too low (< 2.5 V) Idle voltage too low (<0.5 V >1.7 V)	
Others		
Head Station firmware Operating temperature Weight	At least version 1.264 0 60 °C 120 g	

29 Technical Data - PA Module (101-201610)

Technical Data - PA Module (101-201610)		
Dimensions and weight		
Dimensions L x W x H	133 x 25 x 105 mm (including backplane, per module)	
Weight	133 g (excluding plug-able connectors, backplane and packing material)	
Mounting DIN-rail type	35mm × 7,5mm (EN 50022, BS 5584, DIN 46277-3)	
Ambient conditions		
Ambient operating temperature range	-20° +60° Celsius (for mounting position see manual) -4° 158° Fahrenheit	
Isolating class	IP 20 (IEC/EN 60529, DIN 40050)	
Backplane		
PROFIBUS networks	4 (set by dipswitches or web server)	
Module position Modules	First 10 slots Link mode: max. 9 PA modules and 1 DP repeater module Coupler mode: max. 9 PA modules and 1 DP repeater module Monitoring mode: max. 4 PA modules (4 backplane networks)	
Power supply for the module Typical backplane current Max. backplane current	Provided through the backplane 350 mA (at 5.72 VDC) 550 mA (at 5.72 VDC) At this current consumption the module is switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faulty, e.g. internal short circuit.	
Compatible backplane units	101-200011, 101-200022, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101-200027	
PROFIBUS PA power specifications		
Trunk voltage Trunk current Current consumption	10 to 27 VDC customizable PA trunk voltage (Non-Ex) 500 mA 10 mA (in all modes)	
PROFIBUS PA cable specifications		
Cable length Wire diameter Wire type Termination	Max. 1900 m cable length (PROFIBUS PA specifications) < 2.5 mm ² Stranded or solid core ON when power supplied on PA power connector	

Technical Data - PA Module (101-201610)		
PROFIBUS DP protocol specifications		
Supported Protocols	DP-V0, DP-V1, DP-V2, FDL, MPI, FMS, PROFIsafe, PROFIdrive and any other FDL based protocol	
Address	No bus address required	
Transmission speed	9.6 kbps to 12 Mbps (including 45.45 kbps)	
Transmission speed detection	Auto detect (< 10 s detection and 50 s baudrate switchover time)	
PROFIBUS busparameters	No adjustments required in Link mode	
PROFIBUS PA protocol specifications		
Address	Coupler mode: no address required Link mode: master on PA bus address 1 (fixed)	
Number of devices	32 (PROFIBUS PA specifications)	
Baudrate PA bus	31.25 kbps	
Oscilloscope specifications		
AC PA voltage DC PA voltage DC PA current	4 MS/s, resolution 7.5 mV, range -0.95 to 0.95 V 1 kS/s, resolution 75 mV, range -38 to +38 V 1 kS/s, resolution 1 mA, range 0 to 1024 mA	
Connector lay-out		
<u>2x PROFIBUS PA</u>	Plug-able screw connector, connectors 1 to 1, pitch 5.08 mm Pin PA- : 0 V Pin PA+ : 10 to 27 VDC Pin SH : Shield Pin I : Indirect Shield	
PAPower	Plug-able screw connector, pitch 5,08 mm Pin - : 0 V Pin + : 10 to 27 VDC Pin SH: Shield Pin SH is connected internally to the DIN-rail with spring-loaded contact. Pin I is connected internally with 10nF/1MOhm to shield.	

Technical Data - PA Module (101-201610)		
Dipswitches		
NWO NW1 LEFT LEFT RIGHT LEFT LEFT RIGHT RIGHT RIGHT LNK LEFT / RIGHT <u>H/S</u> LEFT / RIGHT	PROFIBUS Network 1 Repeater Module 2 RDY 3 Data received on PA 4 Over current, noise, unbalance, DC-polarity Link mode OFF / ON OFF / ON PA signal too low or too high Settings Hardware / Software Upswitches or web server settings Coupler or Link mode	
LEDs		
RDY: ReadyRX: Receiving dataHWE: Hardware errorER: ErrorAMP: Amplitude errorPOW: Power errorNWER: Network error	Module is ready for operation (ON) Receiving PA telegrams (blinking) Internal hardware error (contact PROCENTEC) No or bad telegrams on PA detected PA signal too low or too high Over current, noise, unbalance, DC-polarity Jitter, asymmetry, field device polarity <i>Alarm values can be changed through the web server.</i>	
Standard and approvals		
CE FCC	EMC Directive 2014/30/EU, class B Digital Device RoHs Directive 2011/65/EU 47 CFR 15, Unintentional Radiator, class B Digital Device.	
UL	Report reference: E468970 Standards for safety: UL 508 - Industrial Control Equipment, CSA C22.2 No. 142-M1987 - Industrial Control Equipment	
Others		
Head Station firmware MTBF	At least version 1.279 1165020 hours, at 30° Celsius, IEC TR 62380	

30 Technical Data - 4 CH Relay Module (101-210210)

Technical Data - 4 Channel Relay Module (101-210210)
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Back	(D	lar	e

Controllers	Web server, PROFINET IO device, PROFIBUS DP slave
Modules Power supply Typical backplane current Max. backplane current	 32 (all slots) Provided through the backplane 225 mA (at 5.72 VDC) 500 mA (at 5.72 VDC) At this current consumption the module is switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faulty, e.g. internal short circuit.
Compatible backplane units	101-200011, 101-200012, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101-200027
Relays	
Relays Current Voltage Resistance Toggles	4 (2 on the front, and 2 on the bottom) 5 A per relay 230 VAC 300 mOhm (including connectors) 100000 (at 5A - 230 VAC)
Connectors	
Pins Wire diameter (for the screw terminals) Wire type	1 = No (normally open) 2 = Common 3 = Nc (normally closed) < 2.5 mm ² Stranded or solid core
Others	
Head Station firmware Dimensions Operating temperature Weight	V1.260 and later 140 x 110 x 25 mm 0 60 °C 125 g

31 Technical Data - 8 CH D-out Module (101-210110)

Technical Data - 8 Channel Digital Out Module (101-210110)		
Backplane		
Controllers	Web server, PROFINET IO device, PROFIBUS DP slave	e
Modules Power supply module electronics Power supply digital outputs	32 (all slots) Provided through the backplane Provided through an additional 3-pin connector	
Typical backplane current consumption Max. backplane current consumption	400 mA (at 5.72 VDC) 600 mA (at 5.72 VDC) At this current consumption th switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faul short circuit.	e module is ty, e.g. internal
Compatible backplane units	101-200011, 101-200012, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101-200027	
Digital Outputs		DGND (0 V)
Outputs Current Voltage range Losses	8 Digital Outs on 1 connector 0.5 A per Digital Out (direct current) 1530 VDC (depends on provided voltage) 0.211 Ohm loss per Digital Out	Internal switch i→
Power Connector		↓ 15 30 V
Pins power connector Wire diameter (for the screw terminals) Wire type	1 = -, 2 = +, 3 = SH < 2.5 mm ² Stranded or solid core	
Digital Output Connector		
Pins DO connector Wire diameter (for the screw terminals) Wire type	1 = GND, 29 = DO0DO7, 10 = GND < 1.5 mm ² Stranded or solid core	COD 1 1 2 3 5 6 7 6 6 7 6 6 7 6 6 7 7 6 6 7 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
Others		
Head Station firmware Dimensions Operating temperature Weight	V1.260 and later 140 x 110 x 25 mm 0 60 °C 105 g	

32 Technical Data - 8 CH D-in Module (101-210010)

Technical Data - 8 Channel Digital In Module (101-210010)		
Backplane		
Controllers	PROFINET IO device, PROFIBUS DP slave	
Modules	32 (all slots)	
Power supply	Provided through the backplane	
Current consumption	Typ. 169 mA (500 mA max, At this current consumption the module is switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faulty, e.g. internal short circuit.)	
Compatible backplane units	101-200011, 101-200012, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101-200027	
Digital Inputs		
Inputs	8 digital inputs on 1 connector	
Power per input	240 mW at 24 V	
Signal Voltage for '1'	3 32 VDC	
Input detection frequency	Max. 3 ms	
Digital Input Connector		
Pins of Digital Inputs connector	1 = GND, 29 = DI0DI7, 10 = GND1	
Wire diameter (for the screw terminals)	$< 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$	
Wire type	Stranded or solid core	
Others		
Head Station firmware Dimensions (L x W x H) Operating temperature Weight	V1.271 and later 140 x 110 x 25 mm 0 60 °C 100 g	

33 Technical Data – RS-485-IS Barrier (101-201410)(discontinued as of August 2019)

Technical Data – RS-485-IS Barrier (101-201410)		
Backplane		
PROFIBUS networks Modules Power supply Current consumption	4 (set by dipswitches or web server) 10 (positioned in the first 10 slots) Provided through the backplane ± 450 mA (750 mA max, At this current consumption the module is switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faulty, e.g. internal short circuit.	
Compatible backplane units	101-200011, 101-200012, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101-200027	
Protocol specifications		
Supported Protocols	DP-V0, DP- V1, DP-V2, FDL, MPI, FMS, PROFIsafe, PROFIdrive and any other FDL based protocol	
Address	No bus address required	
Transmission speed	9.6 kbps 1.5 Mbps (including 45.45 kbps)	
Transmission speed detection	Auto detect (< 10 s detection and 50 s lost time)	
Data delay time (normal mode)	2.0 TBit	
Data delay time (redundant mode)	12.0 TBit	
Delay time jitter	Max. ¼ TBit	
Oscilloscope specifications		
Frequency Resolution Differential range	192 MS/s 27 mV -3.49 3.49 V	
PROFIBUS cable specifications		
Cable lengths	1200 m at 9.6 kbps 93.75 kbps 1000 m at 187.5 kbps 400 m at 500 kbps 200 m at 1.5 Mbps	
Number of devices	Maximum 31 devices per channel (busloads)	
Required termination	DB9-IS connector with internal 200 Ω only	
Redundancy	Yes, maximum 10 cables activated by switch	

Technical Data – RS-485-IS Barrier (101-201410)		
Dipswitches		
NWO NW1 LEFT LEFT RIGHT LEFT LEFT RIGHT RIGHT RIGHT <u>RED</u> LEFT / RIGHT <u>H/S</u> LEFT / RIGHT	PROFIBUS Network 1 2 Repeater Module 3 PX 4 Data received PX ER Hwe Repeater internal Failure Signal amplitude is too low Signal amplitude Settings Network 1: NW0 = L, NW1 = Hardware / Software Dipswitches or web Server settings Redundancy for the	
ATEX (electrical)		
Uo Io Ui Li Ci Output characteristic	4.2 V 149 mA ≥ 4.2 $\approx 0 \mu H V$ Negligibly small Linear	
ATEX (compliance):		
 II (2) G [Ex ia Gb] IIC EN-IEC60079-0: 2009 / EN-IEC60079-11: 2012 / EN-IEC60079-25: 2010 PROFIBUS International IS Installation Guidelines Certification number: DEKRA 12ATEX0192 		
LEDs		
RDY RX HWE ER MIN TERM	Module is ready for operation (ON) Receiving telegrams (blinking) Internal repeater error (contact PROCENTEC) No or bad telegrams detected Signal amplitude of the telegrams too low (< 1.64 V) Idle voltage too low (<0.35 V >0.75 V) <i>Alarm values can be changed through the web server.</i>	
Others		
Head Station firmware Operating temperature Weight	At least version 1.272 0 60 °C 150 g	

34 Technical Data - PROFIBUS Slave Module PBS-001

Technical Data – PROFIBUS Slave PBS-001 (101-220210)		
Backplane		
PROFIBUS networks Modules	10 (web server), 4 (dipswitches and web server) 10 (positioned in the first 10 slots)	
Power supply Current consumption	Provided through the backplane ± 390 mA typical (Max. 625 mA At this current consumption the module is switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faulty, e.g. internal short circuit.	
Compatible backplane units Compatible partner/gateway modules	101-200011, 101-200012, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101- 200027 101-220210, 101-220110, 101-210210, 101-210110, 101- 210010	
PROFIBUS DP Slave Device		
Supported protocol Ident Number GSD filename	DP-V0 (certification number: Z01776) 696F PROC696F.gsd (<u>www.procentec.com/downloads</u>)	
Bus address	1 – 99 (set by rotary switches) or 0 – 126 (set by software)	
Transmission speed Transmission speed detection	9.6 kbps 12 Mbps (including 45.45 kbps) Auto detect	
Maximum transferrable data Max. transferrable data per gateway Maximum number of gateway modules	244 bytes input and 244 bytes output 128 bytes input and 128 bytes output 9	
Selectable number of I/O bytes or words per gateway	1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 64 bytes 48, 64 words	
Consistent Gateways:	2, 3, 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 64 bytes 48, 64 words	
Failsafe options Simulation input patterns	Outputs OFF, Outputs ON, Keep last value, Custom failsafe value ON, OFF, Blink, Up counter, Down counter, Zig Zag	
RS-485 Repeater		
Bus channels Connector	1 x RS-485 DB9 (A, B, 5V, GND)	
Number of devices	Maximum 31 devices per channel (busloads)	
Cable lengths	1200 m at 9.6 kbps 93.75 kbps 1000 m at 187.5 kbps 400 m at 500 kbps	

Technical Data – PROFIBUS Slave PBS-001 (101-220210)		
	200 m at 1.5 Mbps 100 m at 3 Mbps 12 Mbps	S
Supported protocols	DP-V0, DP- V1, DP-V2, FDL, and any other FDL based pr	MPI, FMS, PROFIsafe, PROFIdrive rotocol
Data delay time	2.0 TBit at 9.6 kbps 3 Mbp 2.75 TBit at 6 Mbps 2.75 TBit at 12 Mbps	05
Delay time jitter	Max. ¼ TBit	
Dipswitches		
NW0NW1LEFTLEFTRIGHTLEFTLEFTRIGHTRIGHTRIGHT	PROFIBUS Network 1 2 3 4	Network 1: NW0 = L, NW1 = L Network 2: NW0 = R, NW1 = L Network 3: NW0 = L, NW1 = R Network 4: NW0 = R, NW1 = R
NU	Not Used	NW0 NW1 NU NU
<u>H/S</u> LEFT / RIGHT	<u>Settings</u> Hardware / Software	Dipswitches or web server settings
LEDs		
RDY (ON) RDY (Flashing)	Module is ready for operati Connecting or updating	Poody for Firmware OK
RUN (ON)	Internal firmware is OK	operation
SF (ON)	System Failure: diagnostics configuration mismatch	or sp BF
BF (ON)	Bus Failure: not in Data Exchange with master	I/O or config error Exchange
Others		
Head Station firmware Operating temperature Weight	At least version 1.275 0 60 °C 120 g	

35 Technical Data - PROFINET Device PND001 (discontinued as of August 2019)

Technical Data - PROFINET PND001 (101-220110)		
Backplane		
Modules Power supply Current consumption	10 (positioned in the first 10 slots) Provided through the backplane ± 350 mA typical (Max. 625 mA At this current consumption the module is switched OFF from backplane. Occurs when module is faulty, e.g. internal short circuit.	
Compatible backplane units Compatible partner/gateway modules	101-200011, 101-200012, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101-200027 101-220210, 101-220110, 101-210210, 101-210110, 101-210010	
PROFINET specifications		
PROFINET conformance class Supported protocols	B RT_CLASS_1, RTA, UDP, DCP, ARP, LLDP, SNMP (MIB II)	
Switch propagation time	To be defined	
Cycle times	1 ms - 1128 input or output bytes 2 ms - 129256 input or output bytes 4 ms - 257512 input or output bytes 8 ms - 5131024 input or output bytes	
PROFINET IO cyclic process image	 1024 input bytes, provider (IOPS) and consumer (IOCS) data qualifiers bytes included. PND-001 module 4 bytes IOPS Each input module 1 byte IOPS Each output module 1 byte IOCS 	
Transferrable bytes to proxies (inputs and outputs)	 1024 output bytes, provider (IOPS) and consumer (IOCS) data qualifiers bytes included. PND-001 module 4 bytes IOCS Each output module 1 byte IOPS Each input module 1 byte IOCS 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 64, 96, 128, 160, 192, 204 	
PROFINET cable and connector specifications		
Technology standards	100BaseTX, 10BaseT	
Transmission speed detection	Auto detect, Auto cross-over, Auto polarity	
Cable length	Max. 100 m	
Connectors	RJ-45	

Technical Data - PROFINET PND001 (101-220110)		
	90 Degree connector for port 1 is not recommended.Shielded connectors are recommended.	
PROFINET Device Name		
Rotary switch (the use of setting position 19 overrides the stored device name).	0 = Stored device name (set by software - DCP protocol) 1 = "ComBricks-1" 9 = "ComBricks-9"	
Maximum device name length	63 characters separated by (.) or (-) and a total length of max 240 characters	
LEDs		
RDY (OFF) RDY (blinking at 0.3Hz) RDY (blinking at 1Hz) RDY (ON) RUN (ON)	Module is not powered or module is faulty. Module is receiving new firmware from the Head Station. Do not remove module or power down the Head Station. Module is communicating with the Head Station. The communication with the Head Station is established. Application is running	
SF (ON) BF (OFF) BF (blinking at 0.5 Hz) BF (ON)	PROFINET configuration mismatch or system error Device is in PROFINET Data Exchange. No Data Exchange, but physical link established. No physical link.	
Certification, Approvals and Identificati	on	
Approvals PROFINET certification number	 PNO PROFINET certificate (GSDML 2.25) CE Emission acc. to EN 55022 (2006) + A1 (2007) class A CE Immunity acc. to EN 55024 (1998) + A1 (2001) + A2 (2003) level 10V/m 10Vrms FCC Emission 47 CFR 15 class A ZZ10500 	
GSD filename GSD bitmap filename	GSDML-V2.25-PROCENTEC-ComBricks PND_001-20120831.xml GSDML-4000-0001-PND001.bmp	
Manufacturer / Product Ident Number	0x4000 hex - 0x0001 hex	
Others		
Head Station firmware Operating temperature Weight	Version 1.264 or higher 0 60 °C 111 g	

36 Technical Data - 6A Power Module T1 (101-230010)

Technical Data - 6A Power Module Type 1 (101-230010)				
Dimensions and weight				
Dimensions L x W x H	133 x 25 x 103 mm (including backplane per module, excluding plug-able connectors)			
Weight	120 g (excluding plug-able connectors, backplane and packing material)			
Mounting DIN-rail type	35mm × 7,5mm (EN 50022, BS 5584, DIN 46277-3)			
Ambient conditions				
Ambient operating temperature range	-20° +60° Celsius (for mounting position see manual) -4° 158° Fahrenheit			
Isolating class	IP 20 (IEC/EN 60529, DIN 40050)			
Power supply				
Power supply operating voltage range	12 to 24 VDC (tolerance range 6 to 32 VDC)			
Typical Current consumption	60 mA at 5.72 VDC (backplane powered)			
Power dissipation	Max. 0.34 W at 5.72 (backplane powered)			
Reverse polarity protection Redundant power supply	Yes Yes (with second PWR-6A module)			
Wire diameter	< 2.5 mm ²			
	 Installation notes: The device shall be supplied from an isolating transformer having a secondary Listed fuse rated either: Maximum 5 amps for voltages 12 to 20 V, or Maximum 4 amps for voltages 21 to 24 V, or is supplied by a Class 2 power supply, or equivalent. 			
Backplane				
Module position	32 (all slots)			
Current available on backplane	6A (including own current consumption typically 130 mA)			
Compatible backplane units	101-200011, 101-200022, 101-200023, 101-200024, 101-200027			

Technical Data - 6A Power Module Type 1 (101-230010)				
Installation notes When using the Power Module, remove power from the Head Station. If power redundancy is required, use two Power Modules. When moving the Power Module to a different slot: remove power before taking out the module.				
Connector Lay-out				
Power supply	Plug-able screw connector, pitch 5,08 mm Pin 1: - (0 V) Pin 2: + (24 VDC) Pin 3: SH (Shield)			
	SH connected internally to Div-rail with spring-loaded contact.			
LEDs				
ERR ON ERR + RUN OFF	Input voltage too low, or maximum current No power supply connected			
Others				
Head Station firmware MTBF	V1.265 and later 3082529 hours, at 30° Celsius, IEC TR 62380			
Standard and approvals				
CE	EMC Directive 2014/30/EU, class A Digital Device RoHs Directive 2011/65/EU			
FCC	47 CFR 15, Unintentional Radiator, class A Digital Device.			
UL	Report reference: E468970			
	Standards for safety: UL 508 - Industrial Control Equipment CSA C22.2 No. 142-M1987 - Industrial Control Equipment			

37 Frequently asked questions / FAQ

General

Are the Kits in the product list really required?

NO, the Kits are just an easy step into the ComBricks world, because they contain all required components. You can also order all items separately; Head Station, repeater modules, I/O modules, etc. Kits are also cheaper than separate items.

Backplane

How many modules can I insert in the backplane?

ComBricks can handle 32 modules, but high speed modules can only be inserted in the first 10 sockets (repeater and fiber optic modules). If you only have 5 high speed modules, the rest of the sockets can be completed with regular modules (I/O modules).

What is the "Backplane Network"?

These are the 4 internal networks on the backplane that repeater modules utilize to transfer PROFIBUS messages transparently to other inserted repeater modules who are locked to the same network number. Each network can have its own masters, slaves and baudrate. They are completely isolated. http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P3_gSC1pJO4

When I buy a module, is a backplane socket provided?

YES, with every module a backplane socket is provided. If you require more sockets because of spare parts, an additional set can be purchased.

Installation

What is the default IP address after purchase or reset?

The default IP address is; **192.168.1.254**. This can be customized through the web server of the Head Station or the ComBricks Discovery Tool.

PROFIBUS PA Coupler Module

How can I make the PA Coupler Module transparent for 500 kbps?

You have to update the busparameters in the master. Keep in mind that some configuration tools cannot handle the large Tslot values.

I cannot make my PA module working. What are the steps to take?

- Head Station type 1C (for the monitoring).
- At least 1 module with a DP master (RS-485 or Fiber Optic) or CommDTM class 2 master through the Head Station.
- At least 1 PA module.
- All involved modules on the same network number.
- After changing the network number, reset the ComBricks.
- Power the PA module (check the respective LED).
- If it is a floating power supply without ground (regular adapter), it is recommended to short the "-" and GND on the power supply connector of the PA module.
- Proper termination at the other end of the PA segment.
- In some cases the PA cable should also be more than 1 meter (same as RS-485).
- Verify "your" calculation of DC current with the current consumption stated in the web server (status screen).

- Verify the PA power supply voltage.
- Correct addresses of your PA devices.
- Adjust the busparameters in the master to the specific baudrate (see paragraph 12.4.1).
- Check the master in the Live List.
- Check the devices in the Live List.
- Check the PA oscilloscope signals

ProfiTrace

Do you need a constant PC connection to monitor the network?

NO, This is a great feature for permanent monitoring. ComBricks contains a kernel and web server that works independently directly after power-up. Updates of the Live List, Statistics, Logging, Emailing, etc. are all carried out on its own initiative and can always be viewed.

Do I need to install/buy monitoring software?

NO, ComBricks is based on a web server. For the basic operation you only need a web browser. But if you are used to the ProfiTrace 2 software, you can stream data over Ethernet and keep working in your original software environment.

What is the difference between ProfiTrace OE and regular ProfiTrace?

OE stands for "Over Ethernet". It is the ProfiTrace core in ComBricks which visualizes all the information in a web server. The biggest difference is that ProfiTrace OE is permanently monitoring the installation and it does not require a constant PC connection.

Where does it save monitoring data, logs and settings?

The Head Station contains a uSD card on which all information is stored. By means of the web server or FTP the user can inspect and download the information. He can of course also take out the SD card and insert it in a PC.

What is 'live data streaming' with ProfiTrace 2?

Head Stations 1B and 1C have an integrated ProfiTrace that can be accessed with a web browser. The integrated ProfiTrace has some graphical and functional limitations compared to the powerful ProfiTrace 2 software. Live data streaming is a function within ProfiTrace that makes a connection with ComBricks over Ethernet and acts as if it works with a ProfiCore. The user can now use all the functionality of ProfiTrace 2 with the protocol data of 2 or 4 networks that ComBricks is capturing (Live List, statistics, message recording, triggering, searching, etc).

We already have repeaters installed. How can we take advantage of ComBricks without disturbing the existing network?

You can connect 1 channel of a ComBricks repeater module as a regular bus participant. Like a ProfiCore and ignoring the repeater functionality. Once a repeater channel is in contact with the cable/communication, ProfiTrace monitors telegrams.

How many files does the automatic message recording triggering save?

The automatic triggering saves 1000 files per network. Each file has its own name. When a new trigger takes place after 1000 files have already been saved, the oldest file is replaced by the new one (ring recording).

Repeater modules

Are the ComBricks repeaters suitable for PROFIsafe networks?

YES, especially in combination with the repeater redundancy makes ComBricks a perfect infrastructure component for PROFIBUS safety networks. Remote maintenance with ProfiTrace OE only makes it better.

Can ComBricks be used in MPI networks?

YES, MPI is using PROFIBUS FDL telegrams with its own user data implementation. Every ComBricks repeater and fiber optic coupler can interpret and forward MPI telegrams. Also the cabling rules are the same for MPI.

How are repeater modules powered?

All power is distributed over the backplane by the Head Station. The power to the Head Station is provided by 24V power connectors (redundant option).

How can I remotely deactivate a repeater module during operation?

Officially there is no shutdown function. What you can do is set the repeater network number by software (web server) instead of dipswitches. When you want to shut it down, change the assigned network number to a number that is not used. This will cause the repeater to be isolated from the rest.

With a Head Stations 1B (ProfiTrace for 2 networks) can I still wire 4 networks divided over 10 repeater modules?

YES, ProfiTrace OE on a 1B Head Station will monitor network 1 and 2. There is no link with the repeater modules which can be set to network 1, 2, 3 and 4.

I have changed the dipswitches on the repeater modules. How can I actualize them in the system without removing the power on the Head Station?

You can soft start the system with the nav button on the Head Station or in the Device Management menu of the web server. It is also possible to remove and insert the respective module.

When a slot contains a 1 channel repeater module can I hot swap it with a 2 channel repeater module?

YES, every time a module is inserted it is configured without looking at the past.

Is a 2 channel repeater module the same as a regular repeater?

YES and NO, Of course you have 2 RS-485 sides like a regular repeater, but there is a 3rd channel going to the backplane to link up with the other inserted repeater modules. This means a 2 channel repeater module can also be compared with a 3 channel repeater, but the 3rd channel is not RS-485. Additional to this; the RS-485 channels can also be assigned to networks. Then it cannot be compared at all with a regular repeater.

Is there an overview available how to connect the PROFIBUS cable with the repeater modules and when to switch on the on-board termination?

This image illustrates the 4 configurations that we support:

In configuration A and C the cable starts at the repeater module. In configuration B and D the repeater module is in the middle of the cable.

Only in configuration A the on-board termination should be set to ON. With the other configurations the repeater module is in the middle of the segment or the termination is activated on the DB9 plug.

38 Products and spare parts

Component	Order code	Remarks
Eco Monitoring Kit	101-200QBR	 Head Station type 1B 1CH repeater Fixed backplane unit
Standard Monitoring Kit	101-200QBS	 Head Station type 1B Scope repeater Fixed backplane unit
Advanced Monitoring Kit	101-200Q4CS	 Head Station type 1C 4pcs Scope repeater Fixed backplane unit
Fiber Optic Kit	101-200QQAFR	 Head Station type 1A 1CH repeater 2CH FO coupler Fixed backplane unit
Fiber Optic Ring Monitoring Kit – Multimode	101-200QBMS	 Head Station type 1B Scope repeater FO Ring – MM module Fixed backplane unit
Fiber Optic Ring Monitoring Kit – Single mode	101-200QBUS	 Head Station type 1B Scope repeater FO Ring – SM module Fixed backplane unit
Fiber Optic Ring Monitoring Kit – Combination mode	101-200QBCS	 Head Station type 1B Scope repeater FO Ring – XM module Fixed backplane unit
RS-485-IS Monitoring Kit	101-200QBX	 Head Station type 1B RS-485-IS module Fixed backplane unit
RS-485-IS Repeater Monitoring Kit	101-200QBXR	 Head Station type 1B 1CH repeater RS-485-IS module Fixed backplane unit
PA Monitoring Kit	101-200QBP	 Head Station type 1B PA coupler module Fixed backplane unit

Component	Order code	Remarks
PA Coupler Monitoring Kit	101-200QBPR	 Head Station type 1B 1CH repeater PA coupler module Fixed backplane unit
Head Station Type 1C	101-20011C	 ProfiTrace OE on 4 networks 1 GB SD card Ethernet port Redundant power supply Drives 32 modules CommDTM Backplane unit Streaming in ProfiTrace 2 OPC in ProfiTrace 2
Head Station Type 1B	101-20011B	 ProfiTrace OE on 1 network 1 GB SD card Ethernet port Redundant power supply Drives 32 modules Backplane unit included Streaming in ProfiTrace 2 OPC in ProfiTrace 2
Head Station Type 1A	101-20011A	 Basic web server 1 GB SD card Ethernet port Redundant power supply Drives 32 modules Backplane unit included NO ProfiTrace OE
SCOPE Repeater	101-201210	 1 RS-485 channel repeater with oscilloscope Same specs as regular 1 channel repeater 192 MS/s sample rate 50 mV resolution -6.4366.436 V Backplane unit included
2 Channel Repeater	101-201102	 2 RS-485 channels 12 Mbps 31 devices per channel Screw terminals DB9 connector Redundancy Termination Backplane unit included
Component	Order code	Remarks
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1 Channel Repeater	101-201101	 1 RS-485 channel 12 Mbps 31 devices per channel Screw terminals DB9 connector Redundancy Termination Backplane unit included
2 Channel Fiber Optic Module	101-201510	 2 fiberoptic channels 3 km cable length 2 x 2 ST connectors Redundancy Backplane unit included
Fiber Optic Ring (Multimode)	101-201530	 2 fiberoptic channels 5 km cable length 2 x 2 ST connectors Ring Redundancy Backplane unit included
Fiber Optic Ring (Single mode)	101-201531	 2 fiberoptic channels 30 km cable length 2 x 2 ST connectors Ring Redundancy Backplane unit included
Fiber Optic Ring (Combi mode)	101-201532	 2 fiberoptic channels: one MM and one SM 5 and 30 km cable length 2 x 2 ST connectors Ring Redundancy Backplane unit included
PA Link/Coupler Module	101-201610	 transparent up to 1.5 mbit trunk voltage up to 27 V trunk current 500 mA auto termination (in coupler mode) Backplane unit included
SALT Repeater Module	101-201710	 Adjustable termination: 94940 Ohm Adjustable idle voltage: 05 V Same specs as regular Scope Repeater Backplane unit included

Component	Order code	Remarks
RS-485-IS Barrier Module	101-201410	 1 RS-485-IS channel repeater with oscilloscope Suitable for Zone II (2) G [Ex ia Gb] IIC 192 MS/s sample rate Backplane unit included
PROFINET Device Module PND-001	101-220110	 Couples up to 10 networks (PB/PN) Conformance class B RT_CLASS_1 Backplane unit included
PROFIBUS Slave Module PBS-001	101-220210	 Couples up to 10 networks (PB/PN) Remote I/O, digital and relay contacts Auto baudrate detect Backplane unit included
4 Channel Relay Module	101-210210	5 A - 230 VACBackplane unit included
8 Channel Digital Out	101-210110	0.5 A - 24 VDCBackplane unit included
8 Channel Digital In	101-210010	332 VDCBackplane unit included
Power Module	101-230010	 Provides 6 A to the backplane Backplane unit included
Fixed Backplane 7 Modules	101-200027	 Fits: 1 Head Station and 6 regular modules Extendible with standard backplane units Improved durability
Fixed Backplane 4 Modules	101-200024	 Fits: 1 Head Station and 3 regular modules Extendible with standard backplane units Improved durability
Fixed Backplane 3 Modules	101-200023	 Fits: 1 Head Station and 2 regular modules Extendible with standard backplane units Improved durability

Component	Order code	Remarks
Fixed Backplane 2 Modules	101-200012	 Fits: 1 Head Station and 1 regular module Extendible with standard backplane units Improved durability
Backplane Units 5-pack	101-200011	 Pack of 5 pieces Suitable for all regular modules NOT for Head Stations

39 Glossary

Address	Unique number of a device connected to the network. With PROFIBUS this can be 0 to 126. 127 is a broadcast address.
Analyzer	Software tool to observe the protocol traffic. Combi-Analyzers can also inspect the signal quality. Other term: Bus Monitor. Example: ProfiTrace.
Bit Time (TBit)	To help simplify timing calculations, it is convenient to normalize the time units. One Bit Time is the time it takes to transmit one bit and is the reciprocal of the baudrate and is calculated as follows; TBit = 1 (bit) / baudrate (bps). Examples: 12 Mbps> TBit = 83 ns 1,5 Mbps> TBit = 667 ns
C	Capacitance.
Class 1 master	A class 1 master is normally a PLC or DCS system. The class 1 master handles the cyclical Data Exchange with the slaves assigned to it.
Class 2 master	A class 2 master is usually a laptop or programming console that is provided for commissioning, maintenance or diagnostic purposes.
Data Exchange	The state of a slave after parameterization and configuration has been completed, in which it cyclically exchanges I/O data with the master. Normally the slave stays forever in Data Exchange until the bus communication or device are stopped.
DGND	Digital Ground.
DIN	German Institute for Standardization (www.din.de).
DNS	Domain Name Service When ComBricks is sending an e-mail, it uses a DNS server to look up the domain name it is trying to access and convert it to an IP address. ComBricks uses a default DNS server, but if your email server does not support this one, you can enter an alternative DNS server.
DP-V0	 DP-V0 is the basic stage of the PROFIBUS DP communication protocol. DP-V0 devices (master and slaves) perform the following basic functionalities: Cyclic exchange of I/O data between controlling and slave devices Device, Identifier (module) and Channel related Diagnosis Parameterization of DP-slaves Configuration of DP-slaves

DP-V1	 DP-V1 is the first extension of PROFIBUS DP-V0. DP-V1 devices comply with the following features: Device related diagnosis is replaced by status and alarms. The first three octets of the user parameterization data are standardized. Optionally these devices may support: Acyclic communication (MS1, MS2). If alarms are used, MS1 is supported.
DP-V2	 DP-V2 is the second stage of extension of PROFIBUS DP after DP-V1. DP-V2 devices shall comply with the following features: Data Exchange Broadcast (DxB) for slave to slave communication (publisher/subscriber principle). Isochronous Mode (time tick synchronized operating slaves, e.g. drives) Up- and/or download of Load Region Data (domains) Clock Control (synchronization within slaves) and Time Stamping Redundancy.
Drop cable	See Spur line.
Electromagnetic Compatibility	See EMC.
EMC	The extent to which an electric or electronic device will tolerate electrical interference from other equipment (immunity), and will interfere with other equipment. Within the European Community as well as in other countries it is regulated by law that electric and electronic components and equipment comply with basic standards such as IEC 61000-6-2 or IEC 61326 or corresponding individual product standards.
FDL	Fieldbus Datalink Layer. Layer 2 of PROFIBUS.
Flashing	Function in the Discovery Tool that will blink the LEDs of a selected ComBricks. Flashing is a support feature that gives the user a visual confirmation about the installed location of the ComBricks.
FTP	File Transfer Protocol Allows a user to transfer files between two computers. The FTP client program runs on one computer and a server program on the other. FTP is primarily for transferring files but can be used to perform other functions: creating directories, removing directories, listing files, etc. It is TCP based.
GSD file	Generic Station Description. It is provided by the device manufacturer and contains a description of the PROFIBUS DP/PA device. GSD files provide a way for an open configuration tool to automatically get the device characteristics.
Head Station	The Head Station is the primary element of ComBricks and has to be inserted in the most left slot of the fixed backplane socket. It schedules the interaction between all modules and provides data storage and an Ethernet interface for the user.

HSA	Highest Station Address The highest address to which the master will look for new masters. This is done with the FDL Status message. It has nothing to do with the configured slaves! Default value is 126, but the end user can decrease it to a lower value. We recommend leaving it on 126 in order to display not configured slaves in the Live List. This value does not influence the I/O cycle time of the network.
Hub	A Hub refreshes a signal and passes the information on to all nodes which are connected to the Hub. Data frames which were received on one port are transferred to all the other ports (chicken foot topology).
ldent Number	 The primary slave device identification is an Ident Number. This is a unique 16 bits number assigned by the PNO. It is stored within the device and defined in the corresponding GSD file. In addition it is part of the GSD file name. At runtime the Ident Number is used within the; Set slave address procedure Parameterization telegram (byte 5 + 6) Standard part of a diagnosis message (byte 5 + 6) The Ident Number can be retrieved from a device. Its main purpose is to make sure that a GSD file and configuration/parameterization data between master class 1 and its slave are matching.
LED	Light Emitting Diode Indicators on devices to inform he user of its status.
Live List	The Live List is a matrix that lists all the available devices. It is directly visible which devices are 'troublemakers'. With different background colours the status of the devices is displayed. The Live List can also generate the product name of the devices when a diagnostic message is captured (synchronized with the GSD library).
Module	A card that can be inserted in the backplane of ComBricks. Examples of modules: repeaters, DP slaves or I/O cards.
MPI	Multiple Protocol Interface. Protocol defined by Siemens which uses the layer 1 and 2 of PROFIBUS (FDL).
OE	See ProfiTrace OE.
ΡΑ	See PROFIBUS PA.
PB	PROFIBUS.

PROFIBUS DP	 Acronym for "PROFIBUS for Decentralized Peripherals". Specification of an open fieldbus system with the following characteristics: Polling master-slave-system (cyclic communications, MSO) Flying masters with robin round token passing coordination (MM) Connection based (MS1) and connectionless (MS2, MS3) acyclic communication between masters and slaves Options (e.g.): Data exchange broadcast (DXB), i.e. slave to slaves communication Isochronous mode of slaves Clock synchronization Redundancy PROFIBUS DP is standardized within IEC 61158 and IEC 61784, communication profile families 3/1 and 3/2 The term "PROFIBUS DP" also is a synonym for the RS485 based deployments within factory automation.
PROFIBUS PA	Acronym for "PROFIBUS for Process Automation". This is an application profile based on PROFIBUS DP independent from the physical profiles (RS485, Fiber Optics, MBP). The requirements of continuous manufacturing are covered within the application profile "PA-Devices" and the extension MBP to the physical profiles.
ProfiTrace OE	ProfiTrace Over Ethernet. A ProfiTrace core which has been implemented in ComBricks that permanently monitors the installation through the repeaters and visualizes the information in a web server.
Reflection	Part of the original signal that is transmitted back along the cable. It corrupts the original signal.
Repeater	Active physical layer device that receives and retransmits all signals over a different port to increase the distance and number of devices for which signals can be correctly transferred for a given medium.
SD card	Secure Digital (SD) is a non-volatile memory card format developed by the SD Card Association for use in portable devices, like: cameras, phones and game players. The SDHC (High-Capacity) card family has a capacity of 4 GB to 32 GB.
Spur line	A cable attached to a bus segment with a T-connection . Spurs are not recommended with PROFIBUS DP. They are prohibited with 12 Mbps and PROFIsafe operations. German term is "Stichleitung".
Stub line	See Spur line.
TBit	See Bit Time.
TELNET	TELetype NETwork Is a network protocol used to make raw-TCP sessions (terminal-like access). Basically keyboard commands typed by a remote user can cross the network and become input for the server. On many operating systems the TELNET client program is available to communicate without specialized client software. It was developed in 1969.

TerminationA (powered) resistor network at both ends of a segment to prevent reflections
(with PROFIBUS DP the termination has to be powered).TopologyIn a communications network, the pattern of interconnection between network
nodes; e.g. bus, ring, star configuration.

40 Revision history

Version 6.5.5

- Updated paragraphs 4.3, 5.3 and 5.4 with remarks of new version differences
- Added warning in paragraph 6.3.1
- Added laser warning in chapter 10

Version 6.5.6

- Marked discontinuation of products
- Updated table of contents
- Updated distributor contact list

41 Other PROCENTEC products

Compact PROFIBUS Repeater

- Single channel PROFIBUS repeater
- Transparent
- Increased signal strength
- 12 Mbps
- Auto baudrate detection
- Redundant power supply
- Digital glitch filtering
- No limit in cascading
- Integrated switchable termination
- Diagnostic LEDs
- DB9 connector for measurements
- IP 20 with DIN-rail mounting

www.procentec.com/profihub/b1/en



ProfiHub B5+R

- 6 galvanicly isolated channels
- Diagnostics information easy to view via software
- Built-in PROFIBUS DP slave for transferring diagnostic data
- Configurable grounding system
- Redundant power supply
- Bus redundancy option
- Star, tree and bus structured networks
- Alarm contact
- Monitoring port per channel
- IP20
- Certifications: UL Listed, DNV, FCC, CE

www.procentec.com/products/profihub



ProfiHub A5

- 5 Isolated channels
- Transparent
- Increased signal strength
- 31 devices per channel
- 12 Mbps
- 1200 m spur line length
- No address required
- Integrated switchable termination
- IP 65 classification

www.procentec.com/profihub



43 Certificates



ertificate of Compliance

This certificate is issued under the conditions as described in the test report as mentioned below

Certificate number: 10C01037CRT02

COMbricks

COMbricks head station: SN203, COMbricks 2Ch Repeater: SN101

Procentec Turfschipper 41 2292 JC WATERINGEN The Netherlands

Procentec Turfschipper 41 2292 JC WATERINGEN The Netherlands

Mr. M. de Brabander

Manufacturer

2010 November, 4,5

10C01037RPT02

Emission: 47 CFR 15, class A

D. van der Vlugt Director

Woerden, 2011 March, 15

¹ Has been found in compliance with the harmonised standards under the EMC directive 2004/108/EC.

Product name: Model number: Serial number: (Product identification)

Manufacturer:

Measurements carried out on behalf of:

Applicant's representative:

In the capacity of:

Date of measurement:

The measurement results are laid down in report:

The product has been examined according to ¹ :

Ijkstra dviest, esearch & MC Consultancy B.V. Vijzelmolenlani 7 - NL-3447 GX Woerden The Netherlands Tel +31 (0)348 430 579 Fax: +31 (0)348 430 645 Internet: www.dare.nl E-mail: integrature.nl

The Standard for EMC- & Radio, Automotive and Electrical Safety

Consultancy



Certificate

PROFIBUS Nutzerorganisation e.V. grants to

PROCENTEC Turfschipper 41, 2292JC Wateringen, The Netherlands

the Certificate No: Z01776 for the PROFIBUS Device:

Model Name:	PBS_001
Revision:	V2.1; SW/FW: Version 2.1; HW: Version 1.3
GSD:	PROC696F.GSD, File Version: 18-07-2013

This certificate confirms that the product has successfully passed the certification tests with the following scope:

J	DP-V0	MSO, Sync, Freeze, Fail_Safe, Set_Slave_Add
I	Physical Layer	R5485

Test Report Number: Authorized Test Laboratory: PCN174-DPS-02 PROCENTEC, Wateringen, The Netherlands

The tests were executed in accordance with the following documents: "Test Specifications for PROFIBUS DP Slaves, Version 3.09, September 2008".

This certificate is granted according to the document:

"Framework for testing and certification of PROFIBUS and PROFINET products".

For all products that are placed in circulation by August 20, 2016 the certificate is valid for life.

(Official in Charge)

Board of PROFIBUS Nutzerorganisation e. V.

(Karsten Schneider)

(K.-P. Lindner)



Certificate

PROFIBUS Nutzerorganisation e.V. grants to

PROCENTEC Turfschipper 41, 2292JC Wateringen, The Netherlands

the Certificate No: **Z10500** for the PROFINET IO Device:

Model Name:	PND-001
Revision:	V1.0.0; SW/FW: V1.1.0; HW: 1
Identnumber:	0x4000; 0x0001
GSD:	GSDML-V2.25-PROCENTEC-COMbricks PND_001-20120831.xml
DAP:	DIM 1- DIM 10, Module ID 0x0001F900 - 909 together
	with PND-001, Module ID 0x00010500

This certificate confirms that the product has successfully passed the certification tests with the following PROFINET scope:

J	Hardware	Auto_Negotiation, Auto_Polarity, Auto_Crossover
J	Conformance Class B	RT_CLASS_1, RTA, LLDP, SNMP, MIB-II, LLDP-MIB

Test Report Number: PN19 Authorized Test Laboratory: SIEM

PN194-1 SIEMENS AG, Fürth, Germany

The tests were executed in accordance with the following documents: "Test Specifications for PROFINET IO devices, Version 2.2.4 from December 2010" and "Test Cases for PN-Tester for PROFINET IO devices, Version 2.2.4.16.21".

This certificate is granted according to the document:

"Framework for testing and certification of PROFIBUS and PROFINET products".

For all products that are placed in circulation by September 06, 2015 the certificate is valid for life.

(Official in Charge)



Board of PROFIBUS Nutzerorganisation e. V.

(Karsten Schneider)

(K.-P. Lindner)

44 About PROCENTEC

PROCENTEC are an independent Dutch company that supply products, training and consultancy to the Industrial Automation Market. Of primary focus is the development and manufacturing of automation products for PROFIBUS, PROFINET and Industrial Ethernet.

Some of our products are the most recognized solutions on the Market today. **ProfiTrace**, our mobile troubleshooting and maintenance tool has established itself as one of the most pioneering, yet essential tools available to engineers. In contrast our robust **ProfiHub** has, over the last decade, established itself as the go-to solution for ensuring a reliable network infrastructure. The combination of these products within our **ComBricks** solution has seen PPROCENTEC become the primary manufacturer of network components with the integrated capability for remote monitoring and remote asset-management.

Our training facility, the **PROCENTEC Academy**, has certified over 4000 engineers to implement and maintain their PROFIBUS and PROFINET networks to the highest standards available.

The PROCENTEC **Competence Centre** has established itself as the leading consultancy on PROFIBUS and PROFINET projects worldwide, advising on architecture, engineering, training and commissioning. Once a network is commissioned, we have experts available 24/7 to answer questions with maintenance or help troubleshooting a problem.

Products

- Atlas and Mercury
- EtherTAP and EtherMIRROR
- ProfiHub
- ProfiTrace
- ComBricks
- VPGate
- PROFINET tools
- Cables & Connectors

Services

- On-site & Online Support
- Network Audit
- Network Certification
- Consultancy
- Testlab & Democenter
- Competence Center

Training

- PROFIBUS training courses
- PROFINET training courses
- Product training courses